THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 18, NUMBER 21. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1899. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

10c. SALE!

AT

CALE'S STORE

No. 6, Front Street.

MONDAY AFTERNOON,

MAY 8th, '99,

From 1 o'clock p. m. Till 5 o'clock p. m.

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Only 10cts.

is all you will need. See our window, which will only have a few of the articles, which we are going to sell for TEN CENTS, MONDAY, May 8th, 1899, from 1 o'clock to 5 o'clock p. m.

SPECIAL SALES

Are For CASH ONLY.

L. J. CALE

Cale Block, Front Street.

CRESCENT, MONARCH, STEARNS,

We Give You Entire Satisfaction ....

The Best Wheels For

Will Give You a Trade On That Old Wheel ...

BRAINERD BICYCLE BUYERS.

Wheels furnished with the DUNLOP DETACHABLE TIRE give riders the least trouble.

We Repair Breaks on Short Order.

F. H. GRUENHAGEN, - Laurel St.

HOME MADE CANDIES

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C. J. AUSTIN,

An Experienced and Practical Confectioner and Candy Maker, has established a Candy Factory in the basement of Abbott & Wilkin's store, where the Finest Candies the heart could wish are manufactured. When you purchase Candy from the retail dealer, insist on having

Austin's Fine Confections,

As they are not only Fresh, but the Best and Purest Made. Be sure and ask for Austin's Home Made Candies.

House Wife's Trouble



Is House Cleaning. We aim to help and save them the greatest trouble, that of cleaning lace curtains and carpets. Charges right. Plain lace curtains, 25 cents a pair. Goods called for or delivered to any part of the City .....

I. EDSTROM, - No. 6, Laurel St.

City Buys a New Dynamo.

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James R. Kinler has been appointed postmaster at Pine River, Cass county, vice Edward Coyle resigned.

Elmer E. Adams, of the Fergus Falls Journal, has been recommended for census supervisor of the 7th district.

The 200 pounds of sugar beet seed received by Auditor Mahlum from the state has all been given out and much more of it could have been used to advantage.

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Oats For Sale.

White Russian or New Zealand for seed. A. L. HOFFMAN.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank our friends who so kindly lent their aid and sympathy during the illness and death of our daughter, and to extend our thanks to the members of the Peoples church in East Brainerd. Their kindness will never be forgotten.

MR. AND MRS. JAMES THOMAS.

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We desire to extend our sincere thanks to all of our neighbors and friends who so kindly and cheerfully assisted us during the sickness of our dear husband and father, and to the soldiers of Pap Thomas Post and Co. L for their assistance at the funeral services. You will have our kindest regards as long as we live for your kindness and sympathy.

MRS. D. M. ROBINSON AND FAMILY.

Card of Thanks.

To our friends who so kindly came to our assistance in our late bereavement we wish to acknowledge our gratitude, especially to Mrs. French, Mr. Wayt, Mr. Stearns and families.

MRS. ALICE CANNON AND FAMILY.
C. B. BRAFORD.

Great May Sale

OF

Dry Goods, Clothing and Shoes.

This Store

Is in a position now to save you money on all your purchases. WHAT DO YOU CARE how we can do it? If anyone offers you a $20 gold piece for $10 you would never stop to think how he could do it. The fact remains, and the opportunity is yours.

Men's and Boy's Clothing.

Lot Men's Good Brown Check Suits, would be a bargain at $5, we make price for this month only, per suit.....	$2.50
Lot Men's Good Wool Suits, all colors, worth up to $7.50, price for this month only, per suit.....	$3.95
50 Men's Fine All Wool Suits, a better suit than you have ever seen at $10, price for this month only, per suit ...	$7.50
Lot Men's Finest All Wool Suits, the nobbiest and best goods ever shown in Brainerd, all silk sewed, every suit worth $18, price this month.....	$12.50
Lot Boy's Good Wool Suits, long pants, from 12 to 19 years, every one a bargain at $5 to $6.50, price this month....	$3.95
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Boy's Knee Pant Suits from.....	50c up
Boy's Fine All Wool Knee Pant Suits, sizes from 4 to 15 years, price this month, only.....	$1.50

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

10 Dozen Men's Outing Flannel Over Shirts, only.....	15c
Lot Men's Soft and Laundried Shirts, all styles, prices up to $1.25, this sale.....	48c
20 Dozen Men's Good Underwear, this sale.....	25c
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Fine line of Shirts Waists from 19 cents to.....	$2.50

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Still arriving, and our two stores are crowded. We make prices that ought to distribute merchandise in every home in Crow Wing and

A. E. MOBERG,

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Double Store, Front Street, - Brainerd, Minnesota.

New Officers.

Ascalon Commandery No. 16, K. T., elected the following officers on Tuesday evening:

Eminent Com.—E. O. Parks.
Generalissimo—T. E. Nitterauer.
Capt. Guard—A. F. Ferris.
Prelate—F. B. Johnson.
S. W.—W. A. M. Johnston.
J. W.—D. K. Fullerton.
Treasurer—G. D. LaBar.
Recorder—E. C. Bane.

The installation will take place on Thursday evening, May 18th.

The state convention of the order of Maccabees will meet in Duluth June 7th.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Bane & Bane, doing a general butchers business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. W. Bane retiring. E. C. Bane will continue the business at the old stand and will pay all outstanding accounts and collect all bills.

E. C. BANE.
W. W. BANE.

Brainerd, Minn., May 1, 1899.

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Capt. Guard—A. F. Ferris.
Prelate—F. B. Johnson.
S. W.—W. A. M. Johnston.
J. W.—D. K. Fullerton.
Treasurer—G. D. LaBar.
Recorder—E. C. Bane.

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E. C. BANE.
W. W. BANE.

Brainerd, Minn., May 1, 1899.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

The profile of a pretty girl is a sort of sideshow attraction.

Even the pessimist can see the bright side of a silver dollar.

To suffer is the lot of all those who press forward, ahead of the world.

Women seldom live to be 100 years old; they linger around 30 too long.

To get the good out of the years we must learn how to live each hour well.

The theater patron who buys a seat in the front row passes around the hat.

Men indulge in lots of beauty sleep, but they haven't much beauty to show for it.

The charities that soothe and heal and bless lie scattered at the feet of men like flowers.

See where a road ends before you take it, and to what an action leads before you begin it.

But few men are brave enough to allow a mind reader to expose their thoughts in the presence of friends.

The beauty that addresess itself to the eye is only the spell of the moment; the eye of the body is not always that of the soul.

If music be the peacemaker it is said to be the sooner Uncle Sam starts a band carnival in the Philippines the better it will be for the Filipinos.

To be suspicious leads to jealousy and envy, and all uncharitableness, breaking friendship, destroying affection, embittering all social relations and rendering life itself an intolerable burden.

The papers tell of a recent exhibition of children, all in fine condition, who have "never tasted of other than vegetable food." We are not told what vegetables they fed upon during the first months of their life, or before they cut their teeth. Sir Henry Thompson has made a humorous comment on the reluctance of vegetarians to admit that milk and other dairy products are forms of animal food.

Capt. Burrows, in his book, "The Land of the Pigmies," says of the Mobanghi, who inhabit the more distant regions of the Congo Free State, that "they are as frank as they are fearless," and tells an amusing story of their frankness. A white man one evening had been trying to explain to the Mobanghi around him a steam engine and steamship. He had drawn pictures on the sand to make clear what he had described, and they had listened, apparently with intense interest. Then he asked if they had understood his explanations and the pictures. "Yes, they thought they had." There was silence for several minutes, which was broken by a voice speaking the thought of the crowd in one word—"Liar!"

Hamlet observed that for three years he had noticed how the toe of the peasant gained upon the heel of the courtier. In at least one recent instance a member of a despised race set the pace in courtesy. Two men driving a handsome pair of horses recently hailed a negro on his way to the governor's office in Richmond. "Come here, Sam," one called, "and hold our horses." "No, I thank you," was his reply as the men offered him a quarter some twenty minutes later; "I held the horses as a favor to you. If you wish, however, to contribute to the Negro's Reformatory Fund, my card will suggest an address." The name it bore was that of John H. Smith, former United States Minister to Liberia, and now president of the Negro's Reformatory.

United States troops, on their way to Manila, were hospitably entertained at Malta. The kindness of the people of the island to strangers is not with them a new virtue. Many centuries ago soldiers of a great power, guarding eminent prisoners, had reason to be grateful for the hospitality there shown. The earlier visit was the sequence of a shipwreck, and the islanders, we are told, "kindled a fire" and received those escaped from the sea with all humaneness. The two receptions, that of the first century given to Paul and his companions, and the recent manifestation of friendliness to Americans, are associated with momentous periods of history. Lying between the two events are doings and undoings without number, but the Malta of old and the Malta of today are one in readiness to welcome and to help. The light of that cheering fire has shone through the centuries, and the recent hospitable greeting will not be forgotten.

The best antidote for depression of spirits generally is work—work which is all absorbing. The poor who drudge for a living seldom develop chronic diseases of the nerves and mind, despite the great hardships to which only too many of them are subjected.

Hetty Green is selling her Chicago property because of "excessive taxation." It is noticeable, however, that she is not permitting her prejudice against this city to influence her in the inauguration of a spring "marked-down sale."

PITH OF THE NEWS

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports — The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

Accidental Happenings.

The jury in the Windsor hotel fire inquest at New York brought in a verdict that the fire was caused by accident. The police still have $10,000 worth of unclaimed jewelry and other valuables recovered from the fire ruins.

Conductor Arvil Crofoot of the Vandalia was killed in the yards at Terre Haute, Ind. He caught his foot so that a car ran over him. He was thirty-six years old, and leaves a family.

Charles E. Williams of the firm of Wood, Williams & Co., furniture dealers, was found dead with a broken neck in a disorderly house at Terre Haute, Ind. The day before Williams drew $1,000 from a bank.

The body of Mrs. Henry Lemper was found in Cedar river, near Waterloo, Iowa, almost in the heart of the city. The woman disappeared about six weeks ago. The body has been in plain sight from a thoroughfare over which hundreds of people pass daily.

From Washington.

The cruiser Marblehead has sailed from San Lucia for Barbados, en route to the Pacific station.

A cabinet member says the question of the disposition of the Philippines will not be considered until the Filipinos submit.

Gen. Wheeler will not be sent to the Philippines, but will be placed in command of the department of Texas, a new department to be organized.

The Seventh and Twenty-fifth regiments have been selected for assignment to the Philippines. The Twenty-fourth, now in the Northwest, will also go, probably.

The national museum at Washington will start two expeditions on the first of May for an ethnological exploration of Mexico. They are in charge of Dr. J. N. Rose and Dr. Walter Hough.

The president has appointed Col. James F. Smith of the First California Volunteer regiment a brigadier general of volunteers. The regiment is now in the Philippines. Gen. Smith will be asigned to one of the brigades of Gen. Otis' army.

At a meeting of the executive committe of the Anti-Imperialistic league it was voted that the Anti-Imperialistic league challenges the publication of the names of persons, committees or societies alleged to have stirred up a mutinous feeling among the troops in the Philippines by correspondence or otherwise except of those relatives and friends of the volunteers who may have expressed a natural solicitude for men compelled by military conditions to serve in an unpopular and unrighteous war.

Criminal Record.

A sensational trial has begun at Breslau, where a man named Herrmann is charged with murdering his three wives and twelve children of his second marriage.

Henry Brunot, who is confined in the Taylorville, Ill., jail for the murder of his aunt, Jane Brunot on April 10, has made a second confession, implicating his mother, Anna Brunot, in the crime. A warrant has been sworn out for Mrs. Brunot's arrest.

The strike that has been in progress at Dudweis, Bohemia, for some time culminated yesterday in rioting and in the collision between the police and rioters. Several persons were wounded.

An Italian boarding house mistress at Kanapolis, Kan., was seriously wounded, and her husband was killed by one of her boarders, who in attempting to escape plunged down a shaft at the salt works and was killed. The boarder was recognized as an escaped triple murderer, who had been tracked from Italy to South America.

Attorney General White of Delaware presented to the Kent county grand jury reecntly information in regard to the attempted bribery of legislators and the tampering with bills before the last legislature. Subsequently the grand jury returned a true bill against Representative Mark T. Davis and two true bills against E. D. C. Hegeman, assistant clerk of the senate.

Personal.

Ex-Gov. Richard J. Oglesby of Illinois is dead.

Michael Hogan, the Irish poet, who visited the United States about 1880, is dead at London.

Byron L. Carr, former attorney general of Colorado, died at Mineral Springs, Tex.

Representative Cannon of Illinois has announced that he was a candidate for speaker of the next house.

Frederick A. Ross, for six years mayor of Terre Haute, Ind., died after a long illness of cancer of the stomach.

Maj. Gen. J. Warren Kiefer has almost completely recovered from a recent attack of fever consequent on his services in Cuba.

A cablegram received from Hamilton, Bermuda, announces the death of ex-Gov. Frederick Smythe of New Hampshire. He was eighty years of age.

Sig. Marconi, the distinguished electrician whose experiments in wireless telegraphy have aroused a world-wide interest, will visit the United States next October.

Marcus Daly, the copper king, says that the copper combinep has not been completed.

Mme. Emma Clave has ordered a tombstone for M. Denis Ruech of Paris. It represents Mme. Clave as Ophelia drawn toward the void by phantoms' voices. It will be exhibited in 1900.

Ex-Congressman John T. Wait died at his home in Norwich, Conn., aged eighty-eight years. Death was due to old age. Mr. Wait was a Republican member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth congresses.

Foreign.

Fights occur in Paris between advocates and opponents of Dreyfus revision.

Indications are that a conflict is brewing between Britain and the Transvaal.

In the Spanish elections the government secured an increased majority in the senate.

The French superior council of war is said to have decided that Dreyfus shall not be liberated.

Great Britain sends more troops to South Africa because of the Boers' warlike preparations.

Dr. Joseph Palmer, in a sermon on Cromwell in London, uses downright cuss words in denouncing the sultan.

Countess Esterhazy, whose husband figures in the Dreyfus case, begins divorce proceedings.

Don Carlos, the pretender, is said to have sent a fresh manifesto to his adherents.

A majority of the municipal council of Berlin has signed a protest to the emperor against his majesty's failure to confirm Chief Mayor Kirscher, who was elected June 23, 1898.

The court of cassation has decided by a large majority not to confront Col. Picquart with Gen. Rget. It has also been decided to make a further examination of Col. Du Paty de Clam, and to investigate the Panizzardi telegram.

Gen. Gomez and the committee of consulting Cuban generals are sending dispatches around the island asking the various commanders to make returns of the number of their men. The delay in making the payment is caused solely by this inability to decide as to a proper division of the $3,000,000.

On the suggestion of the premier of New Zealand, Right Hon. R. J. Seddon, the premier of Victoria, Right Hon. R. J. Turner has cabled a request to the British secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, urging that the British government conserve the interests of the empire in Samoa.

President Zelaya of Nicaragua has granted an option, in force until Jan. 1, 1900, to Charles Nicoll, British consul at Managua, or to any company he may organize, to purchase the railroads and steamboats of Nicaragua, with the workshops appertaining to them, for the sum of 6,500,000 pesos (silver).

According to the Paris Temps a member of the Dreyfus court martial named Freystaetter, in testifying before the court of cassation, declared that it was the evidence given by Lieut. Col. Henry who afterwards confessed that he had forged a letter, which was largely instrumental in preventing a revision of the Dreyfus case, and then cut his throat in prison), which decided the court martial to convict Dreyfus, and that the only document produced in the presence of the prisoner was the bordereau.

Otherwise.

The Third Georgia regiment was mustered out at Camp Mackenzie, Ga.

The First North Carolina was mustered out of the service at Savannah, Ga.

Two new cases of yellow fever were reported at Havana among the natives. Seven railroad mail cars, the first used in Cuba, have been added to the service.

A cablegram received from Vera Cruz by the surgeon general of the Marine hospital service states that eight cases of yellow fever have developed there.

Liabilities aggregating over $106,000 and no assets were scheduled at Chicago in a petition in bankruptcy filed by John C. Anderson, an insurance agent.

Rev. Robert Ryland, probably the oldest Baptist clergyman and educator in the United States, died at Lexington, Ky., aged ninety-four. He was one of the pioneer educators of Virginia.

Ex-Congressman John T. Wait died at his home in Norwich, Conn., at the age of eighty-eight years. Death was due to old age. Mr. Wait was a Republican member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth congresses.

Barron, Boyle & Co., glass dealers, have brought suit in Ohio under the anti-trust law against the Pittsburg Plate Glass company for $50,000 damages, alleging conspiracy and discrimination against glass jobbers.

Negotiations are on foot at Pittsburg for the merging of the National Steel company, capitalized at $59,000,000; the American Tin Plate company, $50,000,000, and the American Steel Hoop company, $33,000,000, into a single stock company.

The Rothschilds and Morgans ridicule the cable reports from New York telling of a $400,000,000 copper trust project, the two firms are said to be underwriting. It has come out, however, that the combination has secured virtually all the American mines except the Calumet.

Ching Ling Foo, the Chinese conjuror, and his troupe, were discharged from the custody of the United States authorities at Chicago, who thereby determined an important point in the attitude of the United States government toward Chinese actors and public performers.

The Standard Metal company, having for its object the control of the output of the United States, manufacture of car journal bearings and bronze and brass specialties generally, has just been formed at Pittsburg by Darr Moore and Bryden, brokers, with a capital of $5,200,000.

Three plants in Cleveland were transferred to the American Shipbuilding Co., the recently organized trust. By the transfer over $1,000,000 worth of property was deeded to the new company. The concerns transferred are the Cleveland Shipbuilding Co.'s plant, Ship Owners' Dry Dock Co. and Globe Iron Works Co.

The situation in the coal mining strike in the western part of Arkansas is becoming serious. At some places small riots have already occurred.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday with the secretary of state at Trenton, N. J., for the Tennessee Copper Company, with an authorized capital of $5,000,000. The company is empowered to mine and work copper and other ore. The incorporators are Charles W. Welsh, Jos. Reichert, Charles M. King, John B. Fisk and R. G. Ingersoll of Jersey City.

THE END IN SIGHT

THE PRESIDENT HOPEFUL OF EARLY PEACE.

He Receives Some Advices From Gen. Otis Which Seem to Give Him a Cheerful View of the Situation—He Thinks Filipinos Cannot Hold Out Much Longer—Filipino Envoys Again Call on Gen. Otis With Propositions—Filipinos Utilize the Truce to Strengthen Their Lines.

Washington, May 4.—President McKinley talked with his cabinet officers before the cabinet meeting yesterday about the prospects of peace in the Philippines. It is believed that some advices from Gen. Otis have been received enlarging upon the propositions which were submitted by the Filipino delegation which have not yet been made public and which give the officials additional information concerning the situation. The president expressed the opinion that the end was in sight, and said he believed that the Filipinos will not hold out much longer. He regards the condition as more hopeful. The fact that negotiations for peace are in progress has stopped all talk of calling out the 35,000 additional volunteers.

Filipinos Try Again.

Manila, May 4. — Maj. Manuel Arguelez and Lieut. Jose Bernal, of the staff of Gen. Antonio Luna, have returned here to renew and press the request of Gen. Luna for a cessation of hostilities. They have found the field of labor a most uncongenial one. The two officers were received in conference by Maj. Gen. Otis. The proposals which they had to submit differed but slightly from those which they brought from the Filipino commander in the first place. They desired a little time in which to summon congress, and expressed themselves as being confident that congress would decree peace because the people desired it. They represented that Aguinaldo was without power to surrender the army, and that the congress must decide the question. The Filipino envoys asserted that Aguinaldo had not yet made a fair test of his strength against the American forces because only one-third of his army had been assembled. The envoys will see Gen. Otis again to-day.

Whether or not Gen. Luna is sincere in his overtures, the negotiations are giving the insurgents a much-needed opportunity to rehabilitate their demoralized forces. The truth is that dissensions among the leaders of the rebels is helping on the disorganization of the Filipino army almost as much as the American campaign.

Maj. Gen. Lawton was engaged in hard fighting early yesterday morning. Telegraph communication was cut off at 9 o'clock. Refugees report that the Filipino army is deserting San Fernando and massing at St. Tomas, where Gen. Luna's headquarters are located, and that strong intrenchments are being constructed at the sides of the railway and on the swamp front, in the best positions possible.

UTILIZING THE TRUCE.

Filipinos Industriously Strengthening Their Lines.

New York, May 4. — A Manila special says: The truce which had extended for several days between the Americans and insurgents came to an end to-day with two aggressive movements by Gen. Hale and Gen. Lawton. Gen. Hale's brigade started east from Calumpit early in the morning, moving along the river toward Gen. Lawton's position. A reconnoitering party sent out by Gen. Lawton discovered several hundred Filipino soldiers north of Balinag moving toward Gen. Luna's division. This would make it appear as if the rebels took advantage of the temporary truce to strengthen their lines. The Filipino forces immediately south of Manila have considerably reinforced their lines also since the beginning of the negotiations. Advices from Aparri, in the northern part of the island, state that the natives of the northern provinces are concerting there to oppose a possible American expedition, which they believe is about to be landed.

FEAR OF THE TAGALS.

Refugees Ask for Arms With Which to Fight Them.

New York, May 4. — Sun's Manila special: Monday a reconnoitering party from Gen. Lawton's army observed several hundred refugees near San Simon, four miles north of Apalit. Many of them were suffering from smallpox and fevers and all were in wretched condition. A large body of soldiers is reported to be marching west from Balinag across the marsh road toward San Simon, seven miles north of Calumpit. more refugees continue to arrive at Calumpit. They express great fear of the Tagals, and ask to be supplied with arms with which to fight them. Col. Arguellas and his fellow commissioner said that the Filipinos desired the same form of government for the Philippines as existed in the South American republics. The Fifty-first Iowa infantry has joined Gen. Hale's brigade, which crossed the Rio Chico at dawn and marched eastward, expecting to connect its cavalry with Gen. Lawton's command to-night.

Kyle Resigns.

Washington, May 4. — Senator Kyle of South Dakota has tendered his resignation as chairman of the industrial commission. This action was taken on account of the senator's ill health. He will continue, however, to serve as a member of the commission.

Stricken With Apoplexy.

Napoleon, Ohio, May 4.—Ex-Gov. E. R. Scott of South Carolina was stricken with apoplexy at his residence in this city. His condition is believed to be serious.

FRED FUNSTON PROMOTED.

He Is Made a Brigadier General by the President.

Washington, May 4.—The president has appointed Col. Frederick Funston, of the Twentieth Kansas, a brigadier general of volunteers. This appointment was recommended by Maj. Gen. MacArthur and supplemented very strongly by Gen. Otis in a cable dispatch received yesterday. Gen. MacArthur said that the services of Col. Funston during the campaign, and especially in the crossing of the Rio Grande river, deserved recognition, such as his promotion to be a brigadier general; also, that, as a leader of troops, Col. Funston was especially valuable. The president recognizes the services of Col. Funston, and his first official act upon returning to Washington was to make him a brigadier general. The cable which Gen. Otis sent yesterday says:

"MacArthur strongly recommends Col. Funston's appointment as brigadier general for signal and gallant service in crossing the Rio Grande river and most gallant services since the commencement of the war. I urge the appointment. Funston is an able leader of men and has earned recognition."

PRISONERS ARE SAFE.

Gen. Otis Telegraphs the War Department Regarding Them.

Washington, May, 4.—The following cablegram was received at the war department at midnight from Gen. Otis:

"List prisoners in hands insurgents just received shows Lieut. Gilmore and seven enlisted men navy lost from Yorktown and six enlisted army, three of the six wrongfully arrested in January, before hostilities commenced, all reported to be doing well. Besides the above, two men in the hands of the insurgents, Southell and Capt. Rockefeller, still unaccounted for."

LAWTON'S CAMPAIGN.

He Captures a Few Villages and Puts the Enemy to Flight

Washington, May, 4.—The following cablegram from Gen. Otis at Manila was received by the war department shortly before midnight:

"Gen. Lawton's column, passing upward from Nasagaray, captured Balingan and villages in vicinity yesterday, scattering and pursuing sixteen hundred troops. His only casualties were two wounded; insurgent loss is several killed, large number wounded and captured; numbers not stated. Have open communication with Lawton via Malolos by means of Hale's troops and detachments from city."

HE IS CENSORED.

Edward Atkinson's Stories Are Kept Out of the Philippines.

Washington, May 4. — The postmaster general has directed the postmaster at San Francisco to take out of the mails for Manila three pamphlets issued by Edward Atkinson of Boston, vice president of the anti-imperialistic league. This order does not apply to the circulation of the pamphlets by mail in this country, but bars their dispatch from this country to the Philippines, discontent and even mutiny among the soldiers being stated by the department to be the design of these publications. The three pamphlets are specifically described, and under no circumstances are they to be forwarded by mail to the Philippines.

SHOT DOWN.

W. H. Kennedy and a Fireman Injured in Grain Shovelers' Strike.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 4. — William H. Kennedy, a relative of James Kennedy, one of the grain contractors, was shot in the right breast and badly injured, and an unknown man was shot in the left breast and will probably die. The shooting occurred at the foot of Main street and is said to have been done by a man named Skinner, who, with about twenty others, is under arrest. The trouble was caused by the grain-shovelers' strike, which is causing considerable congestion of grain at this port. The unknown man has been identified as James J. Hennessy, a fireman. His injuries are not so serious as at first reported.

FRAUD EXPOSED.

Discharged Soldier Works Sympathy Game on Former Comrades.

Havana, May 4. — Laconte, the discharged soldier of the Second artillery regiment, who has been going about Havana with his head bandaged, claiming that he was shot by a policeman, and asking for sympathy from members of his old regiment on that ground, was examined in the police court. Neither wound nor bruise was found upon him.

Col. Duncan Hood, of the Second immunes regiment, who has been ill with appendicitis, is reported to be much better.

OLD CUBAN MINE.

Has Been Idle Seventy-five Years—New Yorkers Got It.

Havana, May 4.—A New York syndicate has bought an old copper mine twenty miles from Guanabacoa. The ore from this mine assays 35 per cent copper and 8 of silver and 11-2 ounces of gold to the ton. The mine has been unworked seventy-five years. The syndicate controls 500 acres.

Fleet Starting North.

San Francisco, May 4.—The United States revenue cutter fleet will leave San Francisco for the north to-day or to-morrow. The vessels will rendezvous at Seattle, where they will receive orders from the treasury department. They will proceed to Unalaska in company, and then sail for various points in accordance with their instructions.

Demands Satisfaction

London, May 4.—A Peking dispatch says Great Britain has officially demanded of the Chinese government satisfaction for the recent attacks made by rebels upon the British authorities in Kau-tung.

Postoffice Robbery.

Middletown, N. Y., May 4. — Postmaster Edward Smith of Otisville was knocked senseless and robbed in his office last night. Two hundred and sixty dollars was taken by his assailant.

KAUTZ IS UPHELD

PRESIDENT ENTIRELY SATISFIED WITH HIS CONDUCT.

No Undue Restraint Has Been Placed Upon the Admiral Which Should Encourage the Insurgents—Admiral Kautz Was Given a Free Hand With the Injunction to Avoid Unnecessary Bloodshed—Present for the Purpose Simply of Carrying Out the Treaty Obligations.

Washington, May 4.—It is denied officially here that any undue restraint has been imposed upon Admiral Kautz which should encourage the insurgents in Samoa. On the contrary, Admiral Kautz has bee nadvised that the president supports him in all that he has done; that he is entirely satisfied with his conduct, and the only injunction laid upon the admiral has been to avoid unnecessary bloodshed. This injunction is not understood to restrain the officer in any way from such military and naval operations as, in his opinion, are necessary to protect fully the interests of the United States, British and German residents in Samoa, but it is expressly understood that Admiral Kautz is present simply for the purpose of carrying out the treaty obligations as to the interests of the citizens of the tripartite agreement, and not as a representative of any one power.

So far no advices have come to either the state or navy departments on the date of these press dispatches, hence it is assumed that no events of very great importance have occurred warranting the sending of a cablegram by either Admiral Kautz or Consul Osborne.

SOME ALARM FELT.

The Orders to Stop Hostilities Are Not Well Received.

Wellington, N. Z., May 4.—Advices from Samoa indicate that the instructions received from the powers to cease hostilities makes the situation in the islands very serious, as the rebels hold the main food supplies and are again near the municipality of Apia. The correspondent of Reuter's News Agency thinks it is evident that the home authorities have misunderstood the situation in Samoa. The Germans and rebels are already jubilant, and claim a victory over the American and British forces. The correspondent says that unless the rebels are made to submit the difficulties will remain unsolved. The American vice consul's store at Falifa was looted last week while a German store was left untouched. British and American residents all strongly condemn the action of the powers in ordering a cessation of hostilities at this stage.

THE CRUISE ENDED.

Admiral Sampson's Squadron Returns to New York.

New York, May 4. — Rear Admiral Sampson's squadron of three battleships and two armored cruisers dropped anchor off Tompkinsville yesterday afternoon after a ten weeks' cruise in the West Indies. The ships will remain at anchor for some time, and visitors to the ships will be welcomed. One by one they will be placed in dry dock at the Brooklyn navy yard to have their bottoms scraped preparatory to the summer evolutions off the New England coast.

ANOTHER COMBINE.

Makers of Agricultural Implements Will Get Together.

Chicago, May 4.—The Times-Herald says: Representatives of a number of the great plow manufacturing concerns of the United States are in Chicago. The object of their assembling is said to be the formulating of a plan for the combination of those engaged in the business. The combination of these interests is said to be but a step toward a general massing into one corporation of all the makers of agricultural implements in the country.

KENTUCKY'S GIFT.

Silver Service for the Battleship of the Same Name.

Louisville, Ky., May 4. — The contract to furnish the silver service for the battleship Kentucky has been given to a Philadelphia firm at a cost of $6,000. The service will be composed of over seventy pieces, and next to those of the battleship Indiana and the cruiser New York, will be the handsomest of any ship in the navy. The service will be ready for presentation when the Kentucky puts to sea in November.

MAHER AND RUHLIN.

They Fight Twenty Rounds to a Draw in New York.

New York, May 4.—Peter Maher and Gus Ruhlin, the Akron giant, fought a twenty-round draw before the Lenox Athletic club. Maher was nine pounds the lighter of the two. Maher was the odds-on favorite at 100 to 60. Six thousand persons saw the fight. Maher weighed 181 pounds and Ruhlin 190.

Wade Hampton's Home Burned.

Columbia, S. C., May 4.—The home of Gen. Wade Hampton, in the suburbs of Columbia, was burned. There was no insurance on the property, and a fine library, containing about 6,000 volumes, was lost. In attempting to save a dog the general was scorched about the face. Among his papers were several hundred unanswered letters from persons in all parts of the country.

Eight Hundred Out of Work.

Peoria, Ill., May 4.—As a result of a demand for advance in wages the glucose sugar refining works have been closed and 800 men are out of work. The grain in the warehouse of the company will be shipped at once.

Totally Destroyed.

Kittanning, Pa., May 4.—The Buffalo woolen mills at Worthington, six miles from here, owned by the Graff Bros., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at from $60,000 to $100,000; well insured.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

The profile of a pretty girl is a sort of sideshow attraction.

Even the pessimist can see the bright side of a silver dollar.

To suffer is the lot of all those who press forward, ahead of the world.

Women seldom live to be 100 years old; they linger around 30 too long.

To get the good out of the years we must learn how to live each hour well.

The theater patron who buys a seat in the front row passes around the hat.

Men indulge in lots of beauty sleep, but they haven't much beauty to show for it.

The charities that soothe and heal and bless lie scattered at the feet of men like flowers.

See where a road ends before you take it, and to what an action leads before you begin it.

But few men are brave enough to allow a mind reader to expose their thoughts in the presence of friends.

The beauty that addresess itself to the eye is only the spell of the moment; the eye of the body is not always that of the soul.

If music be the peacemaker it is said to be the sooner Uncle Sam starts a band carnival in the Philippines the better it will be for the Filipinos.

To be suspicious leads to jealousy and envy, and all uncharitableness, breaking friendship, destroying affection, embittering all social relations and rendering life itself an intolerable burden.

The papers tell of a recent exhibition of children, all in fine condition, who have "never tasted of other than vegetable food." We are not told what vegetables they fed upon during the first months of their life, or before they cut their teeth. Sir Henry Thompson has made a humorous comment on the reluctance of vegetarians to admit that milk and other dairy products are forms of animal food.

Capt. Burrows, in his book, "The Land of the Pigmies," says of the Mobanghi, who inhabit the more distant regions of the Congo Free State, that "they are as frank as they are fearless," and tells an amusing story of their frankness. A white man one evening had been trying to explain to the Mobanghi around him a steam engine and steamship. He had drawn pictures on the sand to make clear what he had described, and they had listened, apparently with intense interest. Then he asked if they had understood his explanations and the pictures. "Yes, they thought they had." There was silence for several minutes, which was broken by a voice speaking the thought of the crowd in one word—"Liar!"

Hamlet observed that for three years he had noticed how the toe of the peasant gained upon the heel of the courtier. In at least one recent instance a member of a despised race set the pace in courtesy. Two men driving a handsome pair of horses recently hailed a negro on his way to the governor's office in Richmond. "Come here, Sam," one called, "and hold our horses." "No, I thank you," was his reply as the men offered him a quarter some twenty minutes later; "I held the horses as a favor to you. If you wish, however, to contribute to the Negro's Reformatory Fund, my card will suggest an address." The name it bore was that of John H. Smith, former United States Minister to Liberia, and now president of the Negro's Reformatory.

United States troops, on their way to Manila, were hospitably entertained at Malta. The kindness of the people of the island to strangers is not with them a new virtue. Many centuries ago soldiers of a great power, guarding eminent prisoners, had reason to be grateful for the hospitality there shown. The earlier visit was the sequence of a shipwreck, and the islanders, we are told, "kindled a fire" and received those escaped from the sea with all humaneness. The two receptions, that of the first century given to Paul and his companions, and the recent manifestation of friendliness to Americans, are associated with momentous periods of history. Lying between the two events are doings and undoings without number, but the Malta of old and the Malta of today are one in readiness to welcome and to help. The light of that cheering fire has shone through the centuries, and the recent hospitable greeting will not be forgotten.

The best antidote for depression of spirits generally is work—work which is all absorbing. The poor who drudge for a living seldom develop chronic diseases of the nerves and mind, despite the great hardships to which only too many of them are subjected.

Hetty Green is selling her Chicago property because of "excessive taxation." It is noticeable, however, that she is not permitting her prejudice against this city to influence her in the inauguration of a spring "marked-down sale."

PITH OF THE NEWS

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports — The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

Accidental Happenings.

The jury in the Windsor hotel fire inquest at New York brought in a verdict that the fire was caused by accident. The police still have $10,000 worth of unclaimed jewelry and other valuables recovered from the fire ruins.

Conductor Arvil Crofoot of the Vandalia was killed in the yards at Terre Haute, Ind. He caught his foot so that a car ran over him. He was thirty-six years old, and leaves a family.

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Maj. Gen. J. Warren Kiefer has almost completely recovered from a recent attack of fever consequent on his services in Cuba.

A cablegram received from Hamilton, Bermuda, announces the death of ex-Gov. Frederick Smythe of New Hampshire. He was eighty years of age.

Sig. Marconi, the distinguished electrician whose experiments in wireless telegraphy have aroused a world-wide interest, will visit the United States next October.

Marcus Daly, the copper king, says that the copper combinep has not been completed.

Mme. Emma Clave has ordered a tombstone for M. Denis Ruech of Paris. It represents Mme. Clave as Ophelia drawn toward the void by phantoms' voices. It will be exhibited in 1900.

Ex-Congressman John T. Wait died at his home in Norwich, Conn., aged eighty-eight years. Death was due to old age. Mr. Wait was a Republican member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth congresses.

Foreign.

Fights occur in Paris between advocates and opponents of Dreyfus revision.

Indications are that a conflict is brewing between Britain and the Transvaal.

In the Spanish elections the government secured an increased majority in the senate.

The French superior council of war is said to have decided that Dreyfus shall not be liberated.

Great Britain sends more troops to South Africa because of the Boers' warlike preparations.

Dr. Joseph Palmer, in a sermon on Cromwell in London, uses downright cuss words in denouncing the sultan.

Countess Esterhazy, whose husband figures in the Dreyfus case, begins divorce proceedings.

Don Carlos, the pretender, is said to have sent a fresh manifesto to his adherents.

A majority of the municipal council of Berlin has signed a protest to the emperor against his majesty's failure to confirm Chief Mayor Kirscher, who was elected June 23, 1898.

The court of cassation has decided by a large majority not to confront Col. Picquart with Gen. Rget. It has also been decided to make a further examination of Col. Du Paty de Clam, and to investigate the Panizzardi telegram.

Gen. Gomez and the committee of consulting Cuban generals are sending dispatches around the island asking the various commanders to make returns of the number of their men. The delay in making the payment is caused solely by this inability to decide as to a proper division of the $3,000,000.

On the suggestion of the premier of New Zealand, Right Hon. R. J. Seddon, the premier of Victoria, Right Hon. R. J. Turner has cabled a request to the British secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, urging that the British government conserve the interests of the empire in Samoa.

President Zelaya of Nicaragua has granted an option, in force until Jan. 1, 1900, to Charles Nicoll, British consul at Managua, or to any company he may organize, to purchase the railroads and steamboats of Nicaragua, with the workshops appertaining to them, for the sum of 6,500,000 pesos (silver).

According to the Paris Temps a member of the Dreyfus court martial named Freystaetter, in testifying before the court of cassation, declared that it was the evidence given by Lieut. Col. Henry who afterwards confessed that he had forged a letter, which was largely instrumental in preventing a revision of the Dreyfus case, and then cut his throat in prison), which decided the court martial to convict Dreyfus, and that the only document produced in the presence of the prisoner was the bordereau.

Otherwise.

The Third Georgia regiment was mustered out at Camp Mackenzie, Ga.

The First North Carolina was mustered out of the service at Savannah, Ga.

Two new cases of yellow fever were reported at Havana among the natives. Seven railroad mail cars, the first used in Cuba, have been added to the service.

A cablegram received from Vera Cruz by the surgeon general of the Marine hospital service states that eight cases of yellow fever have developed there.

Liabilities aggregating over $106,000 and no assets were scheduled at Chicago in a petition in bankruptcy filed by John C. Anderson, an insurance agent.

Rev. Robert Ryland, probably the oldest Baptist clergyman and educator in the United States, died at Lexington, Ky., aged ninety-four. He was one of the pioneer educators of Virginia.

Ex-Congressman John T. Wait died at his home in Norwich, Conn., at the age of eighty-eight years. Death was due to old age. Mr. Wait was a Republican member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth congresses.

Barron, Boyle & Co., glass dealers, have brought suit in Ohio under the anti-trust law against the Pittsburg Plate Glass company for $50,000 damages, alleging conspiracy and discrimination against glass jobbers.

Negotiations are on foot at Pittsburg for the merging of the National Steel company, capitalized at $59,000,000; the American Tin Plate company, $50,000,000, and the American Steel Hoop company, $33,000,000, into a single stock company.

The Rothschilds and Morgans ridicule the cable reports from New York telling of a $400,000,000 copper trust project, the two firms are said to be underwriting. It has come out, however, that the combination has secured virtually all the American mines except the Calumet.

Ching Ling Foo, the Chinese conjuror, and his troupe, were discharged from the custody of the United States authorities at Chicago, who thereby determined an important point in the attitude of the United States government toward Chinese actors and public performers.

The Standard Metal company, having for its object the control of the output of the United States, manufacture of car journal bearings and bronze and brass specialties generally, has just been formed at Pittsburg by Darr Moore and Bryden, brokers, with a capital of $5,200,000.

Three plants in Cleveland were transferred to the American Shipbuilding Co., the recently organized trust. By the transfer over $1,000,000 worth of property was deeded to the new company. The concerns transferred are the Cleveland Shipbuilding Co.'s plant, Ship Owners' Dry Dock Co. and Globe Iron Works Co.

The situation in the coal mining strike in the western part of Arkansas is becoming serious. At some places small riots have already occurred.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday with the secretary of state at Trenton, N. J., for the Tennessee Copper Company, with an authorized capital of $5,000,000. The company is empowered to mine and work copper and other ore. The incorporators are Charles W. Welsh, Jos. Reichert, Charles M. King, John B. Fisk and R. G. Ingersoll of Jersey City.

THE END IN SIGHT

THE PRESIDENT HOPEFUL OF EARLY PEACE.

He Receives Some Advices From Gen. Otis Which Seem to Give Him a Cheerful View of the Situation—He Thinks Filipinos Cannot Hold Out Much Longer—Filipino Envoys Again Call on Gen. Otis With Propositions—Filipinos Utilise the Truce to Strengthen Their Lines.

Washington, May 4.—President McKinley talked with his o cial callers before the cabinet meeting yesterday about the prospects of peace in the Philippines. It is believed that some advices from Gen. Otis have been received enlarging upon the propositions which were submitted by the Filipino delegation which have not yet been made public and which give the officials additional information concerning the situation. The president expressed the opinion that the end was in sight, and said he believed that the Filipinos will not hold out much longer. He regards the condition as more hopeful. The fact that negotiations for peace are in progress has stopped all talk of calling out the 35,000 additional volunteers.

Filipinos Try Again.

Manila, May 4. — Maj. Manuel Arguelez and Lieut. Jose Bernal, of the staff of Gen. Antonio Luna, have returned here to renew and press the request of Gen. Luna for a cessation of hostilities. They have found the field of labor a most uncongenial one. The two officers were received in conference by Maj. Gen. Otis. The proposals which they had to submit differed but slightly from those which they brought from the Filipino commander in the first place. They desired a little time in which to summon congress, and expressed themselves as being confident that congress would decree peace because the people desired it. They represented that Aguinaldo was without power to surrender the army, and that the congress must decide the question. The Filipino envoys asserted that Aguinaldo had not yet made a fair test of his strength against the American forces because only one-third of his army had been assembled. The envoys will see Gen. Otis again to-day.

Whether or not Gen. Luna is sincere in his overtures, the negotiations are giving the insurgents a much-needed opportunity to rehabilitate their demoralized forces. The truth is that dissensions among the leaders of the rebels is helping on the disorganization of the Filipino army almost as much as the American campaign.

Maj. Gen. Lawton was engaged in hard fighting early yesterday morning. Telegraph communication was cut off at 9 o'clock. Refugees report that the Filipino army is deserting San Fernando and massing at St. Tomas, where Gen. Luna's headquarters are located, and that strong intrenchments are being constructed at the sides of the railway and on the swamp front, in the best positions possible.

UTILIZING THE TRUCE.

Filipinos Industriously Strengthening Their Lines.

New York, May 4. — A Manila special says: The truce which had extended for several days between the Americans and insurgents came to an end to-day with two aggressive movements by Gen. Hale and Gen. Lawton. Gen. Hale's brigade started east from Calumpit early in the morning, moving along the river toward Gen. Lawton's position. A reconnoitering party sent out by Gen. Lawton discovered several hundred Filipino soldiers north of Balinag moving toward Gen. Luna's division. This would make it appear as if the rebels took advantage of the temporary truce to strengthen their lines. The Filipino forces immediately south of Manila have considerably reinforced their lines also since the beginning of the negotiations. Advices from Aparri, in the northern part of the island, state that the natives of the northern provinces are concerting there to oppose a possible American expedition, which they believe is about to be landed.

FEAR OF THE TAGALS.

Refugees Ask for Arms With Which to Fight Them.

New York, May 4. — Sun's Manila special: Monday a reconnoitering party from Gen. Lawton's army observed several hundred refugees near San Simon, four miles north of Apalit. Many of them were suffering from smallpox and fevers and all were in wretched condition. A large body of soldiers is reported to be marching west from Balinag across the marsh road toward San Simon, seven miles north of Calumpit. more refugees continue to arrive at Calumpit. They express great fear of the Tagals, and ask to be supplied with arms with which to fight them. Col. Arguellas and his fellow commissioner said that the Filipinos desired the same form of government for the Philippines as existed in the South American republics. The Fifty-first Iowa infantry has joined Gen. Hale's brigade, which crossed the Rio Chico at dawn and marched eastward, expecting to connect its cavalry with Gen. Lawton's command to-night.

Kyle Resigns.

Washington, May 4. — Senator Kyle of South Dakota has tendered his resignation as chairman of the industrial commission. This action was taken on account of the senator's ill health. He will continue, however, to serve as a member of the commission.

Stricken With Apoplexy.

Napoleon, Ohio, May 4.—Ex-Gov. E. R. Scott of South Carolina was stricken with apoplexy at his residence in this city. His condition is believed to be serious.

FRED FUNSTON PROMOTED.

He Is Made a Brigadier General by the President.

Washington, May 4.—The president has appointed Col. Frederick Funston, of the Twentieth Kansas, a brigadier general of volunteers. This appointment was recommended by Maj. Gen. MacArthur and supplemented very strongly by Gen. Otis in a cable dispatch received yesterday. Gen. MacArthur said that the services of Col. Funston during the campaign, and especially in the crossing of the Rio Grande river, deserved recognition, such as his promotion to be a brigadier general; also, that, as a leader of troops, Col. Funston was especially valuable. The president recognizes the services of Col. Funston, and his first official act upon returning to Washington was to make him a brigadier general. The cable which Gen. Otis sent yesterday says:

"MacArthur strongly recommends Col. Funston's appointment as brigadier general for signal and gallant service in crossing the Rio Grande river and most gallant services since the commencement of the war. I urge the appointment. Funston is an able leader of men and has earned recognition."

PRISONERS ARE SAFE.

Gen. Otis Telegraphs the War Department Regarding Them.

Washington, May, 4.—The following cablegram was received at the war department at midnight from Gen. Otis:

"List prisoners in hands insurgents just received shows Lieut. Gilmore and seven enlisted men navy lost from Yorktown and six enlisted army, three of the six wrongfully arrested in January, before hostilities commenced, all reported to be doing well. Besides the above, two men in the hands of the insurgents, Southell and Capt. Rockefeller, still unaccounted for."

LAWTON'S CAMPAIGN.

He Captures a Few Villages and Puts the Enemy to Flight.

Washington, May, 4.—The following cablegram from Gen. Otis at Manila was received by the war department shortly before midnight:

"Gen. Lawton's column, passing upward from Nasagaray, captured Balingan and villages in vicinity yesterday, scattering and pursuing sixteen hundred troops. His only casualties were two wounded; insurgent loss is several killed, large number wounded and captured; numbers not stated. Have open communication with Lawton via Malolos by means of Hale's troops and detachments from city."

HE IS CENSORED.

Edward Atkinson's Stories Are Kept Out of the Philippines.

Washington, May 4. — The postmaster general has directed the postmaster at San Francisco to take out of the mails for Manila three pamphlets issued by Edward Atkinson of Boston, vice president of the anti-imperialistic league. This order does not apply to the circulation of the pamphlets by mail in this country, but bars their dispatch from this country to the Philippines, discontent and even mutiny among the soldiers being stated by the department to be the design of these publications. The three pamphlets are specifically described, and under no circumstances are they to be forwarded by mail to the Philippines.

SHOT DOWN.

W. H. Kennedy and a Fireman Injured in Grain Shovelers' Strike.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 4. — William H. Kennedy, a relative of James Kennedy, one of the grain contractors, was shot in the right breast and badly injured, and an unknown man was shot in the left breast and will probably die. The shooting occurred at the foot of Main street and is said to have been done by a man named Skinner, who, with about twenty others, is under arrest. The trouble was caused by the grain-shovelers' strike, which is causing considerable congestion of grain at this port. The unknown man has been identified as James J. Hennessy, a fireman. His injuries are not so serious as at first reported.

FRAUD EXPOSED.

Discharged Soldier Works Sympathy Game on Former Comrades.

Havana, May 4. — Laconte, the discharged soldier of the Second artillery regiment, who has been going about Havana with his head bandaged, claiming that he was shot by a policeman, and asking for sympathy from members of his old regiment on that ground, was examined in the police court. Neither wound nor bruise was found upon him.

Col. Duncan Hood, of the Second immunes regiment, who has been ill with appendicitis, is reported to be much better.

OLD CUBAN MINE.

Has Been Idle Seventy-five Years—New Yorkers Got It.

Havana, May 4.—A New York syndicate has bought an old copper mine twenty miles from Guanabacoa. The ore from this mine assays 35 per cent copper and 8 of silver and 1 1-2 ounces of gold to the ton. The mine has been unworked seventy-five years. The syndicate controls 500 acres.

Fleet Starting North.

San Francisco, May 4.—The United States revenue cutter fleet will leave San Francisco for the north to-day or to-morrow. The vessels will rendezvous at Seattle, where they will receive orders from the treasury department. They will proceed to Unalaska in company, and then sail for various points in accordance with their instructions.

Demands Satisfaction

London, May 4.—A Peking dispatch says Great Britain has o cially demanded of the Chinese government satisfaction for the recent attacks made by rebels upon the British authorities in Kau-tung.

Postoffice Robbery.

Middletown, N. Y., May 4. — Postmaster Edward Smith of Otisville was knocked senseless and robbed in his office last night. Two hundred and sixty dollars was taken by his assailant.

KAUTZ IS UPHELD

PRESIDENT ENTIRELY SATISFIED WITH HIS CONDUCT.

No Undue Restraint Has Been Placed Upon the Admiral Which Should Encourage the Insurgents—Admiral Kautz Was Given a Free Hand With the Injunction to Avoid Unnecessary Bloodshed—Present for the Purpose Simply of Carrying Out the Treaty Obligations.

Washington, May 4.—It is denied officially here that any undue restraint has been imposed upon Admiral Kautz which should encourage the insurgents in Samoa. On the contrary, Admiral Kautz has bee nadvised that the president supports him in all that he has done; that he is entirely satisfied with his conduct, and the only injunction laid upon the admiral has been to avoid unnecessary bloodshed. This injunction is not understood to restrain the officer in any way from such military and naval operations as, in his opinion, are necessary to protect fully the interests of the United States, British and German residents in Samoa, but it is expressly understood that Admiral Kautz is present simply for the purpose of carrying out the treaty obligations as to the interests of the citizens of the tripartite agreement, and not as a representative of any one power.

So far no advices have come to either the state or navy departments on the date of these press dispatches, hence it is assumed that no events of very great importance have occurred warranting the sending of a cablegram by either Admiral Kautz or Consul Osborne.

SOME ALARM FELT.

The Orders to Stop Hostilities Are Not Well Received.

Wellington, N. Z., May 4.—Advices from Samoa indicate that the instructions received from the powers to cease hostilities makes the situation in the islands very serious, as the rebels hold the main food supplies and are again near the municipality of Apia. The correspondent of Reuter's News Agency thinks it is evident that the home authorities have misunderstood the situation in Samoa. The Germans and rebels are already jubilant, and claim a victory over the American and British forces. The correspondent says that unless the rebels are made to submit the difficulties will remain unsolved. The American vice consul's store at Falifa was looted last week while a German store was left untouched. British and American residents all strongly condemn the action of the powers in ordering a cessation of hostilities at this stage.

THE CRUISE ENDED.

Admiral Sampson's Squadron Returns to New York.

New York, May 4. — Rear Admiral Sampson's squadron of three battleships and two armored cruisers dropped anchor off Tompkinsville yesterday afternoon after a ten weeks' cruise in the West Indies. The ships will remain at anchor for some time, and visitors to the ships will be welcomed. One by one they will be placed in dry dock at the Brooklyn navy yard to have their bottoms scraped preparatory to the summer evolutions off the New England coast.

ANOTHER COMBINE.

Makers of Agricultural Implements Will Get Together.

Chicago, May 4.—The Times-Herald says: Representatives of a number of the great plow manufacturing concerns of the United States are in Chicago. The object of their assembling is said to be the formulating of a plan for the combination of those engaged in the business. The combination of these interests is said to be but a step toward a general massing into one corporation of all the makers of agricultural implements in the country.

KENTUCKY'S GIFT.

Silver Service for the Battleship of the Same Name.

Louisville, Ky., May 4. — The contract to furnish the silver service for the battleship Kentucky has been given to a Philadelphia firm at a cost of $6,000. The service will be composed of over seventy pieces, and next to those of the battleship Indiana and the cruiser New York, will be the handsomest of any ship in the navy. The service will be ready for presentation when the Kentucky puts to sea in November.

MAHER AND RUHLIN.

They Fight Twenty Rounds to a Draw in New York.

New York, May 4.—Peter Maher and Gus Ruhlin, the Akron giant, fought a twenty-round draw before the Lenox Athletic club. Maher was nine pounds the lighter of the two. Maher was the odds-on favorite at 100 to 60. Six thousand persons saw the fight. Maher weighed 181 pounds and Ruhlin 190.

Wade Hampton's Home Burned.

Columbia, S. C., May 4.—The home of Gen. Wade Hampton, in the suburbs of Columbia, was burned. There was no insurance on the property, and a fine library, containing about 6,000 volumes, was lost. In attempting to save a dog the general was scorched about the face. Among his papers were several hundred unanswered letters from persons in all parts of the country.

Eight Hundred Out of Work.

Peoria, Ill., May 4.—As a result of a demand for advance in wages the glucose sugar refining works have been closed and 800 men are out of work. The grain in the warehouse of the company will be shipped at once.

Totally Destroyed.

Kittanning, Pa., May 4.—The Buffalo woolen mills at Worthington, six miles from here, owned by the Graff Bros., were totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at from $60,000 to $100,000; well insured.

'TWAS DEWEY'S DAY

CELEBRATION IN HONOR OF THE HERO OF MANILA BAY.

The President Sends Admiral Dewey a Message of Affection and Gratitude — School Children Everywhere Join in the Celebration—Tributes Paid in Every Section of the Country to the Gallantry of the American Navy—The Day Observed With Pomp and Ceremony at Philadelphia, Where the Raleigh Proved the Principal Attraction.

New York, May 3. — While at the navy yard President McKinley sent the following cablegram to Admiral Dewey:

"May 1, 1899.—Dewey, Manila: On this anniversary of your great victory, the people of the United States unite in an expression of affection and gratitude to yourself and the brave officers and men of your fleet, whose brilliant achievements marked an epoch in history and which will live in the annals of the world's heroic deeds. —William McKinley."

Philadelphia, May 3. — Dewey day was celebrated in this city with imposing pomp and ceremony. Gov. Stone, by proclamation, made the occasion a holiday i nthis state on the recommendation of the legislature.

The most important event was the naval parade on the Delaware river, which was reviewed by naval and civic dignitaries. The cruiser Raleigh was the chief object of interest. The parade proceeded up the east side of the river, passing the Releigh, Capt. Coghlan reviewing the procession from the bridge of the warship. Throughout the state local celebrations were held in honor of the hero of Manila bay.

Chicago, May 3.—The celebration of Dewey day in Chicago was mostly of an indoor character. In a majority of the schools an hour was set aside for appropriate exercises in honor of the first anniversary of the battle of Manila. In the evening numerous banquets and entertainments were given, including an "expansion" dinner at the Quadrangle club.

Boston, May 3.—Dewey day was celebrated here by a display of flags over the national, state and city buildings and prominent business houses, and also by receptions held by patriotic societies. In many of the public schools there was appropriate exercises.

Pittsburg, May 3.—Dewey day was celebrated by special exercises in the schools and by a reception to the three members of the Raleigh crew who were here to attend the mass meeting held in the evening. The city was gaily decorated in honor of Dewey.

New York, May 3.—Dewey day was celebrated in the public schools in this city by special exercises commemorating the victory of Manila, and by the flying of flags on all school buildings.

San Francisco, May 3.—Dewey day was observed as a state holiday. Special exercises took place in almost every city and town in California.

New Orleans, May 3.—Dewey day was elaborately celebrated here in the public schools.

PATRIOTIC BADGERS.

Wisconsin Legislators Observe Dewey Day.

Madison, Wis., May 3.—Dewey day was observed here by the floating of flags from the public and private buildings and by exercises in some of the public schools. The legislative chambers were handsomely draped with bunting and hung with pictures of Civil and Spanish war heroes. Both houses held Dewey celebrations before the sessions opened. Dr. C. C. Chittenden and Capt. John Nichols, who played the fife and drum together during the Civil War in the Eleventh Wisconsin, gave stirring selections. In the assembly Mr. True, author of the marriage license bill, presided, and speeches were made by Judge Orton and Rev. E. G. Updike. Dr. Updike's utterances evoked frequent applause. He said we had responsibilities in the Philippines and could not shirk them. He believed utterances in some of the Chicago pulpits Sunday bordered on treason, and that they would not have been tolerated during the Civil War and will not long be now. Dr. Updike is pastor of the Congregational church and has the largest congregation in the state. Both houses adopted a stirring joint resolution lauding Admiral Dewey for his great victory and tendering the thanks of the state.

Bandit Bound Over.

Ogden, Utah, May 3—James Morgan the bandit who was captured, claims that it was his brother, George Morgan, who was killed in the fight with the Ogden officers, and that they formerly resided in Chicago. Morgan is but nineteen years of age. The prisoner had a hearing at Brigham City, before Justice Hensen, and pleaded not guilty, although the evidence showed that he fired the shot that killed Capt. Brown. He was bound over to the district court.

Chinaman Burned to Death.

Sebastopol, Cala., May 3. — A fire here destroyed Chinatown, consuming fifty houses and causing a loss of $20,000. One Chinaman was burned to death.

Bishop McGavick Consecrated.

Chicago, May 3.—The Rt. Rev. A. J. McGavick was consecrated titular bishop of Marcopolis at the Holy Name cathedral, an auxiliary to Archbishop Feehan, who acted as consecrator and celebrant of the high mass.

The Nashville at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., May 3.—The United States gunboat Nashville entered Memphis harbor at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon amid the deafening shouts of more than 20,000 people. The city is decorated and full of visitors.

TROOPS AT WARDNER.

Martial Law Will be Declared at Once.

Wardner, Idaho, May 4.—Shortly after the arrival yesterday afternoon of Company M, Twenty-fourth infantry, Capt. Bachellor, commanding, a report became current that the union miners from Canyon Creek had started down to Wardner to wipe out the troops before reinforcements could arrive. Sixty non-union men, armed with rifles immediately rushed down the road from Wardner to the railroad station, one and one-half miles distant, to stop the union men. The report is not credited here, and was probably occasioned by the suspension of telegraphic communication between Wardner and Wallace. Quite a number of union men left town yesterday. But two arrests have been made and these are both out on bail. Martial law has not yet been declared but it is expected it will be to-day. Coroner France will commence the inquest as soon as the witnesses are subpoenaed.

Last night Sheriff Young deputized about fifty strikers to guard the Last Chance mine. A small party of the Bunker Hill miners had already been deputized as constables to guard the property. As four of them were returning home they were held up by Young's deputies and their rifles taken away from them. State Auditor Sinclair made a demand on the sheriff for the return of the property. Mr. Sinclair is urged by citizens to use his influence to procure martial law as the only hope for the law-abiding people in the Coeur d'Alene region. Five masked men were seen between Wardner and Kellogg last night, but no further outrages has been reported. A company of troops arrived from Spokane. Hundreds of people met them at the depot and gave them an enthusiastic greeting. The arrests of strikers have commenced.

More Troops.

Cheyenne, Wyo., May 4.—One hundred and twenty picked men from Companies C and I, Twenty-fourth infantry, colored, left here last night for Wardner, Idaho. Captains W. H. James and W. P. Jackson are in command. The men carry fifteen days' rations and 24,000 rounds of ammunition.

Gen. Merriam Takes Hold.

Boise, Idaho, May 4.—Gen. Merriam left here for Wardner after a conference with state officers. He declined to discuss his plans, but the orders he has issued for the movement of the troops indicate that he is prepared to deal firmly with the strikers.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 4. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 70 3-4@71 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 69 @ 70c.. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 31 3-4@32c; No. 2, 31 1-2@31 3-4c. Oats —No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c; No. 3, 27 1-2 @28c. Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 36@40c; No. 2 rye, 53c; No. 2 rye, 52c.

Duluth, May 4. — Wheat — Cash, No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 68 1-4c; No. 3 spring, 65c; to arrive, No 1 hard, 75 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2c; May, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2c; July, No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 73 1-4c; September, No. 1 Northern, 71 3-4c. Oats—No. 2 Northern, 27 1-2c; rye, 58 1-2c; barley, 38@40c; flax, to arrive, $1.14; September, 94 1-2c; corn, 33c.

Minneapolis, May 4. — Wheat — May opened at 70 1-8c and closed at 70 1-4c; July opened at 71 7-8c and closed at 72c; September opened at 69 3-4 and closed at 70c. On track — No. 1 hard, 71 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 70 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 69 1-8c.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 4. — Flour is steady. Wheat firmer; No. 1 Northern, 73 1-2@74c; No. 2 Northern, 72c. Oats steady at 28 1-4@30c. Rye steady; No. 1, 59@59 1-2c. Barley lower; No. 2, 44 1-2c; sample, 40@44 1-2c.

Chicago, May 4. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 74@75c; No. 3, 71 1-2@72 1-2c; No. 2 hard winter, 67@68c; No. 1 Northern spring, 72@73c; No. 2, 71@72c; No. 3, 66@71c. Corn—No. 2, 33 3-4@34c; No. 3, 33c. Oats—No. 2, 27@27 1-4c; No. 3, 27c.

Chicago, May 4. — Hogs — Light, $3.60@3.85; mixed, $3.60@3.85; heavy, $3.75@3.90; rough, $3.55@3.70. Cattle —Beeves, $4.25@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.90@2.75; Texas steers, $3.55@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5. Sheep — Natives, $3.50@5.10; lambs, $4.50@6.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 4. — Hogs — $3.55@3.70. Cattle — Beeves, $4 @ 5; cows and bulls, mixed, $2@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.50; calves and yearlings, $3.75@5.10.

South St. Paul, May 4. — Hogs — $3.57 1-2 @ 3.67 1-2. Cattle — Steers, $4.20@4.55; stockers, $3.40@3.75; feeders, $3.40; cows, $2.35@4.25; bulls, $2.75@3.40; calves, $5@5.75.

DAMAGE IN NEBRASKA.

Caused by Wind and Rain—Buildings Wrecked.

Omaha, May 4.—Specials to the Bee tell of damage yesterday from wind and rain in different parts of the state. At Columbus over an inch of rain fell, accompanied by a high wind which blew down trees, fences and outbuildings, causing a loss of $25,000. At the Knollin sheep ranch on the edge of town the buildings were wrecked and some sheep killed. At Kearney two inches of rain fell in an hour and cellars are flooded.

Menominee, Mich., May 4.—The Menominee river continues to rise and the danger of an inundation is not past. A crew of men worked all night throwing up a dike on Reindls street to prevent an overflow of the residence portion of the town. Over 1,000 logs owned by J. A. Dobey of Green Bay, piled on the shore of Green bay six miles north of this city, were swept out last night.

Gets Off Easy.

Breslau, May 4.—The trial of Herrmann, charged with the murder of his three wives, has concluded He was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment and ten years loss of civil rights.

Denied a License.

New York, May 4.—The police board has denied a license to the Coney Island Sporting club. There was a tie vote. This is the club under whose auspices the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight was scheduled to take place

ASKS AN EXCHANGE

GEN. MACARTHUR SOLICITOUS ABOUT AMERICAN PRISONERS.

He Sends Rations and Supplies, Under a White Flag, for Sixteen Prisoners Held by the Filipinos, Among Them Being the Men From the Yorktown—Suggests to Gen. Luna an Exchange of Prisoners—Maj. Bell and Scouts Visit the Town of Maccabebe and Are Enthusiastically Received—Americans Save the Lives of Tagal Prisoners.

New York, May 3. — Sun's Manila special: Gen. MacArthur sent Maj. Shield and Lieut. Hayne to the Filipino lines under a white flag with ten days' rations and a supply of delicacies for sixteen American prisoners, ten of whom, according to Col. Arguelles, the Filipino envoy who visited Gen. Otis the other day, are members of the Yorktown's boat crew, who, with Lieut. Gilmore, were captured near Baler. The men with the supplies will push them on a hand-car from Apalet to Gen. Luna's headquarters at Santo Tomas, five miles north. Gen. MacArthur also sent a letter to Gen. Luna suggesting the exchange of a number of Filipinos for the American prisoners.

A party of 100 residents of Maccabebe entered the lines yesterday, asking for American protection against the Tagals. When Maj. Bell, with a party of scouts, visited Maccabebe the entire town turned out to welcome him. Bells were rung and the people shouted "Viva Americanos!" until they were hoarse. They eagerly besought the Americans to garrison the town for their protection. Five Tagal prisoners, including a lieutenant, who were captured by the Maccabebes, were about to be put to death as the Americans arrived. They were rescued by Maj. Bell and brought to Manila. The Maccabebes are anxious to enlist in the American army and fight the Tagals. They are armed only with bolos. The situation is unchanged. There is no fighting, and, under the circumstances, none is desired, everything being given up here to the celebration of the anniversary of Dewey's destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila bay. Admiral Dewey granted the fleet a holiday and held a reception on board his flagship.

Gen. Lawton is advancing. He has organized a band of forty scouts to go ahead of the column. The band, which is under Maj. Young, an old Indian fighter who killed five Filipinos last week, includes Diamond, Hammond, Summerfield and Murray, of the Second Oregon.

CAPT. ROCKEFELLER LOST.

He Was Captured While "Making Investigations."

Washington, May 3.—The war department has received no advices from Gen. Otis since Saturday concerning the conditions in the Philippines. In the two dispatches received no mention is made of the negotiations with the insurgents, nor of any fighting.

Gen. Otis reports that Capt. Rockefeller, of the Ninth infantry, has been missing since the 28th of April. Capt. Rockefeller was making some investigations about Caloocan and has not been seen since the date given. Some of his personal papers have been found about two miles from Caloocan. It is feared that he has been captured by some of the insurgent bands.

YORKTOWN MEN.

Ten of Them, Including Gilmore, Are Safe.

Washington, May 3.—The following cablegram has been received from Admiral Dewey:

Manila, April 30.—Secretary of the Navy, Washington: Apparently reliable information, ten of the Yorktown boat crew, including Gilmore, are prisoners at insurgent headquarters. Am continuing investigation.

—Dewey.

PRISONER RELEASED.

The Spaniards Very Promptly Let Mr. Melinder Go.

Washington, May 3.—Secretary Hay was formally notified of the release by the Spanish garrison at Ponape, in the Caroline islands, of a naturalized American citizen named Melinder, held as a prisoner of war since last summer. Mr. Melinder is a merchant trading in the Carolines and represents a San Francisco house there. He avowed his American citizenship soon after the war began and expressed sympathy with the American government. He was arrested and held as a prisoner of war.

COST OF WAR.

Our Bout With Spain Made Us "Dig Up" $275,000,000."

Washington, May 3. — An approximate calculation places the total expenditures of the treasury on account of the war with Spain from the beginning of the war preparations in March of last year up to the present time at $275,000,000. It is expected that the war expenditure for the remaining two months of the fiscal year will bring the total to that date up to about $300,000,000. It is impossible for the treasury officials to form even a rough estimate of what the war will eventually cost in the pay of increased pensions and miscellaneous charges on the treasury

Money for St. Louis Fair.

St. Louis, May 3.—The world's fair fund was further increased at a meeting held at the Mercantile club. Additional subscriptions increased the actually signed for to $2,673,000, in addition to $2,100,000 pledged by collecting committees.

Choate Dines Out.

London, May 3.—Joseph H. Choate United States ambassador, and Baron Russell, lord chief justice of England, were the prinsipal guests at the banquet of the Hardwicke society.

CASH PAID TO SPAIN.

Pay for Philippines Turned Over to M. Cambon.

Washington, May 3.—The last move in the negotiations terminating the war with Spain occurred yesterday when Secretary Hay paid to the French ambassador M. Cambon the $20,000,000 provided by the treaty of peace for the cession of the Philippines. The payment was made in four treasury warrants of $5,000,000 each and was receipted for by M. Cambon as completely liquidating the obligation of the United States in this connection. The ambassador deposited the $20,000,000 in the Riggs National bank of this city, and the cashing of the warrants is expected to be made later through the City National Bank of New York. The Spanish government was notified by cable of the payment, but nothing will be done as to forwarding the funds to Europe until Spain directs the next course to be pursued.

The original receipt was handed by Secretary Hay to Frank A. Branagan, the disbursing officer of the department of state, to be filed away. One copy was given to M. Cambon, another will be sent to United States Ambassador Porter at Paris, and a fourth copy to the auditor of the treasury. After receiving the $20,000,000 M. Cambon folded the four warrants and put them in his pocket case. Then he and Secretary Hay chatted over the speedy restoration of diplomatic relations between the United States and Spain, for this payment marked the very last step of the war negotiations. Mr. Hay desired to know when the Duke d'Arcos would arrive in Washington. M. Cambon said he thought the Spanish minister would come in about two or three weeks, still he was not certain of this, and said that this had been left largely to the duke's personal convenience.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

House Caucus Committee Reaches an Agreement.

Washington, May 3.—Representative Babcock of Wisconsin has returned from Atlantic City, where the house caucus committee on currency, of which he is a member, has been in session. He said that the committee had reached a tentative agreement upon a financial bill, but had agreed not to disclose the nature of the proposed plan until it is submitted to the members of the senate who are to confer with them. The meetings of the house committee are harmonious and the conclusion reached was unanimous. Mr. Babcock thought this plan for currency reform, which the conferees adopted, would receive the indorsement of the Republican house and would be satisfactory to the business interests of the country. The country. The meetings of the committee were secret, and no suggestions were received from any source.

TOO MANY WIVES.

A Doctor Accumulates More "Better-Halves" Than the Law Allows.

Winona, Minn., May 3.—A dispatch has been received here saying that Dr. Burroughs, a former resident of this county, is in jail at Dunkirk, N. Y., on the charge of bigamy. He is wanted here, at Niles, Mich., and at Meadville, Pa., on similar charges. At Niles he married the daughter of the chief of police. He then deserted her and came to this county, wedding a Miss Kelly of St. Charles. He left here shortly, leaving his wife, and went to Meadville, Pa., where he married an heiress. At Dunkirk, N. Y., he eloped with the daughter of the principal merchant in town. An effort will be made to bring him here to meet the charges preferred here.

THE HOANG-HO.

Germany Picks Out Her "Sphere of Influence."

Berlin, May 3.—It is the belief in political circles here that England having relinquished the open door in China and given her adhesion to the sphere of influence policy there, Germany must follow suit. The Tageblatt says: "The first consequence of the Anglo-Russian agreement must be that Germany, too, must declare that the Hoang-ho valley is to be her sphere. It would be a far-reaching error were Germany to confine herself to the Province of Shang-tung."

SITUATION IN SAMOA.

There Has Been No Further Serious Fighting.

Apia, Samoa, April 22, via Auckland, May 2.—The rebels, since advices under date of April 18, have retired from their fortifications at Vaillima, which they demolished, together with other forts along the coast. There has been no further serious fighting, although some skirmishing between the rebels and friendly natives has occurred in the vicinity of Apia. The British armed sloop Torch has arrived with ammunition from Sydney, N. S. W.

Two Lives Lost.

Kingston, Ont., May 3.—Two families named Shaw and Mosier have been camping on Grindstone island for some time. Last Thursday Shaw and Mrs. Mosier started in a small boat for the mainland. Nothing was heard of them until to-day when Mrs. Mosier's body was found off the island and the boat drifted ashore. Shaw's body has not been found.

Gould's Long Cruise.

New York, May 3.—Howard Gould's steam yacht Niagara is at quarantine, prepared for a long foreign cruise. She is to visit the Azores, ports in England, Scotland and Norway, and possibly Spitzbergen. The Niagara is expected to be back in time for the international races for the America's cup in the fall.

Severe Storm.

Chicago, May 3. — Wind, rain and hail worked havoc in a small area near Summit, Ill. Albert Lindstrom, a farmer, was seriously injured. Several buildings were destroyed an considerable live stock was killed.

To Test the Shamrock.

London, May 3.—The Standard says that the duke of Abruzzi's yacht Bona has been sold to J. H. Taylor of London, and will be used to try the speed of the Shamrock, the challenger for the America's cup

MINNESOTA NEWS

SCHOOL GRANT SKIPS A YEAR.

State Aid Not Provided for Current Twelve Month.

After all the care in drafting the Argetsinger bill and the thorough discussion and scrutiny of its friends, it seems to have left out state aid for the schools for one year entirely.

Auditor Dunn says there are no two ways about it. The appropriation available last August was duly distributed. The appropriation that, ordinarily, would have been available next August, is cut off by this measure. The appropriation authorized by the Aretsinger bill will first become available Aug. 1, 1900.

Supt. Lewis studied it until he had a headache, but he couldn't find any help for it. As a last resort, he will appeal to the governor and attorney general to see if there is not some way in which the intent of the legisture can, somehow, be carried out.

The former appropriations were carried under a long string of laws—chapter 144 of the General Laws of 1881, as amended by Chapter 101 of the general Laws of 1883; Chapter 61 of the Extra Session of 1881, as amended by Chapter 40 of the General Laws of 1883; Chapter 183 of the General Laws of 1885; Chapter 259, General Laws of 1897, as amended, and so on. They are all repealed by the passage of this act.

The new law, "an act to encourage a better condition of the public schools," grants and so on, makes new and larger grants in place of these appropriations. The comparative schedule is as follows:

	Old Law.	New Law.
High schools. $55,000		$85,000
Graded schools. .. 10,000		26,000
Rural schools 20,000		40,000
Semi-Graded.		11,000

Under the old law high schools were to receive $400 apiece; the new law grants $800. Graded schools get $100; the allowance is raised to $200. Rural schools got $50; hereafter, $75. The new class of semi-graded schools are to be entitled to $100 per year—beginning in 1900.

All this, it should be understood, is from the revenue fund of the state. It has nothing to do with the apportionment of the state school fund derived from the 1-mill tax and the revenues of the permanent school fund. That is not affected.

DELEGATES TO THE CONGRESS.

Minnesota Representatives of the Sons of the American Revolution.

The president of the Minnesota Society, Sons of the American Revolution, has appointed the following delegates and alternates to the tenth annual national congress of the society, which will open Monday, May 1, at Detroit Mich.:

Delegates: President, Hon. Eli Torrance Minneapolis; senior vice president, Hon. Walter H. Sanborn; delegate-at-large, Daniel R. Noyes; delegates, Edwin S. Chittenden, Hon. Andrew B. Robbins, Minneapolis, Capt. H. A. Castle and Hon. W. D. Cornish.

Alternate for the president, Hon. H. F. Stevens; for senior vice president, Hon. H. R. Spencer, Duluth; for delegate-at-large, Hon. Edward C. Stringer; for delegates, Col. James O. Pierce, Minneapolis; Capt. Charles H. McGill and Lawrence G. Washington.

It is expected that this gathering will be an exceptional one in size and interest. President McKinley, who is a member of the Ohio society, has promised to be present unless prevented by imperative public business, and a large attendance of delegates is assured. The exercises preliminary to the congress are to begin with a sermon by the chaplain-general, Rev. R. W. Clark, on Sunday evening, at the Congregational church in Detroit, before members of the society and of other patriotic organizations. The business meetings will take place Monday and Tuesday, May 1 and 2, and will conclude with a banquet at the Russell house Tuesday evening, for which more elaborate preparations have been made than for any other similar event in Detroit. At the banquet, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, late president of the New York society, and other prominent and eminent members of the organization, will make addresses. The Michigan society endeavored to secure the attendance of Senator Cushman K. Davis, a member of the Minnesota society, but, owing to his business engagements, he was unable to accept the pressing invitation extended to him.

TAX ON UNUSED LAND.

The Anderson Law Invoked Before Judge Quinn.

The Anderson law came up before Judge Quinn at Jackson, recently. The lands of the Sioux City & St. Paul Railway company were placed on the tax duplicates for 1897, and in January, 1899, the company answered, claiming the lands were exempt from taxation in the ordinary method, and only by the percentage system. This company is the successor of one of the territorial land grant companies, the Red River Valley & Southern Minnesota Railway company, afterwards the Minnesota Valley and St. Paul & Sioux City. The state claimed the right to tax the lands in the ordinary method, in addition to the percentage method, under the Anderson law. Judge Quinn took the case under advisement, and will doubtless certify it to the supreme court for final disposition. Attorney General Douglas and County Attorney Smith represented the state, and Daniel Rohrer of Worthington appeared for the railway company.

Grain Buyer Fails.

H. A. Waldron, independent grain buyer at Sargent, eight miles south of Hayfield, failed. Liabilities reported at $15,000; assets light. Waldron had been buying for the past year on contract to handle grain for farmers at 1 cent per bushel; but commission men advanced money to pay cash down, and he bought at Chicago prices. A meeting of farmers will be held, when they hope to relieve him.

LUTHER LEAGUE FOR STATE.

Young People of Lutheran Churches Extend Their Association on State Lines.

The Minnesota State Luther League organization was completed during the first annual convention of the league, held at Memorial English Evangelical Lutheran church, on Sixth street, St. Paul, in connection with the convention of the Twin City Central Luther league. The constitution was adopted, as prepared by a committee, consisting of Rev. A. Ramsey and G. H. Trabert, and the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year: President, Rev. A. Lohre, pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran church of Minneapolis; recording secretary, Miss L. Lagerstrom, of Salem English Lutheran church, Minneapolis; corresponding secretary, George W. Merrill, of Memorial Evangelical church, St. Paul; treasurer, William Lundgren, of Memorial Evangelical church, St. Paul.

The objects of the organization of the league are set forth in Article 3 of the constitution, adopted yesterday, and are as follows:

To encourage the formation of young people's societies in all the Lutheran congregations of this state, and to organize such societies into central or district associations wherever practicable.

To stimulate the various young people's societies to greater activity in their respective churches; to assist in keeping the young people confirmed in the church true to their confirmation vows; to secure the active co-operation and assistance of the young people to their pastors in maintaining and advancing the local church work.

To create a strong bond of friendship among the members of the various societies.

To facilitate the introduction into any society of a member coming into its bounds from another.

To protect and guard our young people against dangerous and vicious influences of various unchurchly and unbelieving associations surrounding them.

AWARD TO VOLUNTEERS.

Gen. Lambert Prepares to Distribute the Appropriation.

Adjt. Gen. Lambert is sending out a circular announcing to the veteran volunteers the terms under which they may have their share of the appropriation of $30,000 for arrears of pay. It ws granted by the legislature to give the men the difference between the government pay of $15 per month and the state pay of $1.50 per day for the time they were at Camp Ramsey on duty before being mustered into the service of the United States. It applies to members of the First, Second and Third, who became members of the Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth volunteers.

Rolls will be prepared in the adjutant general's office as soon as possible and sent to the company commanders, who are to return them with the receipts of the men. Payment through the company officers will follow on return of the receipts. That will probably be finished by June 1.

After June 1 the adjutant general will receive individual applications from men who do not now live at the company station. Applications will be furnished from his office on application. They will give the name, rank and company, and the postmaster's address at the present residence. The blank must be receipted in triplicate in the postmaster's presence, and a check will be returned.

In case of death, the payment will be made to the widow or the father or mother, or the next of kin, in that order of preference, requiring the same information as when the payment is made in person and additional affidavits as to relation. Gen. Lambert hopes to have the whole business concluded by July 1.

No claims are admissible unless filed in writing within a year.

GETTING IN THE SEED.

Wheat Already Sprouting in Southern Minnesota.

The weekly crop bulletin says:

"In the southern and middle counties the farmers generally report favorable weather during the week, and owing to the lateness of the season, they have made the fullest use of the time. Only light showers have occurred, and the soil has continued in excellent condition. Spring wheat seeding has been completed in many localities, and in the southern counties the first sown has sprouted and shows a good stand. South of Wilkin county rain and warmer weather will soon be needed for the successful germination of the seed. Plowing for corn is in full progress, and some garden truck and early potatoes have been planted. The weather has continued too cold and dry for grass, which is unusually late. In the Red River valley the farmers have not been so fortunate. On the 17th snow fell in Marshall and Polk counties to the depth of three inches, and on the 20th and 21st heavy rains swept over the valley, and but little seeding could be done until Monday. The low lands are still too wet to be worked. With favorable weather, the farmers in this section hope to have their wheat all sown by May 1."

President is Invited.

At the instance and request of many of the citizens of the city Mayor Kiefer, as chief executive, has sent to President McKinley an invitation to become a guest of St. Paul. It has been reported that the president contemplates a trip to the Yellowstone National Park this summer. Mayor Kiefer hastens to extend the hospitality of St. Paul, should the president come this way, by sending the following letter.

"His Excellency, William McKinley, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.—Sir: Giving credence to newspaper reports that you are shortly to make a Western trip, visiting our national park, I am directed by our people to most respectfully but urgently extend to you an invitation to be a guest of our citiens, should you, in making arrangements for the journey, select your route via our city.

"St. Paul desires to honor you, and I take this early opportunity to make this request, which its people hope you may grant.

"I am, sir, most sincerely, your obedient servant,

—"A. R. Kiefer, Mayor."

'TWAS DEWEY'S DAY

CELEBRATION IN HONOR OF THE HERO OF MANILA BAY.

The President Sends Admiral Dewey a Message of Affection and Gratitude — School Children Everywhere Join in the Celebration—Tributes Paid in Every Section of the Country to the Gallantry of the American Navy—The Day Observed With Pomp and Ceremony at Philadelphia, Where the Raleigh Proved the Principal Attraction.

New York, May 3. — While at the navy yard President McKinley sent the following cablegram to Admiral Dewey:

"May 1, 1899.—Dewey, Manila: On this anniversary of your great victory, the people of the United States unite in an expression of affection and gratitude to yourself and the brave officers and men of your fleet, whose brilliant achievements marked an epoch in history and which will live in the annals of the world's heroic deeds. —William McKinley."

Philadelphia, May 3. — Dewey day was celebrated in this city with imposing pomp and ceremony. Gov. Stone, by proclamation, made the occasion a holiday i nthis state on the recommendation of the legislature.

The most important event was the naval parade on the Delaware river, which was reviewed by naval and civic dignitaries. The cruiser Raleigh was the chief object of interest. The parade proceeded up the east side of the river, passing the Releigh, Capt. Coghlan reviewing the procession from the bridge of the warship. Throughout the state local celebrations were held in honor of the hero of Manila bay.

Chicago, May 3.—The celebration of Dewey day in Chicago was mostly of an indoor character. In a majority of the schools an hour was set aside for appropriate exercises in honor of the first anniversary of the battle of Manila. In the evening numerous banquets and entertainments were given, including an "expansion" dinner at the Quadrangle club.

Boston, May 3.—Dewey day was celebrated here by a display of flags over the national, state and city buildings and prominent business houses, and also by receptions held by patriotic societies. In many of the public schools there was appropriate exercises.

Pittsburg, May 3.—Dewey day was celebrated by special exercises in the schools and by a reception to the three members of the Raleigh crew who were here to attend the mass meeting held in the evening. The city was gaily decorated in honor of Dewey.

New York, May 3.—Dewey day was celebrated in the public schools in this city by special exercises commemorating the victory of Manila, and by the flying of flags on all school buildings.

San Francisco, May 3.—Dewey day was observed as a state holiday. Special exercises took place in almost every city and town in California.

New Orleans, May 3.—Dewey day was elaborately celebrated here in the public schools.

PATRIOTIC BADGERS.

Wisconsin Legislators Observe Dewey Day.

Madison, Wis., May 3.—Dewey day was observed here by the floating of flags from the public and private buildings and by exercises in some of the public schools. The legislative chambers were handsomely draped with bunting and hung with pictures of Civil and Spanish war heroes. Both houses held Dewey celebrations before the sessions opened. Dr. C. C. Chittenden and Capt. John Nichols, who played the fife and drum together during the Civil War in the Eleventh Wisconsin, gave stirring selections. In the assembly Mr. True, author of the marriage license bill, presided, and speeches were made by Judge Orton and Rev. E. G. Updike. Dr. Updike's utterances evoked frequent applause. He said we had responsibilities in the Philippines and could not shirk them. He believed utterances in some of the Chicago pulpits Sunday bordered on treason, and that they would not have been tolerated during the Civil War and will not long be now. Dr. Updike is pastor of the Congregational church and has the largest congregation in the state. Both houses adopted a stirring joint resolution lauding Admiral Dewey for his great victory and tendering the thanks of the state.

Bandit Bound Over.

Ogden, Utah, May 3—James Morgan the bandit who was captured, claims that it was his brother, George Morgan, who was killed in the fight with the Ogden officers, and that they formerly resided in Chicago. Morgan is but nineteen years of age. The prisoner had a hearing at Brigham City, before Justice Hensen, and pleaded not guilty, although the evidence showed that he fired the shot that killed Capt. Brown. He was bound over to the district court.

Chinaman Burned to Death.

Sebastopol, Cala., May 3. — A fire here destroyed Chinatown, consuming fifty houses and causing a loss of $20,000. One Chinaman was burned to death.

Bishop McGavick Consecrated.

Chicago, May 3.—The Rt. Rev. A. J. McGavick was consecrated titular bishop of Marcopolis at the Holy Name cathedral, an auxiliary to Archbishop Feehan, who acted as consecrator and celebrant of the high mass.

The Nashville at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., May 3.—The United States gunboat Nashville entered Memphis harbor at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon amid the deafening shouts of more than 20,000 people. The city is decorated and full of visitors.

TROOPS AT WARDNER.

Martial Law Will be Declared at Once.

Wardner, Idaho, May 4.—Shortly after the arrival yesterday afternoon of Company M, Twenty-fourth infantry, Capt. Bachellor, commanding, a report became current that the union miners from Canyon Creek had started down to Wardner to wipe out the troops before reinforcements could arrive. Sixty non-union men, armed with rifles immediately rushed down the road from Wardner to the railroad station, one and one-half miles distant, to stop the pnion men. The report is not credited here, and was probably occasioned by the suspension of telegraphic communication between Wardner and Wallace. Quite a number of union men left town yesterday. But two arrests have been made and these are both out on bail. Martial law has not yet been declared but it is expected it will be to-day. Coroner France will commence the inquest as soon as the witnesses are subpoenaed.

Last night Sheriff Young deputized about fifty strikers to guard the Last Chance mine. A small party of the Bunker Hill miners had already been deputized as constables to guard the property. As four of them were returning home they were held up by Young's deputies and their rifles taken away from them. State Auditor Sinclair made a demand on the sheriff for the return of the property. Mr. Sinclair is urged by citizens to use his influence to procure martial law as the only hope for the law-abiding people in the Coeur d'Alene region. Five masked men were seen between Wardner and Kellogg last night, but no further outrages has been reported. A company of troops arrived from Spokane. Hundreds of people met them at the depot and gave them an enthusiastic greeting. The arrests of strikers have commenced.

More Troops.

Cheyenne, Wyo., May 4.—One hundred and twenty picked men from Companies C and I, Twenty-fourth infantry, colored, left here last night for Wardner, Idaho. Captains W. H. James and W. P. Jackson are in command. The men carry fifteen days' rations and 24,000 rounds of ammunition.

Gen. Merriam Takes Hold.

Boise, Idaho, May 4.—Gen. Merriam left here for Wardner after a conference with state officers. He declined to discuss his plans, but the orders he has issued for the movement of the troops indicate that he is prepared to deal firmly with the strikers.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 4. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 70 3-4@71 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 69 @ 70c.. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 31 3-4@32c; No. 2, 31 1-2@31 3-4c. Oats —No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c; No. 3, 27 1-2 @28c. Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 36@40c; No. 2 rye, 53c; No. 2 rye, 52c.

Duluth, May 4. — Wheat — Cash, No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 68 1-4c; No. 3 spring, 65c; to arrive, No 1 hard, 75 1-2c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2c; May, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-2c; July, No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 73 1-4c; September, No. 1 Northern, 71 3-4c. Oats—No. 2 Northern, 27 1-2c; rye, 58 1-2c; barley, 38@40c; flax, to arrive, $1.14; September, 94 1-2c; corn, 33c.

Minneapolis, May 4. — Wheat — May opened at 70 1-8c and closed at 70 1-4c; July opened at 71 7-8c and closed at 72c; September opened at 69 3-4 and closed at 70c. On track — No. 1 hard, 71 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 70 5-8c; No. 2 Northern, 69 1-8c.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 4. — Flour is steady. Wheat firmer; No. 1 Northern, 73 1-2@74c; No. 2 Northern, 72c. Oats steady at 28 1-4@30c. Rye steady; No. 1, 59@59 1-2c. Barley lower; No. 2, 44 1-2c; sample, 40@44 1-2c.

Chicago, May 4. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 74@75c; No. 3, 71 1-2@72 1-2c; No. 2 hard winter, 67@68c; No. 1 Northern spring, 72@73c; No. 2, 71@72c; No. 3, 66@71c. Corn—No. 2, 33 3-4@34c; No. 3, 33c. Oats—No. 2, 27@27 1-4c; No. 3, 27c.

Chicago, May 4. — Hogs — Light, $3.60@3.85; mixed, $3.60@3.85; heavy, $3.75@3.90; rough, $3.55@3.70. Cattle —Beeves, $4.25@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.90@2.75; Texas steers, $3.55@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5. Sheep — Natives, $3.50@5.10; lambs, $4.50@6.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 4. — Hogs — $3.55@3.70. Cattle — Beeves, $4 @ 5; cows and bulls, mixed, $2@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.50; calves and yearlings, $3.75@5.10.

South St. Paul, May 4. — Hogs — $3.57 1-2 @ 3.67 1-2. Cattle — Steers, $4.20@4.55; stockers, $3.40@3.75; feeders, $3.40; cows, $2.35@4.25; bulls, $2.75@3.40; calves, $5@5.75.

DAMAGE IN NEBRASKA.

Caused by Wind and Rain—Buildings Wrecked.

Omaha, May 4.—Specials to the Bee tell of damage yesterday from wind and rain in different parts of the state. At Columbus over an inch of rain fell, accompanied by a high wind which blew down trees, fences and outbuildings, causing a loss of $25,000. At the Knollin sheep ranch on the edge of town the buildings were wrecked and some sheep killed. At Kearney two inches of rain fell in an hour and cellars are flooded.

Menominee, Mich., May 4.—The Menominee river continues to rise and the danger of an inundation is not past. A crew of men worked all night throwing up a dike on Reindls street to prevent an overflow of the residence portion of the town. Over 1,000 logs owned by J. A. Dobey of Green Bay, piled on the shore of Green bay six miles north of this city, were swept out last night.

Gets Off Easy.

Breslau, May 4.—The trial of Herrmann, charged with the murder of his three wives, has concluded He was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment and ten years loss of civil rights.

Denied a License.

New York, May 4.—The police board has denied a license to the Coney Island Sporting club. There was a tie vote. This is the club under whose auspices the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight was scheduled to take place

ASKS AN EXCHANGE

GEN. M'ARTHUR SOLICITOUS ABOUT AMERICAN PRISONERS.

He Sends Rations and Supplies, Under a White Flag, for Sixteen Prisoners Held by the Filipinos, Among Them Being the Men From the Yorktown—Suggests to Gen. Luna an Exchange of Prisoners—Maj. Bell and Scouts Visit the Town of Maccabebe and Are Enthusiastically Received—Americans Save the Lives of Tagal Prisoners.

New York, May 3. — Sun's Manila special: Gen. MacArthur sent Maj. Shield and Lieut. Hayne to the Filipino lines under a white flag with ten days' rations and a supply of delicacies for sixteen American prisoners, ten of whom, according to Col. Arguelles, the Filipino envoy who visited Gen. Otis the other day, are members of the Yorktown's boat crew, who, with Lieut. Gilmore, were captured near Baler. The men with the supplies will push them on a hand-car from Apalet to Gen. Luna's headquarters at Santo Tomas, five miles north. Gen. MacArthur also sent a letter to Gen. Luna suggesting the exchange of a number of Filipinos for the American prisoners.

A party of 100 residents of Maccabebe entered the lines yesterday, asking for American protection against the Tagals. When Maj. Bell, with a party of scouts, visited Maccabebe the entire town turned out to welcome him. Bells were rung and the people shouted "Viva Americanos!" until they were hoarse. They eagerly besought the Americans to garrison the town for their protection. Five Tagal prisoners, including a lieutenant, who were captured by the Maccabebes, were about to be put to death as the Americans arrived. They were rescued by Maj. Bell and brought to Manila. The Maccabebes are anxious to enlist in the American army and fight the Tagals. They are armed only with bolos. The situation is unchanged. There is no fighting, and, under the circumstances, none is desired, everything being given up here to the celebration of the anniversary of Dewey's destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila bay. Admiral Dewey granted the fleet a holiday and held a reception on board his flagship.

Gen. Lawton is advancing. He has organized a band of forty scouts to go ahead of the column. The band, which is under Maj. Young, an old Indian fighter who killed five Filipinos last week, includes Diamond, Hammond, Summerfield and Murray, of the Second Oregon.

CAPT. ROCKEFELLER LOST.

He Was Captured While "Making Investigations."

Washington, May 3.—The war department has received no advices from Gen. Otis since Saturday concerning the conditions in the Philippines. In the two dispatches received no mention is made of the negotiations with the insurgents, nor of any fighting.

Gen. Otis reports that Capt. Rockefeller, of the Ninth infantry, has been missing since the 28th of April. Capt. Rockefeller was making some investigations about Caloocan and has not been seen since the date given. Some of his personal papers have been found about two miles from Caloocan. It is feared that he has been captured by some of the insurgent bands.

YORKTOWN MEN.

Ten of Them, Including Gilmore, Are Safe.

Washington, May 3.—The following cablegram has been received from Admiral Dewey:

Manila, April 30.—Secretary of the Navy, Washington: Apparently reliable information, ten of the Yorktown boat crew, including Gilmore, are prisoners at insurgent headquarters. Am continuing investigation.

—Dewey.

PRISONER RELEASED.

The Spaniards Very Promptly Let Mr. Melinder Go.

Washington, May 3.—Secretary Hay was formally notified of the release by the Spanish garrison at Ponape, in the Caroline islands, of a naturalized American citizen named Melinder, held as a prisoner of war since last summer. Mr. Melinder is a merchant trading in the Carolines and represents a San Francisco house there. He avowed his American citizenship soon after the war began and expressed sympathy with the American government. He was arrested and held as a prisoner of war.

COST OF WAR.

Our Bout With Spain Made Us "Dig Up" $275,000,000."

Washington, May 3. — An approximate calculation places the total expenditures of the treasury on account of the war with Spain from the beginning of the war preparations in March of last year up to the present time at $275,000,000. It is expected that the war expenditure for the remaining two months of the fiscal year will bring the total to that date up to about $300,000,000. It is impossible for the treasury officials to form even a rough estimate of what the war will eventually cost in the pay of increased pensions and miscellaneous charges on the treasury

Money for St. Louis Fair.

St. Louis, May 3.—The world's fair fund was further increased at a meeting held at the Mercantile club. Additional subscriptions increased the actually signed for to $2,673,000, in addition to $2,100,000 pledged by collecting committees.

Choate Dines Out.

London, May 3.—Joseph H. Choate United States ambassador, and Baron Russell, lord chief justice of England, were the prinsipal guests at the banquet of the Hardwicke society.

CASH PAID TO SPAIN.

Pay for Philippines Turned Over to M. Cambon.

Washington, May 3.—The last move in the negotiations terminating the war with Spain occurred yesterday when Secretary Hay paid to the French ambassador M. Cambon the $20,000,000 provided by the treaty of peace for the cession of the Philippines. The payment was made in four treasury warrants of $5,000,000 each and was receipted for by M. Cambon as completely liquidating the obligation of the United States in this connection. The ambassador deposited the $20,000,000 in the Riggs National bank of this city, and the cashing of the warrants is expected to be made later through the City National Bank of New York. The Spanish government was notified by cable of the payment, but nothing will be done as to forwarding the funds to Europe until Spain directs the next course to be pursued.

The original receipt was handed by Secretary Hay to Frank A. Branagan, the disbursing officer of the department of state, to be filed away. One copy was given to M. Cambon, another will be sent to United States Ambassador Porter at Paris, and a fourth copy to the auditor of the treasury. After receiving the $20,000,000 M. Cambon folded the four warrants and put them in his pocket case. Then he and Secretary Hay chatted over the speedy restoration of diplomatic relations between the United States and Spain, for this payment marked the very last step of the war negotiations. Mr. Hay desired to know when the Duke d'Arcos would arrive in Washington. M. Cambon said he thought the Spanish minister would come in about two or three weeks, still he was not certain of this, and said that this had been left largely to the duke's personal convenience.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

House Caucus Committee Reaches an Agreement.

Washington, May 3.—Representative Babcock of Wisconsin has returned from Atlantic City, where the house caucus committee on currency, of which he is a member, has been in session. He said that the committee had reached a tentative agreement upon a financial bill, but had agreed not to disclose the nature of the proposed plan until it is submitted to the members of the senate who are to confer with them. The meetings of the house committee are harmonious and the conclusion reached was unanimous. Mr. Babcock thought this plan for currency reform, which the conferees adopted, would receive the indorsement of the Republican house and would be satisfactory to the business interests of the country. The country. The meetings of the committee were secret, and no suggestions were received from any source.

TOO MANY WIVES.

A Doctor Accumulates More "Better-Halves" Than the Law Allows.

Winona, Minn., May 3.—A dispatch has been received here saying that Dr. Burroughs, a former resident of this county, is in jail at Dunkirk, N. Y., on the charge of bigamy. He is wanted here, at Niles, Mich., and at Meadville, Pa., on similar charges. At Niles he married the daughter of the chief of police. He then deserted her and came to this county, wedding a Miss Kelly of St. Charles. He left here shortly, leaving his wife, and went to Meadville, Pa., where he married an heiress. At Dunkirk, N. Y., he eloped with the daughter of the principal merchant in town. An effort will be made to bring him here to meet the charges preferred here.

THE HOANG-HO.

Germany Picks Out Her "Sphere of Influence."

Berlin, May 3.—It is the belief in political circles here that England having relinquished the open door in China and given her adhesion to the sphere of influence policy there, Germany must follow suit. The Tageblatt says: "The first consequence of the Anglo-Russian agreement must be that Germany, too, must declare that the Hoang-ho valley is to be her sphere. It would be a far-reaching error were Germany to confine herself to the Province of Shang-tung."

SITUATION IN SAMOA.

There Has Been No Further Serious Fighting.

Apia, Samoa, April 22, via Auckland, May 2.—The rebels, since advices under date of April 18, have retired from their fortifications at Vaillima, which they demolished, together with other forts along the coast. There has been no further serious fighting, although some skirmishing between the rebels and friendly natives has occurred in the vicinity of Apia. The British armed sloop Torch has arrived with ammunition from Sydney, N. S. W.

Two Lives Lost.

Kingston, Ont., May 3.—Two families named Shaw and Mosier have been camping on Grindstone island for some time. Last Thursday Shaw and Mrs. Mosier started in a small boat for the mainland. Nothing was heard of them until to-day when Mrs. Mosier's body was found off the island and the boat drifted ashore. Shaw's body has not been found.

Gould's Long Cruise.

New York, May 3.—Howard Gould's steam yacht Niagara is at quarantine, prepared for a long foreign cruise. She is to visit the Azores, ports in England, Scotland and Norway, and possibly Spitzbergen. The Niagara is expected to be back in time for the international races for the America's cup in the fall.

Severe Storm.

Chicago, May 3. — Wind, rain and hail worked havoc in a small area near Summit, Ill. Albert Lindstrom, a farmer, was seriously injured. Several buildings were destroyed an considerable live stock was killed.

To Test the Shamrock.

London, May 3.—The Standard says that the duke of Abruzzi's yacht Bona has been sold to J. H. Taylor of London, and will be used to try the speed of the Shamrock, the challenger for the America's cup

MINNESOTA NEWS

SCHOOL GRANT SKIPS A YEAR.

State Aid Not Provided for Current Twelve Month.

After all the care in drafting the Argetsinger bill and the thorough discussion and scrutiny of its friends, it seems to have left out state aid for the schools for one year entirely.

Auditor Dunn says there are no two ways about it. The appropriation available last August was duly distributed. The appropriation that, ordinarily, would have been available next August, is cut off by this measure. The appropriation authorized by the Aretsinger bill will first become available Aug. 1, 1900.

Supt. Lewis studied it until he had a headache, but he couldn't find any help for it. As a last resort, he will appeal to the governor and attorney general to see if there is not some way in which the intent of the legisture can, somehow, be carried out.

The former appropriations were carried under a long string of laws—chapter 144 of the General Laws of 1881, as amended by Chapter 101 of the general Laws of 1883; Chapter 61 of the Extra Session of 1881, as amended by Chapter 40 of the General Laws of 1883; Chapter 183 of the General Laws of 1885; Chapter 259, General Laws of 1897, as amended, and so on. They are all repealed by the passage of this act.

The new law, "an act to encourage a better condition of the public schools," grants and so on, makes new and larger grants in place of these appropriations. The comparative schedule is as follows:

	Old Law.	New Law.
High schools. $35,000		$85,000
Graded schools. ... 10,000		26,000
Rural schools 20,000		40,000
Semi-Graded.		11,000

Under the old law high schools were to receive $400 apiece; the new law grants $800. Graded schools get $100; the allowance is raised to $200. Rural schools got $50; hereafter, $75. The new class of semi-graded schools are to be entitled to $100 per year—beginning in 1900.

All this, it should be understood, is from the revenue fund of the state. It has nothing to do with the apportionment of the state school fund derived from the 1-mill tax and the revenues of the permanent school fund. That is not affected.

DELEGATES TO THE CONGRESS.

Minnesota Representatives of the Sons of the American Revolution.

The president of the Minnesota Society, Sons of the American Revolution, has appointed the following delegates and alternates to the tenth annual national congress of the society, which will open Monday, May 1, at Detroit Mich.:

Delegates: President, Hon. Eli Torrance Minneapolis; senior vice president, Hon. Walter H. Sanborn; delegate-at-large, Daniel R. Noyes; delegates, Edwin S. Chittenden, Hon. Andrew B. Robbins, Minneapolis, Capt. H. A. Castle and Hon. W. D. Cornish.

Alternate for the president, Hon. H. F. Stevens; for senior vice president, Hon. H. R. Spencer, Duluth; for delegate-at-large, Hon. Edward C. Stringer; for delegates, Col. James O. Pierce, Minneapolis; Capt. Charles H. McGill and Lawrence G. Washington.

It is expected that this gathering will be an exceptional one in size and interest. President McKinley, who is a member of the Ohio society, has promised to be present unless prevented by imperative public business, and a large attendance of delegates is assured. The exercises preliminary to the congress are to begin with a sermon by the chaplain-general, Rev. R. W. Clark, on Sunday evening, at the Congregational church in Detroit, before members of the society and of other patriotic organizations. The business meetings will take place Monday and Tuesday, May 1 and 2, and will conclude with a banquet at the Russell house Tuesday evening, for which more elaborate preparations have been made than for any other similar event in Detroit. At the banquet, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, late president of the New York society, and other prominent and eminent members of the organization, will make addresses. The Michigan society endeavored to secure the attendance of Senator Cushman K. Davis, a member of the Minnesota society, but, owing to his business engagements, he was unable to accept the pressing invitation extended to him.

TAX ON UNUSED LAND.

The Anderson Law Invoked Before Judge Quinn.

The Anderson law came up before Judge Quinn at Jackson, recently. The lands of the Sioux City & St. Paul Railway company were placed on the tax duplicates for 1897, and in January, 1899, the company answered, claiming the lands were exempt from taxation in the ordinary method, and only by the percentage system. This company is the successor of one of the territorial land grant companies, the Red River Valley & Southern Minnesota Railway company, afterwards the Minnesota Valley and St. Paul & Sioux City. The state claimed the right to tax the lands in the ordinary method, in addition to the percentage method, under the Anderson law. Judge Quinn took the case under advisement, and will doubtless certify it to the supreme court for final disposition. Attorney General Douglas and County Attorney Smith represented the state, and Daniel Rohrer of Worthington appeared for the railway company.

Grain Buyer Fails.

H. A. Waldron, independent grain buyer at Sargent, eight miles south of Hayfield, failed. Liabilities reported at $15,000; assets light. Waldron had been buying for the past year on contract to handle grain for farmers at 1 cent per bushel; but commission men advanced money to pay cash down, and he bought at Chicago prices. A meeting of farmers will be held, when they hope to relieve him.

LUTHER LEAGUE FOR STATE.

Young People of Lutheran Churches Extend Their Association on State Lines.

The Minnesota State Luther League organization was completed during the first annual convention of the league, held at Memorial English Evangelical Lutheran church, on Sixth street, St. Paul, in connection with the convention of the Twin City Central Luther league. The constitution was adopted, as prepared by a committee, consisting of Rev. A. Ramsey and G. H. Trabert, and the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year: President, Rev. A. Lohre, pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran church of Minneapolis; recording secretary, Miss L. Lagerstrom, of Salem English Lutheran church, Minneapolis; corresponding secretary, George W. Merrill, of Memorial Evangelical church, St. Paul; treasurer, William Lundgren, of Memorial Evangelical church, St. Paul.

The objects of the organization of the league are set forth in Article 3 of the constitution, adopted yesterday, and are as follows:

To encourage the formation of young people's societies in all the Lutheran congregations of this state, and to organize such societies into central or district associations wherever practicable.

To stimulate the various young people's societies to greater activity in their respective churches; to assist in keeping the young people confirmed in the church true to their confirmation vows; to secure the active co-operation and assistance of the young people to their pastors in maintaining and advancing the local church work.

To create a strong bond of friendship among the members of the various societies.

To facilitate the introduction into any society of a member coming into its bounds from another.

To protect and guard our young people against dangerous and vicious influences of various unchurchly and unbelieving associations surrounding them.

AWARD TO VOLUNTEERS.

Gen. Lambert Prepares to Distribute the Appropriation.

Adjt. Gen. Lambert is sending out a circular announcing to the veteran volunteers the terms under which they may have their share of the appropriation of $30,000 for arrears of pay. It ws granted by the legislature to give the men the difference between the government pay of $15 per month and the state pay of $1.50 per day for the time they were at Camp Ramsey on duty before being mustered into the service of the United States. It applies to members of the First, Second and Third, who became members of the Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth volunteers.

Rolls will be prepared in the adjutant general's office as soon as possible and sent to the company commanders, who are to return them with the receipts of the men. Payment through the company officers will follow on return of the receipts. That will probably be finished by June 1.

After June 1 the adjutant general will receive individual applications from men who do not now live at the company station. Applications will be furnished from his office on application. They will give the name, rank and company, and the postmaster's address at the present residence. The blank must be receipted in triplicate in the postmaster's presence, and a check will be returned.

In case of death, the payment will be made to the widow or the father or mother, or the next of kin, in that order of preference, requiring the same information as when the payment is made in person and additional affidavits as to relation. Gen. Lambert hopes to have the whole business concluded by July 1.

No claims are admissible unless filed in writing within a year.

GETTING IN THE SEED.

Wheat Already Sprouting in Southern Minnesota.

The weekly crop bulletin says:

"In the southern and middle counties the farmers generally report favorable weather during the week, and owing to the lateness of the season, they have made the fullest use of the time. Only light showers have occurred, and the soil has continued in excellent condition. Spring wheat seeding has been completed in many localities, and in the southern counties the first sown has sprouted and shows a good stand. South of Wilkin county rain and warmer weather will soon be needed for the successful germination of the seed. Plowing for corn is in full progress, and some garden truck and early potatoes have been planted. The weather has continued too cold and dry for grass, which is unusually late. In the Red River valley the farmers have not been so fortunate. On the 17th snow fell in Marshall and Polk counties to the depth of three inches, and on the 20th and 21st heavy rains swept over the valley, and but little seeding could be done until Monday. The low lands are still too wet to be worked. With favorable weather, the farmers in this section hope to have their wheat all sown by May 1."

President is Invited.

At the instance and request of many of the citizens of the city Mayor Kiefer, as chief executive, has sent to President McKinley an invitation to become a guest of St. Paul. It has been reported that the president contemplates a trip to the Yellowstone National Park this summer. Mayor Kiefer hastens to extend the hospitality of St. Paul, should the president come this way, by sending the following letter.

"His Excellency, William McKinley, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.—Sir: Giving credence to newspaper reports that you are shortly to make a Western trip, visiting our national park, I am directed by our people to most respectfully but urgently extend to you an invitation to be a guest of our citiens, should you, in making arrangements for the journey, select your route via our city.

"St. Paul desires to honor you, and I take this early opportunity to make this request, which its people hope you may grant.

"I am, sir, most sincerely, your obedient servant,

—"A. R. Kiefer, Mayor."

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1899.

Ten Pages

BILLY BRYAN will have acquired a severe case of dyspepsia before the campaign of 1900 is fairly launched if he doesn't stop attending so many banquets.

ADMIRAL DEWEY celebrated the anniversary of his victory at Manila on Monday by granting his fleet a holiday and holding a reception on board his flag ship.

AGUINALDO wants peace but he desires to dictate the terms to suit himself. In the meantime Uncle Sam will keep right after the Filipinos until Aggy comes to his senses.

MRS. BLAISDELL, better known as the "Minnesota Blizzard," has been granted a pension and $400 back pay by the government. This will be a relief to state and government officials, as many can testify to.

THE government engineer gives out the statement that the Winnibigoshish, Pokegama and Leech Lake dams have become so weakened by long service that it is not thought advisable to attempt to retain the water in the lakes this year.

Now that beer tablets are on the market a man can carry a comfortable jag around in his vest pocket. One tablet placed in a glass of water is said to turn it into beer as fresh as if just drawn. The possibilities of the nineteenth century are great.

ST. CLOUD has lost its tax case against the Scottish American Mortgage company, the supreme court holding the city had no right to tax foreign loaning companies, and that notes due from residents and secured on real estate were not properly taxable.

IT is stated in Washington that Monroe Nichols, of Duluth, has declined an $1,800 position in the census department, and is out for a place with more salary attached. Monroe believes in going after a "good thing" when he starts even if he does fall down. It is also stated that John J. Bubar, of St. Cloud, will be endorsed for the place Nichols has declined.

PROMINENT stockmen of western Minnesota and North Dakota will hold an interstate stock-raiser's convention at Fargo about the middle of July, the exact date to be announced later. Hon. James Wilson, secretary of the department of agriculture, will be present, also J. J. Hill and other notables. The Northern Pacific and other roads will give a rate of one fare for the round trip.

THE pike crop at the state fish hatchery this year will be a failure, the executive agent of the commission having secured only one million eggs, when one hundred million was the number expected. As a result no new territory can be stocked with pike this season. The section of the country adjacent to and north of Brainerd, however, will furnish the sportsmen with all the pike fishing they desire, and the lakes do not need stocking, either.

THE legal holidays of Minnesota now include the following: New Year's day; Feb. 12th, Lincoln's birthday: Feb. 22nd, Washington's birthday; May 30th, Memorial day; the 4th of July; the first Monday in September, Labor day; the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even numbered years, election day, and Christmas day. New Years, July 4th and Christmas, while always observed in Minnesota, were not legal holidays in the state until the last session of the legislature, although they were national holidays.

THE RAVINE BRIDGE ACCEPTED.

The Council Passes an Ordinance Requiring Bicycle Riders to Obtain a License.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening with a full board present. Routine business was transacted and reports of city officers were received and filed.

The city clerk made a report to the council regarding the sale of wood and ties from the city park property. There were 181½ cords of wood and 1070 ties cut from the timber from the sale of which $125.30 was realized, only 42 cords of the wood being sold and the balance 139½ cords were retained by the city for the use at the electric light station and hose house.

The superintendent of electric lights made a report regarding the bursting of the reserve armature and asked that two lightning arresters be purchased which report was accepted and request granted.

Bills against the city as follows were audited and ordered paid:

City pay roll	$584 16
Street pay roll	135 67
Electric light pay roll	237 50
W D McKay, freight	10 42
R K Whiteley, salary	32 00
M Hanson, driver	39 00
Tribune, publishing	25 05
A P Farrar, rent	11 00
Slipp Bros, supplies	7 15
S & J W Koop, supplies	17 95
W H Erb, supplies	3 85
F J Murphy, plumbing, etc	10 16
Parker & Topping, castings	2 91
W E Stickney, machine work	23 00
M K Swartz, supplies	1 45
Electrical supplies	120 00

Bills of the Brainerd Lumber Co. were referred to the street committee.

The street committee made a report stating that they had examined the East Brainerd bridge and found the same completed and the workmanship and material furnished according to plans and specifications and recommended that said bridge be accepted and that C. B. Rowley be paid the sum of $2344.80, the balance of the contract price. A recommendation was also made that six additional sway brace rods be put on the bridge. The report was accepted and the clerk was instructed to draw an order in favor of Mr. Rowley for the above amount.

The electric light committee made a report in regard to improvements at the city plant and a motion was made and carried to have them communicate with Mr. Long regading the drawing up of plans and specifications and to give an estimate upon the improvement of the entire system.

The bridge across the Mississippi river at the dam was condemned and the street commissioner was instructed to close the same.

The street committee was instructed to advertise for bids for grading at both ends of the bridge across the marsh on the west side of the river.

The matter of repairing Mill street in East Brainerd, and Norwood street west of the St. Paul track was referred to the street committe with power to act.

The request of the Retail Clerks Union to have the hose house bell rung at 8 o'clock on Monday Wednesday and Thursday nights was granted and janitor instructed accordingly.

The council by an unanimous vote granted the request of Pap Thomas Post G. A. R. for aid in observing Memorial day and the clerk was instructed to issue an order for $50 for that purpose.

The fire committee was instructed to notify J. M. Elder to have the hydrants flushed at once.

The matter of having proper parties repair leak in water pipes on Norwood street was referred to the fire committee to act in conjunction with the city attorney.

The city clerk was instructed to procure 500 dog license tags at once.

Liquor license were granted to John Wise, H. E. Hoey and Louis Tache.

Ordinance No. 194 "an ordinance licensing the use of bicycles" was introduced. The ordinance reads as follows:

The council of the city of Brainerd do ordain:

Sec. 1. No person or persons shall ride or otherwise use any bicycle upon any street, alley, highway, path or public ground within the corporate limits of the city of Brainerd without first procuring a license so to do.

Sec. 2. The applicant for such license shall pay to the city treasurer of said city the sum of $1.00 as and for the license fee for each and every bicycle so to be ridden and used, and all licenses under this ordinance shall be granted and recorded as provided in Sections 4 and 5 of Ordinance No 94, entitled "an ordinance regulating licenses in the city of Brainerd" and every license so granted and issued shall expire in one year after the date of issue thereof.

Sec. 3. Any person who shall fail to comply with the provisions and requirements of this ordinance shall, upon the conviction thereof before the municipal court of said city be punished by a fine of not less than $5 nor more than $10, and be imprisoned until such fine is paid not exceeding ten days.

Sec. 4 This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

A motion to lay the ordinance on the table until the next meeting was defeated by the following vote: Ayes—Ald. Koop, Gardner and Jamieson. Nays—Ald. Crust, Adair, Low, Cohen, Johnson and Halladay.

The vote on the first and second reading and final passage of the ordinance stood as above.

The council accepted the invitation of Pap Thomas Post to participate in Memorial day exercises.

DR. REA

EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT.

Catarrhal, Chronic and Nervouse Disease

SPECIALIST

Of the Famous Southern Medical and Surgical Institute, of Louisville, Ky., by Special Request has arranged to visit Brainerd, and will be at the

ARLINGTON HOTEL,
THURSDAY, MAY 11th and 12th,

From Thursday, 1 o'clock p. m., until Friday noon. Returning to see his patients every Four Weeks.



DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT, granulated lids, cataract, cross-eyes straightened without pain or danger, blindness prevented, discharging ears, deafness, ringing in the ears, catarrh bronchitis, asthma. Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS, dyspepsia, indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, biliousness, jaundice. KIDNEY AND BLADDER troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, etc. BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, scrofula, pimples, blotches, eczema, facial blemishes, ulcers, etc. NERVOUS DISEASES, epilepsy, hysteria, paralysis, lack of vitality, rheumatism, neuralgia HEART DISEASES, poor circulation, palpitation, dizziness, etc. CANCERS, TUMORS cured without cutting and without caustics and without pain—new method. PILES, FISTULA, FISSURE AND CONSTIPATION, Diseases of women, painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, uterine displacements, nervous weakness cured by a modern method. No unpleasant examinations. DEFORMITIES, CLUB FEET, curvature of the spine, slow growth in children and wasting diseases in adults. EARLY CONSUMPTION, goiter. Small and weak parts enlarged and strengthened. OLD, YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN suffering from nerveus debility, seminal weakness, loss of vigor, decline of manly powers, drains, discharges and losses, varicocele, and all the evils resulting from sexual excess and youthful follies, producing some of the following effects, as weakness, emission, pimples, blotches, dizziness, defective memory, absence of will power, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, sexual exhaustion, pain in the back, bashfulness in society, dreams, etc., rendering marriage unhappy and business failures, receive prompt relief and a cure for life. No matter who have failed. No experiments or failures. No incurable cases taken. Consultation confidential and free to those interested. Minneapolis office, 329 Boston Block.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 3rd, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes A. Gillis, Deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Almond A. White, of the County of Ramsey, representing, among other things, that Agnes A. Gillis, late of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1899, at the County of Crow Wing, died testate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of her death, leaving goods, chatiels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is Creditor of said deceased, and praying that letters of administration with the will annexed of said estate be to L. P. White, Jr., granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the city of Brainerd in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in "The Brainerd Dispatch", a weekly newspaper printed and published at the city of Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

(SEAL)

LEON E. LUM,
3t Attorney for Administrator.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigerous life.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

If you intend to buy a bicycle call on D. M. Clark & Co., before doing so.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., March 31, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday May 16 1899, viz: Christ A. Nelson, H. E. No. 15262, for the NE ¼ NW¼, Sec. 4, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Jonathan B. Swisher, Lewis Wicks, Henry M. Dye, Carl E. Carlson, P. O. address of all Flak, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

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Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, May 20th, 1899, viz: George Frost H. E. No. 15744 for the S½ NE¼ SE¼ NW¼, Lot 1, Sec. 32, Twp. 137, Range 27.

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M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 17, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the followig-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, May 27th, 1899, viz: Richard Schmalz, H. E. No. 15,620, for the SE¼ NW¼, E½ SW¼, and NW¼ SE¼, Sec. 6, Township 43, Range 28.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Freichler, John Norman, David Dykeman and James Dykeman, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing Co., Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the condition of a mortgage, executed and delivered by H. J. Spencer and Lillian J. Spencer mortzagors, to James S. Gardner mortgagee, dated October 30th, A. D. 1895, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on November 1st, A. D. 1895, at 4.15 o'clock p. m., in book O of Mortgages, on page 42 on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice Two hundred ninety eight and 33-100 dollars, ($298.33), and no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby given, that under a power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing county at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgagee and costs and expenses of sale, including Twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing county, Minnesota, and described as follows, towit:

Lot Eight, of Section Three, in Township Forty-five, Range Twenty-eight, the South-east quarter of the North-west quarter, the South-east quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-west quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-east quarter of the South-west quarter, Lots One, Two, Three and Four, all in Section Thirty, in Township Forty-seven, Range Twenty-nine.

S. F. ALDERMAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.
J. S. GARDNER, Mortgagee.

Dated March 30th, 1899.

Notice of Final Proof.

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Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, May 29th, 1899, viz: Charley Hall, H. E. No 16,542, for the SE¼, Sec. 22, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Love, Orlow J. Dane, Peter Burto, John Williams, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing Co., Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

WILLIAM BLACK BLUNDELL, Plaintiff.

vs.

ANNIE LINZEY BLUNDELL, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber at his office in Brainerd, in said County, within Thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will appiy to the Court for the relief demanded in Complaint.

Dated April 27th 1899.

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office: Room 16, First National Bank Block, Brainerd, Minnesota.
6t

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given, That Adaline Chounard executed to the Lombard Investment Company, a certain mortgage which is dated the Twenty-fourth (24th) day of September, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), whereby she mortgaged unto said Lombard Investment Company, its successors and assigns, the following property located in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, to-wit: The Southwest quarter of Southeast quarter and North half of Southeast quarter and Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter, all in Section Twenty-six (26), and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-five (35), all in Township Forty-three (43), of Range Thirty-two (32), which mortgage was on the First (1st) day of October, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of said County, in Book "H" of Mortgages, at pages Sixty-eight (68) to Seventy-one (71) inclusive; said mortgage and indebtedness therein named was assigned under date of October Eighth (8th), Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), to Harry J. Deuel, and said assignment was recorded in said Register's office April 13th, 1899, in Book "H" of Mortgages at Page 527. That default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage debt and obligation Fifteen Hundred and Ninety-four Dollars and Eighty Cents ($1594.80), and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt by said mortgage secured.

Notice is also given, That by virtue and pursuant to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public action at the front door of the Sheriff's Office in the Court House of said Crow Wing County, in Brainerd, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 17th day of June, 1899, at Ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day to recover the unpaid debt then secured by said mortgage, including Twenty-five Dollars ($25), the attorney's fee named in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and expenses of these proceedings allowed by law.

Dated April 24th, 1899.

HARRY J. DEUEL, Said Assignee.

CHAS. N. BELL and GEORGE E. BUDD, Attorneys for said Assignee, Room 51, Gilfillan Block, St. Paul, Minn.
6-t

S. & J. W. KOOP,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Brick Manufacturer.

Railroad Ties Bought For Cash.

Goods Promptly Delivered to all Parts of the City.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST,

We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

Guns and Ammuition. **C. B. WHITE,** Fishing Tackle.

Contractor and Builder.

HARDWARE

Let us furnish Plans and Specifications for your New House. At the same time get Our Prices on

Sash, Doors and Builders' Hardware.

Paints and Oils. **I. U. WHITE, MANAGER.** Fence Wire.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every Description For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

NORTHERN PACIFIC — YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH

To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE

W D McKAY Agt Brainerd, Minn. | Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A. ST. PAUL, MINN.

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD-BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	12:05 p. m.	12:30 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express.	3:30 a. m.	3:40 a. m.
No. 12—Duluth Mail.	11:50 a. m.	12:10 p. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	9:15 a. m.	10:15 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:55 p. m.	9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND.		
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:00 p. m.	1:20 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail.	11:59 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
No. 13—Duluth Mail	11:50 p. m.	12:01 a. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:20 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.

L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris.		6:30 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd.	5:15 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1899.

Ten Pages

BILLY BRYAN will have acquired a severe case of dyspepsia before the campaign of 1900 is fairly launched if he doesn't stop attending so many banquets.

ADMIRAL DEWEY celebrated the anniversary of his victory at Manila on Monday by granting his fleet a holiday and holding a reception on board his flag ship.

AGUINALDO wants peace but he desires to dictate the terms to suit himself. In the meantime Uncle Sam will keep right after the Filipinos until Aggy comes to his senses.

MRS. BLAISDELL, better known as the "Minnesota Blizzard," has been granted a pension and $400 back pay by the government. This will be a relief to state and government officials, as many can testify to.

THE government engineer gives out the statement that the Winnibigoshish, Pokegama and Leech Lake dams have become so weakened by long service that it is not thought advisable to attempt to retain the water in the lakes this year.

Now that beer tablets are on the market a man can carry a comfortable jag around in his vest pocket. One tablet placed in a glass of water is said to turn it into beer as fresh as if just drawn. The possibilities of the nineteenth century are great.

ST. CLOUD has lost its tax case against the Scottish American Mortgage company, the supreme court holding the city had no right to tax foreign loaning companies, and that notes due from residents and secured on real estate were not properly taxable.

IT is stated in Washington that Monroe Nichols, of Duluth, has declined an $1,800 position in the census department, and is out for a place with more salary attached. Monroe believes in going after a "good thing" when he starts even if he does fall down. It is also stated that John J. Bubar, of St. Cloud, will be endorsed for the place Nichols has declined.

PROMINENT stockmen of western Minnesota and North Dakota will hold an interstate stock-raiser's convention at Fargo about the middle of July, the exact date to be announced later. Hon. James Wilson, secretary of the department of agriculture, will be present, also J. J. Hill and other notables. The Northern Pacific and other roads will give a rate of one fare for the round trip.

THE pike crop at the state fish hatchery this year will be a failure, the executive agent of the commission having secured only one million eggs, when one hundred million was the number expected. As a result no new territory can be stocked with pike this season. The section of the country adjacent to and north of Brainerd, however, will furnish the sportsmen with all the pike fishing they desire, and the lakes do not need stocking, either.

THE legal holidays of Minnesota now include the following: New Year's day; Feb. 12th, Lincoln's birthday: Feb. 22nd, Washington's birthday; May 30th, Memorial day; the 4th of July; the first Monday in September, Labor day; the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even numbered years, election day, and Christmas day. New Years, July 4th and Christmas, while always observed in Minnesota, were not legal holidays in the state until the last session of the legislature, although they were national holidays.

THE RAVINE BRIDGE ACCEPTED.

The Council Passes an Ordinance Requiring Bicycle Riders to Obtain a License.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening with a full board present. Routine business was transacted and reports of city officers were received and filed.

The city clerk made a report to the council regarding the sale of wood and ties from the city park property. There were 181½ cords of wood and 1070 ties cut from the timber from the sale of which $125.30 was realized, only 42 cords of the wood being sold and the balance 139½ cords were retained by the city for the use at the electric light station and hose house.

The superintendent of electric lights made a report regarding the bursting of the reserve armature and asked that two lightning arresters be purchased which report was accepted and request granted.

Bills against the city as follows were audited and ordered paid:

City pay roll	$584 16
Street pay roll	135 67
Electric light pay roll	237 50
W D McKay, freight	10 42
R K Whiteley, salary	32 00
M Hanson, driver	39 00
Tribune, publishing	25 05
A P Farrar, rent	11 00
Slipp Bros, supplies	7 15
S & J W Koop, supplies	17 95
W H Erb, supplies	3 85
F J Murphy, plumbing, etc	10 16
Parker & Topping, castings	2 91
W E Stickney, machine work	23 00
M K Swartz, supplies	1 45
Electrical supplies	120 00

Bills of the Brainerd Lumber Co. were referred to the street committee.

The street committee made a report stating that they had examined the East Brainerd bridge and found the same completed and the workmanship and material furnished according to plans and specifications and recommended that said bridge be accepted and that C. B. Rowley be paid the sum of $2344.80, the balance of the contract price. A recommendation was also made that six additional sway brace rods be put on the bridge. The report was accepted and the clerk was instructed to draw an order in favor of Mr. Rowley for the above amount.

The electric light committee made a report in regard to improvements at the city plant and a motion was made and carried to have them communicate with Mr. Long regading the drawing up of plans and specifications and to give an estimate upon the improvement of the entire system.

The bridge across the Mississippi river at the dam was condemned and the street commissioner was instructed to close the same.

The street committee was instructed to advertise for bids for grading at both ends of the bridge across the marsh on the west side of the river.

The matter of repairing Mill street in East Brainerd, and Norwood street west of the St. Paul track was referred to the street committe with power to act.

The request of the Retail Clerks Union to have the hose house bell rung at 8 o'clock on Monday Wednesday and Thursday nights was granted and janitor instructed accordingly.

The council by an unanimous vote granted the request of Pap Thomas Post G. A. R. for aid in observing Memorial day and the clerk was instructed to issue an order for $50 for that purpose.

The fire committee was instructed to notify J. M. Elder to have the hydrants flushed at once.

The matter of having proper parties repair leak in water pipes on Norwood street was referred to the fire committee to act in conjunction with the city attorney.

The city clerk was instructed to procure 500 dog license tags at once.

Liquor license were granted to John Wise, H. E. Hoey and Louis Tache.

Ordinance No. 194 "an ordinance licensing the use of bicycles" was introduced. The ordinance reads as follows:

The council of the city of Brainerd do ordain:

Sec. 1. No person or persons shall ride or otherwise use any bicycle upon any street, alley, highway, path or public ground within the corporate limits of the city of Brainerd without first procuring a license so to do.

Sec. 2. The applicant for such license shall pay to the city treasurer of said city the sum of $1.00 as and for the license fee for each and every bicycle so to be ridden and used, and all licenses under this ordinance shall be granted and recorded as provided in Sections 4 and 5 of Ordinance No 94, entitled "an ordinance regulating licenses in the city of Brainerd" and every license so granted and issued shall expire in one year after the date of issue thereof.

Sec. 3. Any person who shall fail to comply with the provisions and requirements of this ordinance shall, upon the conviction thereof before the municipal court of said city be punished by a fine of not less than $5 nor more than $10, and be imprisoned until such fine is paid not exceeding ten days.

Sec. 4 This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

A motion to lay the ordinance on the table until the next meeting was defeated by the following vote: Ayes—Ald. Koop, Gardner and Jamieson. Nays—Ald. Crust, Adair, Low, Cohen, Johnson and Halladay.

The vote on the first and second reading and final passage of the ordinance stood as above.

The council accepted the invitation of Pap Thomas Post to participate in Memorial day exercises.

DR. REA

EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT.

Catarrhal, Chronic and Nervouse Disease

SPECIALIST

Of the Famous Southern Medical and Surgical Institute, of Louisville, Ky., by Special Request has arranged to visit Brainerd, and will be at the

ARLINGTON HOTEL, THURSDAY, MAY 11th and 12th,

From Thursday, 1 o'clock p. m., until Friday noon. Returning to see his patients every Four Weeks.



DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT, granulated lids, cataract, cross-eyes straightened without pain or danger, blindness prevented, discharging ears, deafness, ringing in the ears, catarrh bronchitis, asthma. Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS, dyspepsia, indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, biliousness, jaundice. KIDNEY AND BLADDER troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, etc. BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, scrofula, pimples, blotches, eczema, facial blemishes, ulcers, etc. NERVOUS DISEASES, epilepsy, hysteria, paralysis, lack of vitality, rheumatism, neuralgia HEART DISEASES, poor circulation, palpitation, dizziness, etc. CANCERS, TUMORS cured without cutting and without caustics and without pain—new method. PILES, FISTULA, FISSURE AND CONSTIPATION, Diseases of women, painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, uterine displacements, nervous weakness cured by a modern method. No unpleasant examinations. DEFORMITIES, CLUB FEET, curvature of the spine, slow growth in children and wasting diseases in adults. EARLY CONSUMPTION, goiter. Small and weak parts enlarged and strengthened. OLD, YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN suffering from nervous debility, seminal weakness, loss of vigor, decline of manly powers, drains, discharges and losses, varicocele, and all the evils resulting from sexual excess and youthful follies, producing some of the following effects, as weakness, emission, pimples, blotches, dizziness, defective memory, absence of will power, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, sexual exhaustion, pain in the back, bashfulness in society, dreams, etc., rendering marriage unhappy and business failures, receive prompt relief and a cure for life. No matter who have failed. No experiments or failures. No incurable cases taken. Consultation confidential and free to those interested. Minneapolis office. 329 Boston Block.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 3rd, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes A. Gillis, Deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Almond A. White, of the County of Ramsey, representing, among other things, that Agnes A. Gillis, late of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1899, at the County of Crow Wing, died testate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is Creditor of said deceased, and praying that letters of administration with the will annexed of said estate be to L. P. White, Jr., granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the city of Brainerd in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in "The Brainerd Dispatch", a weekly newspaper printed and published at the city of Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1899.

(SEAL.) By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM,
3t Attorney for Administrator.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigerous life.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

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M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

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M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the condition of a mortgage, executed and delivered by H. J. Spencer and Lillian J. Spencer mortgagors, to James S. Gardner mortgagee, dated October 30th, A. D. 1895, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on November 1st, A. D. 1895, at 4.15 o'clock p. m., in book O of Mortgages, on page 42 on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice Two hundred ninety eight and 33-100 dollars, ($298.33), and no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby given, that under a power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing county at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgagee and costs and expenses of sale, including Twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing county, Minnesota, and described as follows, towit:

Lot Eight, of Section Three, in Township Forty-five, Range Twenty-eight, the South-east quarter of the North-west quarter, the South-east quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-west quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-east quarter of the South-west quarter, Lots One, Two, Three and Four, all in Section Thirty, in Township Forty-seven, Range Twenty-nine.

S. F. ALDERMAN, Attorney for Mortgagee. J. S. GARDNER, Mortgagee.

Dated March 30th, 1899.

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M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court. 15th Judicial District.

WILLIAM BLACK BLUNDELL, Plaintiff.

vs.

ANNIE LINZEY BLUNDELL, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber at his office in Brainerd, in said County, within Thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in Complaint.

Dated April 27th 1899.

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office: Room 16, First National Bank Block, 6t Brainerd, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given, That Adaline Chounard executed to the Lombard Investment Company, a certain mortgage which is dated the Twenty-fourth (24th) day of September, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), whereby she mortgaged unto said Lombard Investment Company, its successors and assigns, the following property located in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, to-wit: The Southwest quarter of Southeast quarter and North half of Southeast quarter and Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter, all in Section Twenty-six (26), and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-five (35), all in Township Forty-three (43), of Range Thirty-two (32), which mortgage was on the First (1st) day of October, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of said County, in Book "H" of Morigages, at pages Sixty-eight (68) to Seventy-one (71) inclusive; said mortgage and indebtedness therein named was assigned under date of October Eighth (8th), Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), to Harry J. Deuel, and said assignment was recorded in said Register's office April 13th, 1899, in Book "H" of Mortgages at page 567. That default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage debt and obligation Fifteen Hundred and Ninety-four Dollars and Eighty Cents ($1594.80), and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt by said mortgage secured.

Notice is also given, That by virtue and pursuant to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public action at the front door of the Sheriff's Office in the Court House of said Crow Wing County, in Brainerd, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 17th day of June, 1899, at Ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day to recover the unpaid debt then secured by said mortgage, including Twenty-five Dollars ($25), the attorney's fee named in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and expenses of these proceedings allowed by law.

Dated April 24th, 1899.

HARRY J. DEUEL, Said Assignee.

CHAS. N. BELL and GEORGE E. BUDD, Attorneys for said Assignee, Room 51, Gilfillan Block, St. Paul, Minn.

6-t

S. & J. W. KOOP,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Brick Manufacturer.

Railroad Ties Bought For Cash.

Goods Promptly Delivered to all Parts of the City.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST,

We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

Guns and Ammuition. **C. B. WHITE,** Fishing Tackle.

Contractor and Builder.

HARDWARE

Let us furnish Plans and Specifications for your New House. At the same time get Our Prices on

Sash, Doors and Builders' Hardware.

Paints and Oils. **I. U. WHITE, MANAGER.** Fence Wire.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every Description For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH

To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE

W D McKAY Agt Brainerd, Minn. | Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A. ST. PAUL, MINN.

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD—BRAINERD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
EAST BOUND:		
No. 6, St. Paul Express	12:05 p. m.	12:30 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:30 a. m.	3:40 a. m.
No. 12—Duluth Mail	11:50 a. m.	12:10 p. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	9:15 a. m.	10:15 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:55 p. m.	9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND.		
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:00 p. m.	1:20 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail	11:59 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
No. 13—Duluth Mail	11:50 p. m.	12:01 a. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:20 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.

L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 13, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris		6:20 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd	5:15 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED. Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1899.

Ten Pages

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners, Meeting Held May 2nd 1899.

[OFFICIAL.]

All members present except Commissioner Paine.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and and approved as corrected.

On motion duly carried John Bark was appointed road overseer for the north half of town 46, range 29 in place of Wm. Lyle resigned, and R. Wolford was appointed road overseer in town 47 range 29.

H. I. Cohen and S. R. Adair, committee from the city council, requested permission to occupy the Judge of Probate's office temporarily for use of the city clerk, the judge of probate consenting and on motion duly carried the request was granted.

Verbal report of Commissioner Cale, accompanied by county treasurer's receipt for $83.30 as proceeds of note given by J. P. Dahlberg in reinbursement for expenses of medical treatment, drugs and burial of Al. Dahlberg, was on motion duly carried, accepted.

Report for April 1899 of George S. McCulloch overseer of poor farm was made and accepted.

Abatement of valuation of lots 5 and 6 in block 2, Sleeper addition to Brainerd in the sum of $200 was recommended to be made to the state auditor.

Report of the clerk of the Municipal court accompanied by a check for $97.25 representing fines in state cases since Oct. 28th, 1898, was read and accepted.

Communication from State Auditor Dunn, relating to the appointment of an appraiser for school lands was read and on motion duly carried Albert Athetton was appointed as such appraiser.

Petition of citizens in town 137, Range 25, for the formation of a new school district to be composed of the west half of town 137, range 25 and the east half of town 137, range 26 was read and on motion duly carried, granted.

Communication from C. S. Nichols asking an appropriation of $50 towards defrayirg costs of suitable engravings to advertise the agricultural resources of the county in the illustrated supplement to be issued by the Brainerd Tribune, was tabled.

Report of Commissioner Archibald and county surveyor on the survey of Klondike and Rabbit Lake county road was read and accepted.

Petition for a county road on town line between towns 43, ranges 30 and 31, was read, and on motion duly carried the same was granted and a survey of said road ordered made.

A committee of citizens, being composed of Messrs. W. S. McClenahan, H. I. Cohen, W. D. McKay, M. K. Swartz and A. J. Halstead, appeared and urged the appropriation of $50 in aid of the herein before mentioned illustrated supplement to the Brainerd Tribune, and after some discussion the matter was left over 'til next meeting of the board.

Aremonstrance against organizing Town 46, Range 29, was read and accepted.

Report of auditor on the text book matter was read and accepted and the county attorney was directed to effect settlement with delinquent text book agents.

Board adjourned until Tuesday, May 9th, at 10 a. m.

A. MAHLUM,
County Auditor.

FROM TENNESSEE TO TEXAS

A Beautiful Woman

Rescued From Death in a Desperate Way.

John Alexander Depew was a queer man, known throughout the South from Savannah, on the east, to Santa Fe and the borders of old Mexico on the west. For thirty years he had gone to bed poor, expecting to be rich the next day He had spent his early days in unsuccessful mining ventures, finally becoming discouraged, and engaging in the cattle raising business in Texas early in the sixties. But his turn came. Slowly but surely, in the face of numerous vicissitudes, he accumulated a fortune of over a million dollars.

He now had money to burn. Notwithstanding he was on the shady side of sixty, with his hair and beard long and unkempt, he was considered a great catch by the mothers of marriageable daughters.

By the aid of a barber, a few Turkish baths and a tailor, Mr. Depew was changed from the rough cattleman to a very respectable, fine-looking, elderly gentleman. In this improved condition he returned to his old home in the east where, thirty years before, he had left a sweetheart to whom he had vowed that he would return some time, and make her his wife. The girl had waited for years in vain for her recreant lover's return, finally giving him up for dead, and marrying a prosperous merchant. Her husband died during the war, she following a few years later, leaving a beautiful daughter.

On the old ranchman's return to the scene of his youth, he found his sweetheart, since a wife and mother, dead, but in her stead, he found an exact image in the daughter. His love for his child knew no bounds. He could scarcely realize that she was not his old sweetheart of thirty years ago. By his devotion and attention (possibly aided by his gold) he soon distanced all rivals, and Imogene Middleton was soon Imogene Depew.

Never was there a happier man than this old ranchman with his girl bride, notwithstanding the fact that a dark cloud hung over him in the form of a warning from his physicians that she was going into a decline and could not live long. He refused to believe it, and added to her happiness by laying in her lap the wealth of thousands.

She grew fearfully and rapidly worse, and many of the leading physicians of the country were consulted, but no two agreed as to her trouble.

"A heart trouble," said one, with a grave look; "a complication of difficulties involving the liver and spleen," said a second; while the third pronounced it an "incurable lung affection."

In September of 1893, Mr. Depew and his dying wife visited Louisville, Ky., to consult, as a last resort, a noted specialist of that city. This specialist was out of the city for about three weeks, at that time, and the disappointed couple returned to their southern home without seeing him.

The middle of the month new symptoms developed and, after a consultation of physicians, Mr. Depew was informed, again, that his wife was dying; that she might live a day or two, but that she could not last long.

Then it was that Mr. Depew sent to Dr. Rea, of Louisville, who was then at the Peabody Hotel, in Memphis, Tenn., the following telegram:

"My wife is dying. Doctors have given her up. Come quick. Spare no expense. Answer at once."

To which Dr. Rea answered: "Will come without delay."

In thirty minutes Dr. Rea was on a special car, en route to Galveston, Mr. Depew's home, and after a fast and exciting ride, he arrived at 12:05 the next day.

He was met at the depot by the anxious husband, who said: "I am glad to see you, but I am afraid it is too late, my wife is dying, she is unconscious."

"Let us hasten to the house," said the doctor. He found his patient propped up in bed in a half-conscious state, gasping for breath and cold up to the knees, with two nurses fanning her.

In less than one minute, Dr. Rea said: "I discover a great accumulation of pus which is drowning out the lungs and heart."

He realized that the woman was nearly gone. In less time than it takes to write it, his instruments were brought into play. He made a deep incision; the heavy pus matter poured forth until nearly two pints were discharged. In twenty minutes the patient was comfortable, conscious and free from labored breathing. After inserting a drainage tube, and giving directions to the nurses, he pronounced her out of danger, and bade the family good-bye. Just one hour and fifty-five minutes from the time he stopped at the depot, he pulled out for Louisville over the Southern Pacific Road.

Mrs. Depew improved rapidly, and in a few months, under Dr. Rea's care, through correspondence, was cured, and is this day a wonderful illustration of the phenomenal skill of the most remarkable physician of this age.

Had not Dr. Rea, by his seemingly supernatural power, detected accurately the exact location of her disease, his treatment would have been of no avail.

I say Dr. Rea can describe to any man, woman or child, better than they can tell him, the nature of their disease, without asking a word.

No wonder he cures his patients when all others fail; being able to detect the exact condition of any one, he is not likely to doctor them for the wrong disease.

His cures of such cases as the following speak louder than words:

Mrs. Frank Wright, Ft. Madison, Iowa, cured of heart and lung trouble, after the most noted physicians of that place had failed. W. O. Clark, Laurel, Iowa, cured of nervousness and kidney trouble. G. W. Smalley, a prominent lumberman of Muscatine, Iowa, cured of epilepsy of long standing. O. Doyle, Atlissa, Iowa, cured of a very severe case of catarrh. Harry Duffus, of Ft. Madison, Iowa, son of a prominent newspaper man of that city, cured of scrofula and hip-joint disease in three months, after having doctored with others for years. Mrs. Hooper, Waterloo, Iowa, cured of nerve and brain trouble, James Weldon, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, cured of blood trouble in a few months. Clinton Knouf, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, cured of nervousness and lost vitality, after many Chicago doctors had failed. Mrs. Henry Propst, Iowa City, Iowa, cured of female troubles and liver spots. Mrs. McFarland, Independence, Iowa, wife of a prominent business man, cured of a fungous growth of the face, after it had almost taken her life. Wm. Brown, Waterloo, Iowa, railroad man on the Northwestern Railroad, cured of rheumatism in three weeks. Had not done a lick of work in eight months. Rev. E. H. Woody, of Dayton, Ohio, cured of nervous dyspepsia and catarrh of the stomach, after having given up all hope for relief. Addison Perry, Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, cured of bronchial, lung and heart troubles of an advanced stage; had been given up as incurable. Miss Alice Mitchell, Galesburg, Illinois, cured of catarrh and catarrhal deafness; had tried twenty-one different doctors. Miss Minerva Lewis, a prominent society and church woman of Houston, Texas, cured of a most aggravated and developed case of consumption, when all other kinds of treatment had failed. Charley Lund, Burlington, Iowa, cured of kidney and bladder trouble. Mrs. Emma Miller, Pinkstaff, Illinois, cured of cancer of the stomach three years ago, and has never been sick a day since. Joe Ting, Terre Haute, Ind., cured of eczema and falling of the hair. Miss Kate Linder, student at the State University, Iowa City, Iowa, cured of eczema and catarrhal deafness. Mrs. Frank H. Higbee, Fairfield, Iowa, cured of a cancerous growth on the womb. Charley Wood, son of J. B. Wood, of Jonesboro, Ga., cured of double curvature of the spine, after all others had failed. J. E. Burns, Milford, Iowa, cured of deafness in twenty minutes; had been afflicted for five years. Geo. Burnett, Western avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., cured of a very aggravated form of varicocele, which had almost wrecked his life. Geo. A. Poe, a prominent banker of Hitchcock, S. D., cured of chronic catarrh of the stomach and kidneys; had consulted the best specialists through the country, and none of them could do him any good until he met Dr. Rea. Helen Knutson, Minneapolis, Minn., cured of chronic female and stomach trouble. Mrs. J. F. Holder, Otterbine, Ind., cured of catarrhal liver and stomach; had doctored seven years; Dr. Rea cured her quickly. V. A. Arnold, proprietor of West End Hotel, Spirit Lake, Iowa, cured of kidney trouble in ten days. Miss Christie, of Kahoka, Mo., cured of tumor on the face by electricity; no scar left. Miss Mary Stanley, Oskaloosa, Iowa, cured of eye troubles and catarrh in the head. E. H. Etherly, Little Rock, Ark., cured of total blindness. H. D. Hess, Brinkley, Ark., operated on for cross eyes and cured in three minutes. Mr. Sargent, proprietor of a livery barn in Spirit Lake, Iowa, cured of bladder troubles in three weeks' time. Wm. Ball, Donnellson, Iowa, cured of consumption.

Dr. Rea does not cure all his patients, nor does he pretend to; but it is safe to say that he does not lose one in ninety of the thousands of supposed incurables who come from all portions of the world for his help, after being given up to die by the best skill of their home physicians.

The writer of this letter was in Louisville, Ky., recently, and while there sought an interview with Dr. Rea in his office, but could not obtain it, as he was busy in consultation, examination and prescribing with the associate physicians of his institute.

This is the work performed by Dr. Rea; such are his cures, and great is his diagnostic gift.

W. P. Gistner,
In Keokuk, Iowa, "Gate City."

Dr. Rea's Dates.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 3rd, Special to the DISPATCH—Dr. Rea, the noted specialist has arranged to make his next professional visit through the northwest and will visit the following towns:

Winona, Minn., Winona Hotel, Thursday, May 4th.

Minneapolis, Minn., 329 Boston Block, May 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th.

St. Cloud, Minn., Grand Central Hotel, May 9th and 10th, from Tuesday noon until Wednesday 11 o'clock.

Little Falls, Minn., Buckman Hotel, May 10th and 11th, from Wednesday noon until Thursday noon.

Brainerd, Minn., Arlington Hotel, May 11th and 12th, from Thursday noon until Friday noon.

Duluth, Minn., Spalding Hotel, May 13th and 14th, from Saturday morning until Sunday noon.

Dr. Rea's consultations are free to those interested.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Miller's Gloveine, for sale only by H. I. Cohen, headquarters for dressed and undressed kid gloves, all the latest shades in lace and clasp.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

Live business men advertise in the DISPATCH. It is read by all and brings results.

Farmers, if you are indebted to the DISPATCH on subscription and have wood for sale you can settle the account by making an exchange.

THE "NEW DIPLOMACY."

Explanation of Sir Edmund Monson's Phrase.

DIPLOMAT TELLS WHAT IT MEANS.

He Says European Diplomats Work by Intrigue and Dissimulation. America Has Compelled Respect For Plain, Straightforward Speaking—England to Adopt It.

Sir Edmund Monson's speech, followed as it has been by the speech of Joseph Chamberlain, is regarded by the English and French press as definitely announcing England's adoption of the "new diplomacy." Persons in unofficial life have been vaguely guessing the meaning of the phrase and wondering what part America plays in the game. Here is an explanation given by a diplomat of the United States recently returned from his post.

"The 'new diplomacy' of Sir Edmund Monson is as old as the United States, and his speech means merely that European powers have learned to respect it. From the days when Benjamin Franklin was our minister at Paris until now American envoys and our system of plain dealing have been laughed at by the great scholars of continental diplomacy. The American minister has always been a creature more or less apart. There were conferences, disputes, discussions and intrigues in the diplomatic circle of every capital, but because America was far away and had not yet become a world power the American minister was never taken into these councils.

"Our diplomacy will change. It must change, because hereafter our men must give their lives to the study of world making. As it is now a man is appointed from private life and sent to serve his country in a foreign land. He may not speak the language. Few of our ministers are conversant with other tongues. He knows nothing of the habits, customs and traditions of the people among whom he is sent. He is unfamiliar with court usage, except as it is briefly laid down in his instruction. Most of these things he is compelled to learn from the clerk or servant left at the legation by the preceding minister or he must ask many embarrassing and foolish questions of the dean of the diplomatic corps.

"It can be seen at what a great disadvantage the American minister is placed. The diplomatists of Europe are reared for their profession. In all countries they must be men of good social position and possessed of sufficient means to support them during their apprenticeship, when they receive no money. They are compelled to pass severe examinations before they are accepted, an examination more extended in its scope than that necessary for the degree of A. B. in the United States. If accepted, they remain in the diplomatic service until death or resignation. These men start as attaches and gradually work their way by merit and influence to the position of minister plenipotentiary or embassador. They are changed from post to post, so that they become familiar with the politics and people of many lands. With such valuable training they are able to perform important service. Our ministers have no training whatever, and, no matter how intelligent he may be, it takes a new man at least a year in a post before he can begin to do valuable work. The handicap of not knowing the language cannot be exaggerated.

"Such are our diplomatists as compared with those of Europe. The only thing that saves our disadvantage from being fatal is our system of procedure—the 'new diplomacy' of Sir Edmund Monson. To begin with, other nations address their communications in the language of the country addressed or in French. Our ministers send all dispatches to the government to which they are accredited in English. This has helped to make the English language a rival to French as a court tongue. We forced it upon them, bluntly, doggedly, just as we are now forcing upon them our system of diplomacy.

"A European diplomat works by intrigue and dissimulation. His usefulness depends greatly upon the information he gains secretly. Two hundred years ago a great Englishman remarked, 'We send our ministers to lie abroad.' The American diplomacy has always been the reverse of this. We ask for what we want and insist upon it. Our correspondence is polite, but brief, to the point and forceful. Secretary Olney's letters and instructions were always plain and succinct. He was wont to write, 'Present this matter to the government, explain our position and tell them that we must and will insist that our demands be granted.'

"On the other side the policy was one of delay—long, vexatious delay. Subterfuges were resorted to and the main question evaded, often until there were a new secretary of state and a new minister, and then the question would be allowed to drop, or else would be begun all over again. In few cases have we been met with a flat refusal. In such cases we have dissented and allowed the matter to stand undecided without receding from our position. In many countries today there are such questions, and at intervals they are revived until at last American persistence gains its end.

"This straightforward way of proceeding was the object of ridicule until America's advent as a world power. Now it is established by long precedent that we will neither deceive nor permit deception. Sir Edmund Monson was the first to give this realization public utterance. That it has been known and the result foreseen for a long time is shown by England's adoption of it as a policy. The 'new diplomacy,' in the popular meaning of the word, is not diplomacy at all. It is simply knowing what we want, fearlessly saying it and insisting upon it with a disregard of consequences.

"Before the war with Spain seemed even probable a French diplomat said to me: 'You Americans cannot keep out of the great family much longer. When the day arrives for your interest in "the open door" and in the eastern questions to become real and immediate, you will have to abandon your present diplomacy. It is only a question of time.' The first part of his prediction has come true, but except in regard to our schooling of diplomats it is the old world that must change and not the new."—New York Journal.

GLAD THE SOUTH LOST.

A Georgia Legislator Publicly Rejoices In a United Country.

During a debate the other day in the Georgia legislature at Altanta on Confederate pensions Mr. Wade of Brooks said he was glad that the cause of the south was lost and that the stars and stripes today floated over the Empire State of the south. Mr. Wade said that, while he was glad the south was not triumphant in the civil war, he was opposed to any kind of a cut on the pension fund. Later in the debate he was taken to task by Mr. Chappell of Muscogee for rejoicing in the defeat of the south. Mr. Wade rose to a question of personal privilege to explain his position. He said:

"Mr. Speaker, down near the Everglades of Florida one beautiful morning about 25 years ago, when the mocking birds were sweetly singing, there was born a baby boy. Mr. Speaker, I am that baby boy." "Mr. Speaker," said another member, "I make the point of order that we have not time to follow the history of that baby up to the present day, and the gentleman cannot narrate it as a matter of privilege."

Mr. Wade, being admonished to come down to date, continued by saying that all of his ancestors were southerners as far back as he could trace, and he yielded to no man in his love for the south, but he would reiterate what he said as to being glad at the result of the civil war.—New York Sun.

BAPTISM IN A BARBER SHOP.

Minneapolis Mormons Shun the River and Its Ice.

The little colony of Mormons in Minneapolis wanted to have a baptism the other day, and they had it, but not in the river, for that is frozen over. The ceremony was conducted in the basement of the Lumber Exchange, where there are a barber shop and bathroom. The proprietor is not a Mormon, and probably does not know one when he sees him, but he was all accommodation when half a dozen serious looking men filed into his barber shop and said they would like to use his bathroom if they could secure permission.

At the head of the party of visitors was John S. Beal, who is the apostolic head of the Mormon colony in Minneapolis. The convert who was to be baptized was Joseph S. Baker. Mr. Beal and Mr. Baker retired to the dressing rooms, from which they emerged shortly dressed in light colored robes. The little party gathered around the sides of the plunge, and then the ceremony began. After a short prayer, during which all uncovered, the minister descended into the water with the candidate. After the baptism was over Mr. Beal talked freely about the ceremony and his work in Minneapolis. He admitted that it was the first baptism in Minneapolis.—Special Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Work of a Young Cornellian.

Mr. E. P. Andrews, the young Cornellian who two years ago raised a cheer from the learned world by climbing up the Parthenon and deciphering a long lost inscription from the holes left by the nails which, centuries ago, held the letters in place, continues to stir things up. It is a comparatively recent discovery that the Greeks painted their statues. Finding them washed clean by the rains of years, modern artists supposed the Greeks to have left their statues a polished white surface. Recently traces of paint have been found on many ancient statues, and during the past summer Mr. Andrews put a clincher to it by discovering, during a summer spent in investigating in the British museum, unmistakable remnants of paint on the statues found in the Parthenon at Athens and removed by Lord Elgin to London. Mr. Andrews is curator of the Cornell university archæological museum.—Cornell News Letter.

Newest Christmas Turkey.

Vegetarians and fruitarians need no longer be scandalized over the Christmas turkey, for it comes now from the confectioner, instead of the butcher, barnyard or forest. Hitherto we were accustomed to the wedding in sweets, and this summer we got used to tents in sugar, but it remained for the enterprise of a New York firm to do up the festive turkey in nougat, every morsel of which is edible, lying there crisp and enticing in an artistic cranberry box. Hereafter "the goose with the bones and the beak" may present gastronomic difficulties, but not to the teeth. Hereafter vegetable folks may lay aside their scruples for the best new thing in turkey.—New York Herald.

Damage and Repairs by Wind.

One of the most peculiar freaks that the wind played the other night was on the Presbyterian church at New Hartford, N. J. It blew the steeple, above the belfry, out of plumb about 25 degrees, so that the spire pointed in a northwesterly direction, and it was feared that it might fall. Men were put at work straightening it and strengthening the supports the next morning, when the wind veered around and blew it back almost to its original position. The men inside made a lively run to get out of the place.—Utica Observer.

DEE HOLDEN. CHAS. EKMAN.

H & E

Have Opened
. . . NEW . . .
and Elegant

Sample Rooms

In the Sleeper Block, Front Street . . . .

Everything New!
Everything of the Best!
Choice Wines and Liquors,
Fine Imported and
Domestic Cigars.

Our Friends and the Public Generally are Invited to Call and see us At Our New Place.

"H. & E."

FOR SALE

160 ACRES OF LAND.

My farm, comprising 160 acres of land, nicely located on upper Gull Lake, Cass county. Will sell very cheap for cash. Good house and barn, and other improvements. Good spring on place. Can give clear title. Address

MRS. S. J. BEREMAN,
Smiley P. O., Minn.

Lots...

For Sale in

New Towns

On the Fosston Extension of the Great Northern Railway....

Apply to Agents on the Ground, or

A. A. WHITE,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Ready For Business.

JAS. WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

FOR SALE!

The advertiser having removed to the Pacific northwest, will sell his property at one half its actual value consisting of house and two lots on 9th street, block 93, lots 15 and 16. Will sell this property for five hundred dollars, $200 cash, balance to suit purchaser.

Also his farm on the Gull Lake road for five hundred dollars, $200 cash, balance to suit purchaser. Address Geo Sheard, 400 4th avenue, Seattle, Wash., or call on Keene & McFadden, Brainerd, Minn.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

H. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

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INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1899.

Ten Pages

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners, Meeting Held May 2nd 1899.

[OFFICIAL.]

All members present except Commissioner Paine.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and and approved as corrected.

On motion duly carried John Bark was appointed road overseer for the north half of town 46, range 29 in place of Wm. Lyle resigned, and R. Wolford was appointed road overseer in town 47 range 29.

H. I. Cohen and S. R. Adair, committee from the city council, requested permission to occupy the Judge of Probate's office temporarily for use of the city clerk, the judge of probate consenting and on motion duly carried the request was granted.

Verbal report of Commissioner Cale, accompanied by county treasurer's receipt for $83.30 as proceeds of note given by J. P. Dahlberg in reinbursement for expenses of medical treatment, drugs and burial of Al. Dahlberg, was on motion duly carried, accepted.

Report for April 1899 of George S. McCulloch overseer of poor farm was made and accepted.

Abatement of valuation of lots 5 and 6 in block 2, Sleeper addition to Brainerd in the sum of $200 was recommended to be made to the state auditor.

Report of the clerk of the Municipal court accompanied by a check for $97.25 representing fines in state cases since Oct. 28th, 1898, was read and accepted.

Communication from State Auditor Dunn, relating to the appointment of an appraiser for school lands was read and on motion duly carried Albert Athetton was appointed as such appraiser.

Petition of citizens in town 137, Range 25, for the formation of a new school district to be composed of the west half of town 137, range 25 and the east half of town 137, range 26 was read and on motion duly carried, granted.

Communication from C. S. Nichols asking an appropriation of $50 towards defrayirg costs of suitable engravings to advertise the agricultural resources of the county in the illustrated supplement to be issued by the Brainerd Tribune, was tabled.

Report of Commissioner Archibald and county surveyor on the survey of Klondike and Rabbit Lake county road was read and accepted.

Petition for a county road on town line between towns 43, ranges 30 and 31, was read, and on motion duly carried the same was granted and a survey of said road ordered made.

A committee of citizens, being composed of Messrs. W. S. McClenahan, H. I. Cohen, W. D. McKay, M. K. Swartz and A. J. Halstead, appeared and urged the appropriation of $50 in aid of the herein before mentioned illustrated supplement to the Brainerd Tribune, and after some discussion the matter was left over 'til next meeting of the board.

Aremonstrance against organizing Town 46, Range 29, was read and accepted.

Report of auditor on the text book matter was read and accepted and the county attorney was directed to effect settlement with delinquent text book agents.

Board adjourned until Tuesday, May 9th, at 10 a. m.

A. MAHLUM,
County Auditor.

FROM TENNESSEE TO TEXAS

A Beautiful Woman

Rescued From Death in a Desperate Way.

John Alexander Depew was a queer man, known throughout the South from Savannah, on the east, to Santa Fe and the borders of old Mexico on the west. For thirty years he had gone to bed poor, expecting to be rich the next day. He had spent his early days in unsuccessful mining ventures, finally becoming discouraged, and engaging in the cattle raising business in Texas early in the sixties. But his turn came. Slowly but surely, in the face of numerous vicissitudes, he accumulated a fortune of over a million dollars.

He now had money to burn. Notwithstanding he was on the shady side of sixty, with his hair and beard long and unkempt, he was considered a great catch by the mothers of marriageable daughters.

By the aid of a barber, a few Turkish baths and a tailor, Mr. Depew was changed from the rough cattleman to a very respectable, fine-looking, elderly gentleman. In this improved condition he returned to his old home in the east where, thirty years before, he had left a sweetheart to whom he had vowed that he would return some time, and make her his wife. The girl had waited for years in vain for her recreant lover's return, finally giving him up for dead, and marrying a prosperous merchant. Her husband died during the war, she following a few years later, leaving a beautiful daughter.

On the old ranchman's return to the scene of his youth, he found his sweetheart, since a wife and mother, dead, but in her stead, he found an exact image in the daughter. His love for his child knew no bounds. He could scarcely realize that she was not his old sweetheart of thirty years ago. By his devotion and attention (possibly aided by hi gold) he soon distanced all rivals, and Imogene Middleton was soon Imogene Depew.

Never was there a happier man than this old ranchman with his girl bride, notwithstanding the fact that a dark cloud hung over him in the form of a warning from his physicians that she was going into a decline and could not live long. He refused to believe it, and added to her happiness by laying in her lap the wealth of thousands.

She grew fearfully and rapidly worse, and many of the leading physicians of the country were consulted, but no two agreed as to her trouble.

"A heart trouble," said one, with a grave look; "a complication of difficulties involving the liver and spleen," said a second; while the third pronounced it an "incurable lung affection."

In September of 1893, Mr. Depew and his dying wife visited Louisville, Ky., to consult, as a last resort, a noted specialist of that city. This specialist was out of the city for about three weeks, at that time, and the disappointed couple returned to their southern home without seeing him.

The middle of the month new symptoms developed and, after a consultation of physicians, Mr. Depew was informed, again, that his wife was dying; that she might live a day or two, but that she could not last long.

Then it was that Mr. Depew sent to Dr. Rea, of Louisville, who was then at the Peabody Hotel, in Memphis, Tenn., the following telegram:

"My wife is dying. Doctors have given her up. Come quick. Spare no expense. Answer at once."

To which Dr. Rea answered: "Will come without delay."

In thirty minutes Dr. Rea was on a special car, en route to Galveston, Mr. Depew's home, and after a fast and exciting ride, he arrived at 12:05 the next day.

He was met at the depot by the anxious husband, who said: "I am glad to see you, but I am afraid it is too late, my wife is dying, she is unconscious."

"Let us hasten to the house," said the doctor. He found his patient propped up in bed in a half-conscious state, gasping for breath and cold up to the knees, with two nurses fanning her.

In less than one minute, Dr. Rea said: "I discover a great accumulation of pus which is drowning out the lungs and heart."

He realized that the woman was nearly gone. In less time than it takes to write it, his instruments were brought into play. He made a deep incision; the heavy pus matter poured forth until nearly two pints were discharged. In twenty minutes the patient was comfortable, conscious and free from labored breathing. After inserting a drainage tube, and giving directions to the nurses, he pronounced her out of danger, and bade the family good-bye. Just one hour and fifty-five minutes from the time he stopped at the depot, he pulled out for Louisville over the Southern Pacific Road.

Mrs. Depew improved rapidly, and in a few months, under Dr. Rea's care, through correspondence, was cured, and is this day a wonderful illustration of the phenomenal skill of the most remarkable physician of this age.

Had not Dr. Rea, by his seemingly supernatural power, detected accurately the exact location of her disease, his treatment would have been of no avail.

I say Dr. Rea can describe to any man, woman or child, better than they can tell him, the nature of their disease, without asking a word.

No wonder he cures his patients when all others fail; being able to detect the exact condition of any one, he is not likely to doctor them for the wrong disease.

His cures of such cases as the following speak louder than words:

Mrs. Frank Wright, Ft. Madison, Iowa, cured of heart and lung trouble, after the most noted physicians of that place had failed. W. O. Clark, Laurel, Iowa, cured of nervousness and kidney trouble. G. W. Smalley, a prominent lumberman of Muscatine, Iowa, cured of epilepsy of long standing. O. Doyle, Atlissa, Iowa, cured of a very severe case of catarrh. Harry Duffus, of Ft. Madison, Iowa, son of a prominent newspaper man of that city, cured of scrofula and hip-joint disease in three months, after having doctored with others for years. Mrs. Hooper, Waterloo, Iowa, cured of nerve and brain trouble, James Weldon, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, cured of blood trouble in a few months. Clinton Knouf, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, cured of nervousness and lost vitality, after many Chicago doctors had failed. Mrs. Henry Propst, Iowa City, Iowa, cured of female troubles and liver spots. Mrs. McFarland, Independence, Iowa, wife of a prominent business man, cured of a fungous growth of the face, after it had almost taken her life. Wm. Brown, Waterloo, Iowa, railroad man on the Northwestern Railroad, cured of rheumatism in three weeks. Had not done a lick of work in eight months. Rev. E. H. Woody, of Dayton, Ohio, cured of nervous dyspepsia and catarrh of the stomach, after having given up all hope for relief. Addison Perry, Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, cured of bronchial, lung and heart troubles of an advanced stage; had been given up as incurable. Miss Alice Mitchell, Galesburg, Illinois, cured of catarrh and catarrhal deafness; had tried twenty-one different doctors. Miss Minerva Lewis, a prominent society and church woman of Houston, Texas, cured of a most aggravted and developed case of consumption, when all other kinds of treatment had failed. Charley Lund, Burlington, Iowa, cured of kidney and bladder trouble. Mrs. Emma Miller, Pinkstaff, Illinois, cured of cancer of the stomach three years ago, and has never been sick a day since. Joe Ting, Terre Haute, Ind., cured of eczema and falling of the hair. Miss Kate Linder, student at the State University, Iowa City, Iowa, cured of eczema and catarrhal deafness. Mrs. Frank H. Higbee, Fairfield, Iowa, cured of a cancerous growth on the womb. Charley Wood, son of J. B. Wood, of Jonesboro, Ga., cured of double curvature of the spine, after all others had failed. J. E. Burns, Milford, Iowa, cured of deafness in twenty minutes; had been afflicted for five years. Geo. Burnett, Western avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., cured of a very aggravated form of varicocele, which had almost wrecked his life. Geo. A. Poe, a prominent banker of Hitchcock, S. D., cured of chronic catarrh of the stomach and kidneys; had consulted the best specialists through the country, and none of them could do him any good until he met Dr. Rea. Helen Knutson, Minneapolis, Minn., cured of chronic female and stomach trouble. Mrs. J. F. Holder, Otterbine, Ind., cured of catarrhal liver and stomach; had doctored seven years; Dr. Rea cured her quickly. V. A. Arnold, proprietor of West End Hotel, Spirit Lake, Iowa, cured of kidney trouble in ten days. Miss Christie, of Kahoka, Mo., cured of tumor on the face by electricity; no scar left. Miss Mary Stanley, Oskaloosa, Iowa, cured of eye troubles and catarrh in the head. E. H. Etherly, Little Rock, Ark., cured of total blindness. H. D. Hess, Brinkley, Ark., operated on for cross eyes and cured in three minutes. Mr. Sargent, proprietor of a livery barn in Spirit Lake, Iowa, cured of bladder troubles in three weeks' time. Wm. Ball, Donnellson, Iowa, cured of consumption.

Dr. Rea does not cure all his patients, nor does he pretend to; but it is safe to say that he does not lose one in ninety of the thousands of supposed incurables who come from all portions of the world for his help, after being given up to die by the best skill of their home physicians.

The writer of this letter was in Louisville, Ky., recently, and while there sought an interview with Dr. Rea in his office, but could not obtain it, as he was busy in consultation, examination and prescribing with the associate physicians of his institute.

This is the work performed by Dr. Rea; such are his cures, and great is his diagnostic gift.

W. P. Gistner,
In Keokuk, Iowa, "Gate City."

Dr. Rea's Dates.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 3rd, Special to the DISPATCH—Dr. Rea, the noted specialist has arranged to make his next professional visit through the northwest and will visit the following towns:

Winona, Minn., Winona Hotel, Thursday, May 4th.

Minneapolis, Minn., 329 Boston Block, May 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th.

St. Cloud, Minn., Grand Central Hotel, May 9th and 10th, from Tuesday noon until Wednesday 11 o'clock.

Little Falls, Minn., Buckman Hotel, May 10th and 11th, from Wednesday noon until Thursday noon.

Brainerd, Minn., Arlington Hotel, May 11th and 12th, from Thursday noon until Friday noon.

Duluth, Minn., Spalding Hotel, May 13th and 14th, from Saturday morning until Sunday noon.

Dr. Rea's consultations are free to those interested.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Miller's Gloveine, for sale only by H. I. Cohen, headquarters for dressed and undressed kid gloves, all the latest shades in lace and clasp.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

Live business men advertise in the DISPATCH. It is read by all and brings results.

Farmers, if you are indebted to the DISPATCH on subscription and have wood for sale you can settle the account by making an exchange.

THE "NEW DIPLOMACY."

Explanation of Sir Edmund Monson's Phrase.

DIPLOMAT TELLS WHAT IT MEANS.

He Says European Diplomats Work by Intrigue and Dissimulation. America Has Compelled Respect For Plain, Straightforward Speaking—England to Adopt It.

Sir Edmund Monson's speech, followed as it has been by the speech of Joseph Chamberlain, is regarded by the English and French press as definitely announcing England's adoption of the "new diplomacy." Persons in unofficial life have been vaguely guessing the meaning of the phrase and wondering what part America plays in the game. Here is an explanation given by a diplomat of the United States recently returned from his post.

"The 'new diplomacy' of Sir Edmund Monson is as old as the United States, and his speech means merely that European powers have learned to respect it. From the days when Benjamin Franklin was our minister at Paris until now American envoys and our system of plain dealing have been laughed at by the great scholars of continental diplomacy. The American minister has always been a creature more or less apart. There were conferences, disputes, discussions and intrigues in the diplomatic circle of every capital, but because America was far away and had not yet become a world power the American minister was never taken into these councils.

"Our diplomacy will change. It must change, because hereafter our men must give their lives to the study of world making. As it is now a man is appointed from private life and sent to serve his country in a foreign land. He may not speak the language. Few of our ministers are conversant with other tongues. He knows nothing of the habits, customs and traditions of the people among whom he is sent. He is unfamiliar with court usage, except as it is briefly laid down in his instruction. Most of these things he is compelled to learn from the clerk or servant left at the legation by the preceding minister or he must ask many embarrassing and foolish questions of the dean of the diplomatic corps.

"It can be seen at what a great disadvantage the American minister is placed. The diplomatists of Europe are reared for their profession. In all countries they must be men of good social position and possessed of sufficient means to support them during their apprenticeship, when they receive no money. They are compelled to pass severe examinations before they are accepted, an examination more extended in its scope than that necessary for the degree of A. B. in the United States. If accepted, they remain in the diplomatic service until death or resignation. These men start as attaches and gradually work their way by merit and influence to the position of minister plenipotentiary or embassador. They are changed from post to post, so that they become familiar with the politics and people of many lands. With such valuable training they are able to perform important service. Our ministers have no training whatever, and, no matter how intelligent he may be, it takes a new man at least a year in a post before he can begin to do valuable work. The handicap of not knowing the language cannot be exaggerated.

"Such are our diplomatists as compared with those of Europe. The only thing that saves our disadvantage from being fatal is our system of procedure—the 'new diplomacy' of Sir Edmund Monson. To begin with, other nations address their communications in the language of the country addressed or in French. Our ministers send all dispatches to the government to which they are accredited in English. This has helped to make the English language a rival to French as a court tongue. We forced it upon them, bluntly, doggedly, just as we are now forcing upon them our system of diplomacy.

"A European diplomat works by intrigue and dissimulation. His usefulness depends greatly upon the information he gains secretly. Two hundred years ago a great Englishman remarked, 'We send our ministers to lie abroad.' The American diplomacy has always been the reverse of this. We ask for what we want and insist upon it. Our correspondence is polite, but brief, to the point and forceful. Secretary Olney's letters and instructions were always plain and succinct. He was wont to write, 'Present this matter to the government, explain our position and tell them that we must and will insist that our demands be granted.'

"On the other side the policy was one of delay—long, vexatious delay. Subterfuges were resorted to and the main question evaded, often until there were a new secretary of state and a new minister, and then the question would be allowed to drop, or else would be begun all over again. In few cases have we been met with a flat refusal. In such cases we have dissented and allowed the matter to stand undecided without receding from our position. In many countries today there are such questions, and at intervals they are revived until at last American persistence gains its end.

"This straightforward way of proceeding was the object of ridicule until America's advent as a world power. Now it is established by long precedent that we will neither deceive nor permit deception. Sir Edmund Monson was the first to give this realization public utterance. That it has been known and the result foreseen for a long time is shown by England's adoption of it as a policy. The 'new diplomacy,' in the popular meaning of the word, is not diplomacy at all. It is simply knowing what we want, fearlessly saying it and insisting upon it with a disregard of consequences.

"Before the war with Spain seemed even probable a French diplomat said to me: 'You Americans cannot keep out of the great family much longer. When the day arrives for your interest in "the open door" and in the eastern questions to become real and immediate, you will have to abandon your present diplomacy. It is only a question of time.' The first part of his prediction has come true, but except in regard to our schooling of diplomats it is the old world that must change and not the new."—New York Journal.

GLAD THE SOUTH LOST.

A Georgia Legislator Publicly Rejoices In a United Country.

During a debate the other day in the Georgia legislature at Altanta on Confederate pensions Mr. Wade of Brooks said he was glad that the cause of the south was lost and that the stars and stripes today floated over the Empire State of the south. Mr. Wade said that, while he was glad the south was not triumphant in the civil war, he was opposed to any kind of a cut on the pension fund. Later in the debate he was taken to task by Mr. Chappell of Muscogee for rejoicing in the defeat of the south. Mr. Wade rose to a question of personal privilege to explain his position. He said:

"Mr. Speaker, down near the Everglades of Florida one beautiful morning about 25 years ago, when the mocking birds were sweetly singing, there was born a baby boy. Mr. Speaker, I am that baby boy." "Mr. Speaker," said another member, "I make the point of order that we have not time to follow the history of that baby up to the present day, and the gentleman cannot narrate it as a matter of privilege."

Mr. Wade, being admonished to come down to date, continued by saying that all of his ancestors were southerners as far back as he could trace, and he yielded to no man in his love for the south, but he would reiterate what he said as to being glad at the result of the civil war.—New York Sun.

BAPTISM IN A BARBER SHOP.

Minneapolis Mormons Shun the River and Its Ice.

The little colony of Mormons in Minneapolis wanted to have a baptism the other day, and they had it, but not in the river, for that is frozen over. The ceremony was conducted in the basement of the Lumber Exchange, where there are a barber shop and bathroom. The proprietor is not a Mormon, and probably does not know one when he sees him, but he was all accommodation when half a dozen serious looking men filed into his barber shop and said they would like to use his bathroom if they could secure permission.

At the head of the party of visitors was John S. Beal, who is the apostolic head of the Mormon colony in Minneapolis. The convert who was to be baptized was Joseph S. Baker. Mr. Beal and Mr. Baker retired to the dressing rooms, from which they emerged shortly dressed in light colored robes. The little party gathered around the sides of the plunge, and then the ceremony began. After a short prayer, during which all uncovered, the minister descended into the water with the candidate. After the baptism was over Mr. Beal talked freely about the ceremony and his work in Minneapolis. He admitted that it was the first baptism in Minneapolis.—Special Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Work of a Young Cornellian.

Mr. E. P. Andrews, the young Cornellian who two years ago raised a cheer from the learned world by climbing up the Parthenon and deciphering a long lost inscription from the holes left by the nails which, centuries ago, held the letters in place, continues to stir things up. It is a comparatively recent discovery that the Greeks painted their statues. Finding them washed clean by the rains of years, modern artists supposed the Greeks to have left their statues a polished white surface. Recently traces of paint have been found on many ancient statues, and during the past summer Mr. Andrews put a clincher to it by discovering, during a summer spent in investigating in the British museum, unmistakable remnants of paint on the statues found in the Parthenon at Athens and removed by Lord Elgin to London. Mr. Andrews is curator of the Cornell university archæological museum.—Cornell News Letter.

Newest Christmas Turkey.

Vegetarians and fruitarians need no longer be scandalized over the Christmas turkey, for it comes now from the confectioner, instead of the butcher, barnyard or forest. Hitherto we were accustomed to the wedding in sweets, and this summer we got used to tents in sugar, but it remained for the enterprise of a New York firm to do up the festive turkey in nougat, every morsel of which is edible, lying there crisp and enticing in an artistic cranberry box. Hereafter "the goose with the bones and the beak" may present gastronomic difficulties, but not to the teeth. Hereafter vegetable folks may lay aside their scruples for the best new thing in turkey.—New York Herald.

Damage and Repairs by Wind.

One of the most peculiar freaks that the wind played the other night was on the Presbyterian church at New Hartford, N. J. It blew the steeple, above the belfry, out of plumb about 25 degrees, so that the spire pointed in a northwesterly direction, and it was feared that it might fall. Men were put at work straightening it and strengthening the supports the next morning, when the wind veered around and blew it back almost to its original position. The men inside made a lively run to get out of the place.—Utica Observer.

DEE HOLDEN. CHAS. EKMAN.

H & E

Have Opened ... NEW ... and Elegant

Sample Rooms

In the Sleeper Block, Front Street ....

Everything New! Everything of the Best! Choice Wines and Liquors, Fine Imported and Domestic Cigars.

Our Friends and the Public Generally are Invited to Call and see us At Our New Place.

"H. & E."

FOR SALE

160 ACRES OF LAND.

My farm, comprising 160 acres of land, nicely located on upper Gull Lake, Cass county. Will sell very cheap for cash. Good house and barn, and other improvements. Good spring on place. Can give clear title. Address

MRS. S. J. BEREMAN,
Smiley P. O., Minn.

Lots...

For Sale in

New Towns

On the Fosston Extension of the Great Northern Railway....

Apply to Agents on the Ground, or

A. A. WHITE,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Ready For Business.

JAS. WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

FOR SALE!

The advertiser having removed to the Pacific northwest, will sell his property at one half its actual value consisting of house and two lots on 9th street, block 93, lots 15 and 16. Will sell this property for five hundred dollars, $200 cash, balance to suit purchaser.

Also his farm on the Gull Lake road for five hundred dollars, $200 cash, balance to suit purchaser. Address Geo. Sheard, 400 4th avenue, Seattle, Wash., or call on Keene & McFadden, Brainerd, Minn.

ANSWER IT HONESTLY.

Are the Opinions of Brainerd Citizens Not More Reliable than Those of Utter Strangers.

The above is a vital question.
It is fraught with interest in Brainerd.
It permits of only one to answer.
It can't be evaded or ignored.
A Brainerd citizen speaks here.
Speaks for the welfare of Brainerd.
A citizen's opinion is reliable.
An utter stranger's doubtful.
The impression created is lasting.
Curiosity is at once aroused.
Read what follows and acknowledge these facts:

Mr. Philip O'Neill, of Fifth street south, says:—"I have great confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills as a remedy for the kidneys. My experience will attest to this statement. There was a dull steady ache across my loins, especially when I became a little fatigued. When I stooped over to lift or set out young plants I felt it very acutely. The action of my kidneys was very frequent, the secretions being highly colored, unnatural and annoying. This was not a new condition for such symptoms had bothered me for many years. Early last spring my attention was attracted to Doan's Kidney Pills, and thinking they might help me I procured a box. From the time I commenced their use I suffered no further disturbance or annoyance from my kidney complaint, the kidneys gradually assumed a regular action and the backache ceased to bother me. I therefore recommend Doan's Kidney Pills for such ailments and wish them much luck.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute. For sale by the McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's Pharmacy.

FOREST
—and—
PRAIRIE FIRE
NOTICE.

OFFICE OF STATE FOREST COMMISSIONER.

St. Paul, Minn., March 28, 1899.

Chapter 196 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for 1895, (Act of April 18th) constitutes Supervisors of towns Mayors of cities and Presidents of village councils Fire Wardens, and it is made their duty to take precautions to prevent forest and prairie fires, and if they occur, to go and extinguish or control them; and in emergencies to call upon any able-bodied male person, over eighteen years of age, to assist. Fire Wardens must promptly report such fires to the Chief Fire Warden. The Forest Commissioner is required to provide and sign an abstract (as herewith) of the penalties under said law, and it is made the duty of the County Commissioners of each county to cause said abstract to be published in at least three issues of the official paper in their respective counties each year, between the 15th of April and 1st of November, and they are hereby instructed to publish this notice entire. Under said law.

The following are liable to a penalty not exceeding $500 or imprisonment in the state prison not over ten years, or both:

Any person who maliciously sets or causes to be set on fire any woods, prairie or other combustible material whereby the property of another is destroyed and life is sacrificed.

The following are liable to a penalty not exceeding $100 or imprisonment not exceeding three months:

Any person refusing, without cause to assist fire wardens in extinguishing forest or prairie fires.

Any fire warden who neglects to perform his duty.

Any person who wilfully, negligently or carelessly sets on fire, or causes to be set on fire, any woods, prairies or other combustible material, thereby causing injury to another.

Any person who shall kindle a fire, on or dangerously near to forest or prairie land and leave it unquenched, or who shall be a party thereto.

Any person who shall use other than incombustible fire wads for firearms or carry a naked torch, firebrand or other exposed light in or dangerously near to forest land.

Any person who shall wilfully or heedlessly deface, destroy or remove this or any other warning placard posted under the requirements of the above mentioned Act.

Any railroad company wilfully neglecting to provide efficient spark arresters on its engines; or to keep its right of way to the width of 100 feet cleared of combustible material; or which shall fail to comply with other provisions of section 12 of the above mentioned Act.

The following are liable to a penalty of not less than $5 nor more than $50:

Any railroad employe who wilfully violates the provisions of section 12 of the above mentioned Act.

Any owner of threshing or other portable steam engine who neglects to have efficient spark arresters, or who shall deposit live coals or ashes without extinguishing the same.

R. C. DUNN, (State Auditor),
C. C. ANDREWS, Forest Commissioner.
Chief Fire Warden.

Free of Charge.

Any adult suffering from a cold settled on the breast, bronchitis, throat or lung troubles of any nature who will call at M. K. Swartz, will be presented with a sample bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP, FREE OF CHARGE. Only one bottle given to one person, and none to children without order from parents.

No throat or lung remedy ever had such a sale as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP in all parts of the civilized world. Twenty years ago millions of bottles were given away, and your druggist will tell you its success was marvelous. It is really the only throat and lung remedy generally endorsed by physicians. One 75 cent bottle will cure or prove its value. Sold by all druggists in this city.

CIVILIZING AFRICA.

NEW SCHEME TO ABOLISH SLAVERY IN THE DARK CONTINENT.

Heli Chatelaine Is Establishing Self Supporting Villages With Industrious Native Inhabitants—What the Native Settlers Are Taught.

Heli Chatelaine, writing to The American Magazine about his plan for civilizing Africa, says: On July 19 last I started for the interior of Africa, where, on the high table lands, 500 miles from the coast, I am building model villages. Here, in the heart of the dark continent, I am introducing to the natives the first stages of civilized life and by systematic effort starting the civilizing of this part of the country. The villages are being built on what are now wild wastes of land.

No expedition, however large, will ever be able to stamp out slavery in Africa by force, for the very reasonable fact that it is extremely unlikely that any expedition will ever be sent here of large enough proportion to successfully cope with the 250,000,000 natives who believe in this ancient and baneful custom.

The plan I am working upon for the civilizing of this great continent, or at least a part of it, is different from anything before tried. In substance, it is the acquirement of fertile lands by cession from European governments and by purchase from native chiefs. Upon these lands we are building model villages and towns, composed of free native settlers and liberated slaves. Quality rather than quantity is aimed at.

Such villages, when completed, will at once radiate good influence and will be object lessons to all the dark regions around. As soon as the natives see for themselves how much easier and more profitable life is under civilized methods of living than under their savage customs they quickly move to the villages and become a part of them. In joining the village they have to renounce slave hunting, polygamy, witchcraft and rum This, I think, from my experience with them, many thousands of them will very readily do, when they see for themselves how well the villages get along without any of these evil influences to which they have been accustomed.

The natives, although barbarous, are quick to learn and are great imitators. When once shown how to do a certain thing, they remember it and make good workmen They are strong and able-bodied and capable of accomplishing great results when started on the right track. The first of these villages is being established between Benguella and Lake Nyassa, in the southwestern part of the continent. High tablelands exist in this region, and here, 5,000 feet above the sea level, the town is being laid out. The climate is healthful, and the soil is particularly good.

As quickly as possible each village will be made self supporting. The natives are being taught house building, farming and various industries and trades. All the members of my expedition fare much the same as the natives—eating the same food and living in houses built of native materials, but soon we shall teach the natives improved methods of agriculture and the cultivation of all the new products necessary for the maintenance and development of the village.

The native settlers will also soon be taught carpentering, blacksmithing and other lines of work and industry, and gradually there will spring up a self made and self supporting town, constructed on modern lines. When once thoroughly established, it will probably grow rapidly, as every native that joins will be an incentive to others to follow suit, and having once demonstrated that by joining us they can improve their condition we shall have no difficulty in getting recruits. As soon as this first village is thoroughly established we will start a second one on the same lines, some distance farther inland. In like manner, a third and a fourth will be added, and so on until all this section of the country is dotted with them.

The natives are not being pressed to join any of these villages. Work is being pushed with the express purpose of creating an object lesson for them, and of their own free will they make application to come in and be granted their assignment of land on which to build their house and help develop the resources of the country. Each village will be conducted on civilized and modern principles and everybody will work for the advancement of the district. In this way Africa will be civilized by peaceful methods, which I believe is the only way it will ever be done. Under our plan the natives are really civilizing themselves.

What He Found.

"I've opened about 3,000,000,000 oysters in my day," said the old oysterman who sells you the real genuine unfattened and unspoiled "salts," a penny apiece, in the shadow of one of the big market buildings, "and I have never found a pearl in one yet.

"But I've found something just as good as pearls," he added with a wink. "I have found four nice paying tenement houses and good balances in eight savings banks. There is a good deal in an oyster shell besides pearls, young man, if you will look close."—New York World.

Gratitude to God.

The people of the United States have great occasion for gratitude to God. He has given to us prosperity during the year, success to our army and navy in a contest waged for humanity, and has brought together in the bands of national brotherhood all sections of the Union. Surely we have never had greater cause for thanksgiving than in 1898.—Cornelius N. Bliss, Secretary of the Interior.

A SERIOUS PROBLEM.

THE COMPASS AND THE GROWING USE OF ELECTRICITY.

A Danger That the Magnetic Needle May Be Rendered Practically Useless to the Mariner and the Surveyor—A Curious Discovery.

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In various parts of the world observatories have been established for the purpose of keeping track of the changes in the direction in which the magnetic needle points. It was long ago discovered not only that the compass does not aim directly at the north pole, but that the amount of variation in its indications from true north undergoes slow alterations. Hence it is necessary to make fresh charts, showing the variation for different parts of the globe every few years. But in order to get the data for such corrections—of the highest importance to the surveyor and mariner—it is requisite that careful observations be made continuously at a number of widely separated points.

Two of the most famous and hitherto useful institutions of this class are situated in Washington, in the grounds of the naval observatory and in Toronto. The interference of the electric currents that run through the earth and the track of trolley lines which have been constructed near these observatories interfere so much with the behavior of the instruments of both places that the records now obtained are practically worthless. And the experts are greatly puzzled by the problem of escaping from this vexatious interruption of their work.

So delicate are the influences which the magnets in such an observatory are intended to investigate that they can be perceived only when the apparatus is most scrupulously guarded. The room in which they are mounted is underground. Visitors are never admitted except under unusual circumstances and are required to deposit their jackknives, keys and all other metallic objects about their persons before entering the apartment. The magnets, generally bars of steel not over six inches long, are poised above a scale that is graduated to the most minute fractions, and a telescope, on an adjacent pillar, is used to read the fluctuations, which are too small to be discernible by the unassisted eye. A tiny mirror, as big as a dime, catches a beam of light more slender than the lead in a pencil and reflects it away to a sheet of slowly moving photographic paper, on which a permanent record is made. The arrangement of the apparatus is such that the movement of the magnet is magnified many times in the record, in order to render the changes perceptible.

There are three sets of instruments on duty in such an observatory. One swings horizontally, like a mariner's compass. Another dips up and down. A third is designed to measure the intensity of the earth's magnetism, which is a separate thing from the direction in which it acts. And so sensitive are they that their readings are apt to be interfered with by exceedingly trivial causes. It is customary for the superintendent to inscribe on the scroll "Visitors admitted," whenever such a breach of the regulations is permitted, so that if any abnormal fluctuation is detected in the motion of the magnets a suspicion of its meaning will be excited in the mind of the scientist who afterward examines the photographic trace.

In spite of the delicacy of the apparatus, it may seem surprising to the lay mind that the passage of trolley currents at a distance of many rods from the observatory should be able to affect the instruments within. But they do, and it is impossible to separate in the record the variations produced by genuine changes in terrestrial magnetism from those which are caused by the trolley. Professor Rucker said a few days ago: "From all parts of the world we hear of observatories ruined or threatened by the invasion of the electrical engineer. Toronto and Washington have already succumbed, Potsdam, Parc St. Maur, Greenwich and Kew are besieged, and the issue largely depends upon whether these great national observatories can or cannot make good their defense."

Although the practical service to mankind which is rendered by institutions of this class is alone sufficient to justify their maintenance and to warrant alarm as to their future, there are other questions involved which possess profound interest for the philosopher. We know that the earth is a magnet, but as yet no one is able to say what makes it so. The fundamental secret of terrestrial magnetism has not been solved. Then, too, there are various changes in direction which mark the behavior of the needle that remain to be explained. What influence is it that makes the needle swing to and fro to a microscopic extent every day? Why is it that the diurnal swing is greater in years of sun spot abundance than at the minimum stage of solar activity? Why do the indications of the needle differ in summer from those of winter? What is the key to the mystery of the long period movement that makes it necessary to rechart the situation? What causes the convulsive behavior of the magnets for a few hours or days when there is a great outbreak of sun spots? And is there any relation between the weather and the fluctuations in the earth's magnetism? There are theories on these subjects, but no generally accepted doctrines, and the human mind is so constituted that it will not rest until further light is obtained.—New York Tribune.

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DRIVING SHOES A Specialty

PRICES THE VERY LOWEST

In the City, Quality and Style Considered.

IF you are in need of anything in the line of Foot Wear for yourself or Children it will pay you to call and examine our goods and get prices before purchasing.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

ON MAY 1st we will open up a splendid line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. Give us a call . . . . . .

O. S. HENDRICKSON & CO.

SELFISHNESS.

We Nearly Always Discover It In Others, but Never In Ourselves.

Probably the most insidious of all the faults is that upon the absence of which we most pride ourselves, and that at the same time we notice most readily in others. In some of us it is pride, in others gossiping. The list is long, and we know it without going into details, but that which we do not seem to realize is that the very most common fault of us all as a mass is selfishness.

We do know that nearly every one we meet is selfish, but we seldom discover how selfish we are ourselves unless shown by a sudden touch of deep regret. Most of us discover, for instance, that we were selfish in reference to some dear friend dead, but we stop right there, and while we regret the past and shed useless tears over the lost chance we do not make any new discoveries—namely, that we are selfish to our living friends—and while we think that they are being unfair, unkind, to us we forget to be generous ourselves, to look beyond the frown, the hard word, the selfish act or neglect, and see what it is that causes all this, to see what strain our friend is bearing and share it in so far as patience, generous forbearance, will lighten it.

Think how selfish most of us have been in time gone by, how quick words have gone out to hurt hearts already hurt, when from us at least that particular cross friend had a right to hope for better things.

Do not make a very close examination of things in general and see whether you are not yourself more selfish than are your friends, and remember that the greatest generosity in this world is to have patience with others in their "selfishness," for in half the cases at least it is pain or worry, not real intended unkindness at all.—Philadelphia Times.

IN RUSTIC WAYS.

The blackbirds whistle all day long
A rhythmic gladness in their song,
And night and morning down the lane
Drifts by the cowbells' rude refrain.

The flicker dips on golden wings,
And far across the meadow swings
The swallow skims in lines of grace
Like to the curves that painters trace.

Above, below and everywhere
A sense of living thrills the air.
Spring's message through the silent sent
With earth and wood and sky is blent.

The hedgerow blossoms stain the sod,
The south winds make the grasses nod,
And woolly lambs in awkward play
Down the green hillside ambling stray.

Along the blue horizon rim
The lights and shadows sink or swim,
And penciled faintly on the skies
A ghostly half moon's crescent lies.

The blackbirds chant the whole day long
A rhythmic madness in their song,
And dusk and dawn along the lane
Echoes the cowbells' rude refrain.

—Ernest McGaffey in Woman's Home Companion.

What Is In Store For Him.

If Li Hung Chang continues to slide down the scale, he will eventually land in a fourth class postoffice.—Washington Post.

Hamm's St. Paul Beer

There's Honest Blood, Bone and Sinew in this Strengthening brew!



The Best Cough Remedy on Earth.

Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, Consumption Cure, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong. 25 and 50 cts.

For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO

Gilt Edge Tools and Implements



Protect yourself by securing them of your dealer.

Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co. St. Paul, Minn.

HIGH-GRADE HAWTHORNE $22.50 NET.



SPECIFICATIONS. Name—Hawthorne. Cranks—6½ inch (diamond shape). Chain—3-16 inch best hardened centers and rivets (Indianapolis B best quality), straw center and blued sides. Frame—Regular 24-inch, option 22 or 26 inches. Finish—Dark myrtle green, neatly hand striped. Gear—Regular 72, option 78; 10 tooth rear and 26 front sprockets are used on 72 gear, 10 and 28 on 78. Handle Bars—Adjustable. Pedals—Bridgeport, rat trap. Saddle—Gilliam, padded top. Spokes—Tangent, Excelsior Needle Co's best No. 2, 32 front, 36 rear. Tires—1⅝-inch Morgan & Wright double tube. Tool Bag—Containing wrench, oiler, repair outfit and spanner. Tread—4½-inch. Tubing—Shelby cold drawn seamless. Wheel Base—43½ inches. Wheels—28 inches. Weight—(About) 25 pounds.

15000 Sold in 1898

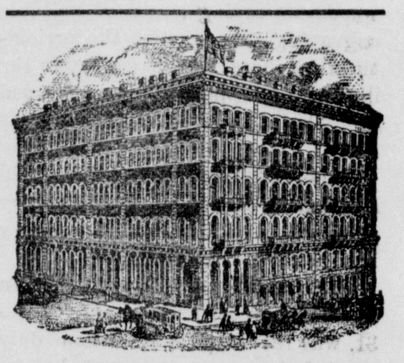
It's as good as any wheel made. All modern improvements. Guaranteed for one year. If not found as represented, return at our expense both ways, and you can have your money back on demand

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Send 15 cents for our 1,000 page catalogue. It lists everything used by mankind.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.



Merchants Hotel.

After ten years of absence, I have again taken charge of the old reliable Merchants, and have refitted and fully equipped the same with baths, steam heat and all modern improvements. I solicit the continuance of the patronage of the public, and especially my friends in the Dakotas and Minnesota, who have so long made the Merchants their St. Paul home.

Latest Dakota and Minnesota papers on file.

Rates, $2.00 and $2.50; with bath, $3.00. I have added the European plan for those who desire it, at from $1.00 to $1.50; with bath, $2.00.

Electric cars now pass in front of the Hotel for all points in the City.

A. ALLEN, Proprietor.

This paper will always be found on file in the Merchants reading rooms.

ANSWER IT HONESTLY.

Are the Opinions of Brainerd Citizens Not More Reliable than Those of Utter Strangers.

The above is a vital question.
It is fraught with interest in Brainerd.
It permits of only one to answer.
It can't be evaded or ignored.
A Brainerd citizen speaks here.
Speaks for the welfare of Brainerd.
A citizen's opinion is reliable.
An utter stranger's doubtful.
The impression created is lasting.
Curiosity is at once aroused.
Read what follows and acknowledge these facts:

Mr. Philip O'Neill, of Fifth street south, says:—"I have great confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills as a remedy for the kidneys. My experience will attest to this statement. There was a dull steady ache across my loins, especially when I became a little fatigued. When I stooped over to lift or set out young plants I felt it very acutely. The action of my kidneys was very frequent, the secretions being highly colored, unnatural and annoying. This was not a new condition for such symptoms had bothered me for many years. Early last spring my attention was attracted to Doan's Kidney Pills, and thinking they might help me I procured a box. From the time I commenced their use I suffered no further disturbance or annoyance from my kidney complaint, the kidneys gradually assumed a regular action and the backache ceased to bother me. I therefore recommend Doan's Kidney Pills for such ailments and wish them much luck.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute. For sale by the McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's Pharmacy.

FOREST
—and—
PRAIRIE FIRE
NOTICE.

OFFICE OF STATE FOREST COMMISSIONER.

St. Paul, Minn., March 28, 1899.

Chapter 196 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for 1895, (Act of April 18th) constitutes Supervisors of towns Mayors of cities and Presidents of village councils Fire Wardens, and it is made their duty to take precautions to prevent forest and prairie fires, and if they occur, to go and extinguish or control them; and in emergencies to call upon any able-bodied male person, over eighteen years of age, to assist. Fire Wardens must promptly report such fires to the Chief Fire Warden. The Forest Commissioner is required to provide and sign an abstract (as herewith) of the penalties under said law, and it is made the duty of the County Commissioners of each county to cause said abstract to be published in at least three issues of the official paper in their respective counties each year, between the 15th of April and 1st of November, and they are hereby instructed to publish this notice entire. Under said law.

The following are liable to a penalty not exceeding $500 or imprisonment in the state prison not over ten years, or both:

Any person who maliciously sets or causes to be set on fire any woods, prairie or other combustible material whereby the property of another is destroyed and life is sacrificed.

The following are liable to a penalty not exceeding $100 or imprisonment not exceeding three months:

Any person refusing, without cause to assist fire wardens in extinguishing forest or prairie fires.

Any fire warden who neglects to perform his duty.

Any person who wilfully, negligently or carelessly sets on fire, or causes to be set on fire, any woods, prairies or other combustible material, thereby causing injury to another.

Any person who shall kindle a fire, on or dangerously near to forest or prairie land and leave it unquenched, or who shall be a party thereto.

Any person who shall use other than incombustible fire wads for firearms or carry a naked torch, firebrand or other exposed light in or dangerously near to forest land.

Any person who shall wilfully or heedlessly deface, destroy or remove this or any other warning placard posted under the requirements of the above mentioned Act.

Any railroad company wilfully neglecting to provide efficient spark arresters on its engines; or to keep its right of way to the width of 100 feet cleared of combustible material; or which shall fail to comply with other provisions of section 12 of the above mentioned Act.

The following are liable to a penalty of not less than $5 nor more than $50:

Any railroad employe who wilfully violates the provisions of section 12 of the above mentioned Act.

Any owner of threshing or other portable steam engine who neglects to have efficient spark arresters, or who shall deposit live coals or ashes without extinguishing the same.

R. C. DUNN, (State Auditor),
C. C. ANDREWS, Forest Commissioner.
Chief Fire Warden.

Free of Charge.

Any adult suffering from a cold settled on the breast, bronchitis, throat or lung troubles of any nature who will call at M. K. Swartz, will be presented with a sample bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP, FREE OF CHARGE. Only one bottle given to one person, and none to children without order from parents.

No throat or lung remedy ever had such a sale as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP in all parts of the civilized world. Twenty years ago millions of bottles were given away, and your druggist will tell you its success was marvelous. It is really the only throat and lung remedy generally endorsed by physicians. One 75 cent bottle will cure or prove its value. Sold by all druggists in this city.

CIVILIZING AFRICA.

NEW SCHEME TO ABOLISH SLAVERY IN THE DARK CONTINENT.

Heli Chatelaine Is Establishing Self Supporting Villages With Industrious Native Inhabitants—What the Native Settlers Are Taught.

Heli Chatelaine, writing to The American Magazine about his plan for civilizing Africa, says: On July 19 last I started for the interior of Africa, where, on the high table lands, 500 miles from the coast, I am building model villages. Here, in the heart of the dark continent, I am introducing to the natives the first stages of civilized life and by systematic effort starting the civilizing of this part of the country. The villages are being built on what are now wild wastes of land.

No expedition, however large, will ever be able to stamp out slavery in Africa by force, for the very reasonable fact that it is extremely unlikely that any expedition will ever be sent here of large enough proportion to successfully cope with the 250,000,000 natives who believe in this ancient and baneful custom.

The plan I am working upon for the civilizing of this great continent, or at least a part of it, is different from anything before tried. In substance, it is the acquirement of fertile lands by cession from European governments and by purchase from native chiefs. Upon these lands we are building model villages and towns, composed of free native settlers and liberated slaves. Quality rather than quantity is aimed at.

Such villages, when completed, will at once radiate good influence and will be object lessons to all the dark regions around. As soon as the natives see for themselves how much easier and more profitable life is under civilized methods of living than under their savage customs they quickly move to the villages and become a part of them. In joining the village they have to renounce slave hunting, polygamy, witchcraft and rum This, I think, from my experience with them, many thousands of them will very readily do, when they see for themselves how well the villages get along without any of these evil influences to which they have been accustomed.

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And woolly lambs in awkward play
Down the green hillside ambling stray.

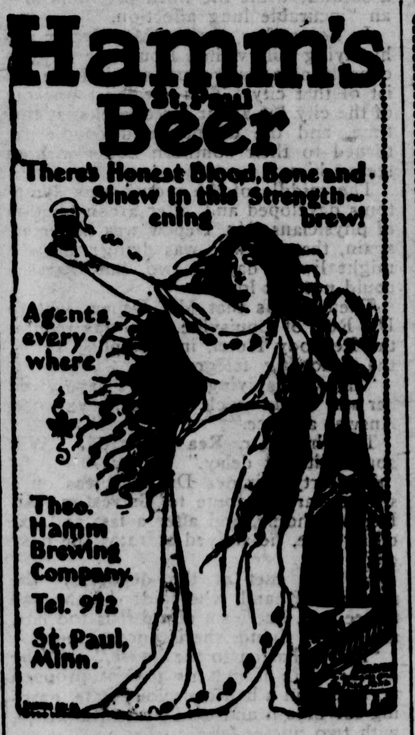
Along the blue horizon rim
The lights and shadows sink or swim.
And penciled faintly on the skies
A ghostly half moon's crescent lies.

The blackbirds chant the whole day long
A rhythmic madness in their song,
And dusk and dawn along the lane
Echoes the cowbells' rude refrain.

—Ernest McGaffey in Woman's Home Companion.

What Is In Store For Him.

If Li Hung Chang continues to slide down the scale, he will eventually land in a fourth class postoffice.—Washington Post.



The Best Cough Remedy on Earth.

Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, Consumption Cure, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong. 25 and 50 cts.

For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO



HIGH-GRADE HAWTHORNE $22.50 NET.



SPECIFICATIONS. Name—Hawthorne. Cranks—6½ inch (diamond shape). Chain—3-16 inch best hardened centers and rivets (Indianapolis B best quality), straw center and blued sides. Frame—Regular 24-inch, option 22 or 26 inches. Finish—Dark myrtle green, neatly hand striped. Gear—Regular 72, option 73; 10 tooth rear and 26 front sprockets are used on 73 gear, 10 and 28 on 72. Handle Bars—Adjustable. Pedals—Bridgeport, rat trap. Saddle—Gilliam, padded top. Spokes—Tangent, Excelsior Needle Co's best No. 2, 32 front, 36 rear. Tires—1¾-inch Morgan & Wright double tube. Tool Bag—Containing wrench, oiler, repair outfit and spanner. Tread—4½-inch. Tubing—Shelby cold drawn seamless. Wheel Base—43½ inches. Wheels—28 inches. Weight—(About) 28 pounds.

15000 Sold in 1898

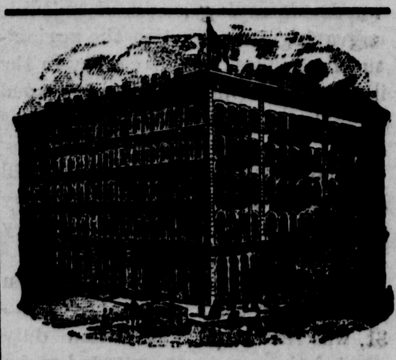
It's as good as any wheel made. All modern improvements. Guaranteed for one year. If not found as represented, return at our expense both ways, and you can have your money back on demand.

ASK US TO SEND YOU OUR FREE BICYCLE CATALOG

Send 15 cents for our 1,000 page catalogue. It lists everything used by mankind.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.



Merchants Hotel.

After ten years of absence, I have again taken charge of the old reliable Merchants, and have refitted and fully equipped the same with baths, steam heat and all modern improvements. I solicit the continuance of the patronage of the public, and especially my friends in the Dakotas and Minnesota, who have so long made the Merchants their St. Paul home.

Latest Dakota and Minnesota papers on file.

Rates, $2.00 and $2.50; with bath, $3.00. I have added the European plan for those who desire it, at from $1.00 to $1.50; with bath, $2.00.

Electric cars now pass in front of the Hotel for all points in the City.

A. ALLEN, Proprietor.

This paper will always be found on file in the Merchants reading rooms.

WHERE'S the LEAK?

I can find it and stop the damage. What I'll charge for the work will be economy, not expense. Don't be afraid I'll refuse a small job, and don't be afraid I can't do a good one.

F. J. MURPHY,
First National Bank Block.

Professional Cards.

DR. S. C. REIMSTAD,
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BRAINERD..... MIMN

United States Map.

15c. A copy of our handsome map, 48x38 inches, printed in four colors and mounted on a roller, will be sent to any address on receipt of 15 cents in coin, postal or express money order. We cannot well use postage stamps. GEO. P. LYMAN, General Passenger Agent C., B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

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Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
H. D. TREGLAWNY, Cashier.

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☞ Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

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Surplus, - - - - $30,000

☞ Business accounts invited

Brainerd & Northern MINNESOTA RY.

TIME CARD.

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3:32	lv-Pine River ar	10:21
3:53	lv-Backus-	9:58
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W. H. ERB.

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PAUL K. WETZEL, Teacher.

OUR neighboring city of Wadena has raised $600 with which to build a race track.

Baby Wardrobe Patterns.

Twenty seven patterns for different articles in long clothes with full and complete directions for making same, showing necessary materials, sent post paid for 25 cents in stamps. Fifteen patterns for short clothes 25 cents or both for 40 cents. "Information to Mothers" sent free with each order. Address

Downy Pattern Co., Butler, Ind.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

Farmers, Attention!

If you bring your grain to Hessel's, Fourth street, near Northern Pacific track, you get right weight, just grade and best market price. tf

Ray Jones Fails.

Ray W. Jones, formerly of this city but recently in the lumber business at Frazee, has failed. The petition in bankruptcy filed at Detroit places his liabilities at $200,165 and assets nothing.

Dams Go Out.

The main dam on Crow Wing river, one mile above the mouth of Shell river, was destroyed by dynamite on Sunday, and its going out may hang up a drive of 35,000,000 feet of logs which were to have come out of that stream this year, 25,000,000 of which belong to the Pine Tree Lumber Co., of Little Falls. The destruction of the dam is said to have been caused by farmers living in the vicinity who have been complaining that the dam overflowed their lands.

One hundred and fifty feet of the Minneapolis dam went out Sunday morning and the west side mills are short of water supply. It will cost $25,000 to repair the break, the dam being of mason work and was crowded off the foundation by the ice last winter.

Northwestern Editorial Outing.

Arrangements have been made for the outing of the Northwestern Editorial Association, and a very pleasant trip has been planned, the following being the outline:

Leave Brainerd over the B. & N. M. Tuesday, June 13th, at 2:10 and arrive at Walker at 4:50 p. m. Ball in the evening. Wednesday, June 14th, excursion to Sugar Point and other places of interest on Leech Lake, with a banquet in the evening. Thursday, Bemidji via B. & N. M. Lunch there by invitation of citizens, and immediately afterward take the Eastern Minnesota for Grand Rapids, arriving there at 2:35 p. m. Arrangements there to be made by local committee, including visit to experimental farm, and banquet and ball. Friday at 2:40 p. m., leave for Duluth, arriving at 7 p. m. Banquet. Saturday morning, drive around boulevards and other sightseeing. The party will break up at Duluth, taking Saturday afternoon and evening trains for home.

The actual week's expense for the entire trip will be $6.50, although there will be no string pulled on any of the wealthy members of the organization who desire to distribute a handful or so of their easily acquired coin among the natives.

The unsurpassed quality of our Photographs give testimony to the satisfaction of discriminating patrons. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Reward of $25.00.

An envelope containing a legal document written in German and addressed to Hugo Droher, Brainerd, Minn., has been lost, and I will pay the finder $25 for the return of the document, which is of no value to the finder except for the above reward offered. P. J. MURPHY,
First National Bank Block.

The Plano Binder.

Beck & Remmels sell the Plano Binder, one of the best manufactured, having less machinery than any other to get out of order, easy running, and a first-class machine. Farmers are invited to call and look it over before placing their orders for any other make.

Will Trade Farm for City Property.

Will trade an improved farm of 83 acres in Benton county, near Sauk Rapids, for improved Brainerd property. Enquire of

H. F. ATKINSON,
Laurel St., next to Con. O'Brien's grocery store.

Such exquisite creations for fastidious customers are brought out by the use of old ivory Scotch gray morretto, Allesso, Rembrandt, and ivy green mounts, at Marie A. Canan's, over post-office.

IT might be well for our sports men to remember that the open season on fish does not begin until May 15th.

House and Lot For Sale

House and two lots on Fifth street south for sale. Will sell Cheap for Cash. For particulars enquire of

W. H. ERB.

Hotel Vendome
First Class. Central Location.
EUROPEAN PLAN
21 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis
Rates—50c. 75c. $1.00 per Day.
Sitting Room, Bed Room and Bath $1.25 per Day.
CAFE AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES

BRAINERD LUMBER CO.,

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

Mills & Yards at Rice Lake, E. Brainerd

We have CONSTANTLY ON HAND a Complete Stock of Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Building Material.

SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

YOU CAN USE IT 20 DAYS FREE



Up-to-date in every detail.

Ask us to ship you one of our **High Arm Sewing Machines** with **Ball Bearings** and all Modern Improvements. This we will do by express to any station within 500 miles of Chicago. Upon arrival deposit our price, $19.50, and express charges, with the express agent of your town, then

TAKE THE MACHINE HOME AND TRY IT FOR 20 DAYS

If you are perfectly satisfied with the machine, keep it, otherwise return it to the express agent, and he will give you all your money back. If you prefer, we will ship by freight and draw on you through your nearest bank, draft attached to Bill of Lading. When machine comes pay draft, and take machine from station. If you don't like it, return it by freight, and we will refund. We guarantee the machine for ten years. Remember you take no risk. It don't cost you one cent unless you take the machine. We have sold over 100,000, and they are all giving perfect satisfaction. **ITS SPECIAL FEATURES** are Ball Bearing, Light Running, Durable, Easily Operated, Noiseless, Double Positive Feed, Self Threading Shuttle, Self-Setting Needle, Tension Liberator, Automatic Spooler, High Arm, Nickle-plated working parts, Steel bearings, Improved steel Attachments, Superior Finish, Highly Polished Bent Woodwork, Oak or Walnut.

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Contain all the forms of artistic designs that modern ingenuity can suggest.
Commanding the admiration of the world's most eminent musicians.
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Lilli Lehmann
Camille D'Arville
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Lillian Russell
Minnie Hauk
Elsie Lincoln
Emil Liebling
E. Remenyi
Max Alvary
W. C. E. Seeboeck
Whitney Mockridge
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Graham & Mattson,
Factory Agents,
Corner Sixth and Laurel Streets.

CLEAN UP!

Have your carpets cleaned with carpetteen. With this process your carpets are thoroughly renovated from all grease, dust, dirt or stains, and the color restored as bright as when new. This is done without removing the carpet from the floor. Also do paper hanging and painting. Leave orders at corner of Seventh and Holly Streets. A. E. MILLER.

SEE THE
BRAINERD LUMBER CO.
FOR
Low Prices on Lumber.

BINDER TWINE Our famous BLUE LABEL BRAND. It's the best in the world. Prices will surprise you. We deliver from Chicago, Omaha or St. Paul, as desired. Write for prices and samples.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO

FARMERS' WIVES
or any other ladies who wish to work
Can Earn Lots of Money
working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
Winoosket Co. [38-y] **Boston, Mass.**
Mfg. Dept.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.
For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO

BICYCLES No agents. We sell from catalogue at Wholesale Prices. Ship for examination before sale. Ours at $50 same as agents sell for $75, ours at $55 same as agents—for $100, ours at $60 wood-rims, 20 lbs., same as any $125 wheel. 12 styles $16 to $—

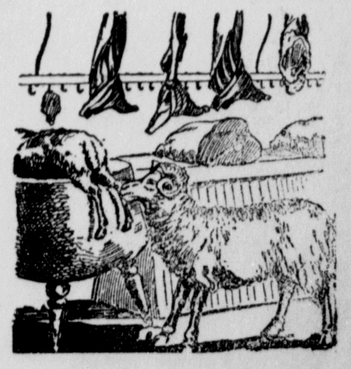
FOR SALE!

Cheap Homes on Easy Payments, 6%

Lots 7 and 8, Block 30, Schwartz's Add. each	$75
Lot 1, Block 1, Hayne's Addition	$50
Lots 10, 11 and 12, Block 3, and Lots 3 and 7, Block 4, East Side Add. each	$25
Lot 10, Block 3, Koop and Walker Addition	$50
West 100 feet, Lots 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, Block 66, each	$100

Apply to
FRED S. PARKER,
Brainerd Telephone Exchange .....

COME TO US



FOR YOUR MEATS

We have meats of all kinds, and keep only the best and freshest on the market. Our prices are reasonable. Come in and see us.

PEABODY & BAKER,
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Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

Farmers, Attention!

If you bring your grain to Hessel's, Fourth street, near Northern Pacific track, you get right weight, just grade and best market price. tf

Ray Jones Fails.

Ray W. Jones, formerly of this city but recently in the lumber business at Frazee, has failed. The petition in bankruptcy filed at Detroit places his liabilities at $200,165 and assets nothing.

Dams Go Out.

The main dam on Crow Wing river, one mile above the mouth of Shell river, was destroyed by dynamite on Sunday, and its going out may hang up a drive of 35,000,000 feet of logs which were to have come out of that stream this year, 25,000,000 of which belong to the Pine Tree Lumber Co., of Little Falls. The destruction of the dam is said to have been caused by farmers living in the vicinity who have been complaining that the dam overflowed their lands.

One hundred and fifty feet of the Minneapolis dam went out Sunday morning and the west side mills are short of water supply. It will cost $25,000 to repair the break, the dam being of mason work and was crowded off the foundation by the ice last winter.

Northwestern Editorial Outing.

Arrangements have been made for the outing of the Northwestern Editorial Association, and a very pleasant trip has been planned, the following being the outline:

Leave Brainerd over the B. & N. M. Tuesday, June 13th, at 2:10 and arrive at Walker at 4:50 p. m. Ball in the evening. Wednesday, June 14th, excursion to Sugar Point and other places of interest on Leech Lake, with a banquet in the evening. Thursday, Bemidji via B. & N. M. Lunch there by invitation of citizens, and immediately afterward take the Eastern Minnesota for Grand Rapids, arriving there at 2:35 p. m. Arrangements there to be made by local committee, including visit to experimental farm, and banquet and ball. Friday at 2:40 p. m., leave for Duluth, arriving at 7 p. m. Banquet. Saturday morning, drive around boulevards and other sightseeing. The party will break up at Duluth, taking Saturday afternoon and evening trains for home.

The actual week's expense for the entire trip will be $6.50, although there will be no string pulled on any of the wealthy members of the organization who desire to distribute a handful or so of their easily acquired coin among the natives.

The unsurpassed quality of our Photographs give testimony to the satisfaction of discriminating patrons. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Reward of $25.00.

An envelope containing a legal document written in German and addressed to Hugo Droher, Brainerd, Minn., has been lost, and I will pay the finder $25 for the return of the document, which is of no value to the finder except for the above reward offered.

P. J. MURPHY,
First National Bank Block.

The Piano Binder.

Beck & Remmels sell the Piano Binder, one of the best manufactured, having less machinery than any other to get out of order, easy running, and a first-class machine. Farmers are invited to call and look it over before placing their orders for any other make.

Will Trade Farm for City Property.

Will trade an improved farm of 83 acres in Benton county, near Sauk Rapids, for improved Brainerd property. Enquire of

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Laurel St., next to Con. O'Brien's grocery store.

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IT might be well for our sports men to remember that the open season on fish does not begin until May 15th.

House and Lot For Sale

House and two lots on Fifth street south for sale. Will sell Cheap for Cash. For particulars enquire of

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Frozen Heart,

A THRILLING LOVE STORY.

BY FRANCES WARNER WALKER.

CHAPTER II. (Continued)

Meantime, Madame Gervase's carriage moved on, but her face was white, even to her lips; and when at last it stopped before her own door, she wakened as from a sudden dream.

Hours passed, and her husband did not return. Her dinner was served in usual state, but she sat down to it alone, and made a miserable feint at its enjoyment.

Afterward, followed by the long, unendurable evening, Henri d'Augmont's card was brought in, but she declined to receive him.

She could not bear his hidden innendoes, now that she knew that they might not be foundationless. There was smouldering within her a fire which must be quenched or fanned into fiercer heat by what Louis might say to her in explanation. It was for this she waited.

Midnight had long struck when he came. A shade of surprise swept over his face, as, opening the door into the library, he found her still in dinner dress, seated before the fireplace, in which a wood fire crackled, sending forth a pleasant warmth through the rooms.

"Still up, Florence?" he questioned, carelessly. "Not yet learned the good lesson I tried to teach you this morning?"

"Who was that woman with whom you were driving this afternoon?"

An older, wiser woman, would have put the question differently—would have approached the subject with greater tact.

But Florence Gervase was but little older and no wiser than had been Florence Vane.

A smile, more galling than a frown, crept about the corners of monsieur's mouth, but the long mustache hid the white teeth which gnawed so savagely at his under lip.

"Rather pretty, you thought her, did you not?" he answered, with a scarcely perceptible pause. "Really, I am not surprised at your inquiry as to her personality. By a strange coincidence, she made the same concerning you. A very pardonable curiosity, ma chere, and I see no reason why you should not be gratified. The lady is no other than the Countess d'Aubigny, said to be—barring yourself, my love—the most beautiful woman in all Paris."

"And the woman whose name all Paris is connecting with yours!" she cried, springing to her feet, for the spark had ignited the fire now, and it was fiercely burning. "Ah, you thought because you had kept me a bird, within a cage, I would not see or know; but you cannot force me back into my old blindness, nor my old ignorance. You say this woman asked who I was? Did she blush when you told her I was your wife—the wife whom little more than a year ago you took from home and friends, swearing to make your love so full, so perfect, that she would never know their need nor miss them? You were looking at her, Louis, as I thought you could look at none but me—looking at her as though you loved her! How could you? How dared you? And I—I, your wife—a witness!"

"You are excited, Florence!" answered the man; but his cheek was pale. "The Countess d'Aubigny is a young widow, rich, titled and beautiful. Besides, ma chere, since you have seen fit to develop a new quality which I did not know you possessed—that of jealousy—I wish to advise you to conquer it at once, and to tell you, moreover, that at the time of making a very rash and foolish marriage I did not think it at all worth while to acquaint my friends with the fact; therefore, really, I believe, I still stand among them in the light of an unmarried man, and as such, if the Countess d'Aubigny honors me with her notice, you must see that it reflects no possible discredit upon her!"

"You mean that when this woman asked you who I was, you did not tell her?" gasped the unhappy girl, tottering a step forward and grasping the back of a chair for support. "You mean that when the world asks the same question there is no answer? And when the question is carried home, and reaches the dear old father's ears, can he, too, find no reply? Louis, what have I done, that you should subject me to this cruel wrong? If I have wronged you by my jealousy, forgive me; but promise me that to-morrow the world—your world—shall know my right to the hold title of wife!"

"To-morrow? Ah, my dear, to-morrow already is to-day, and if you would preserve your beauty, it is quite time you sought your couch. Good-night, ma belle! Happy dreams!"

And he went out, leaving her stunned into silence where she stood.

CHAPTER III.

From how long might she date this change—this conversion of the ardent love of a man, hard, and selfish, and cruel?—though not even yet would she acknowledge that of the idol only the clay remained.

But to-night a burning sense of wrong kindled in her heart—a very storm of indignant anger.

She made no pretense to sleep; she permitted her maid to make her ready for the night, and then, dismissing her, locked herself within her room.

Throwing herself upon a couch, she tried to fathom the terrible meaning of her husband's words. Surely, he could not have meant them—could not have wished her to credit that he would permit any man to doubt her true position toward him.

The next day passed as the night. No one came to disturb her solitude. In the afternoon she sent the carriage away. She feared a repetition of the scene of yesterday. Toward evening her mood changed. Her anger had had time to cool; her love, which was, with this woman stronger and more dominant than any emotion, to reassert its supremacy. She had, doubtless, angered her husband; she should have been more gentle, less imperious. It could not be that any one had supplanted her in his heart, or that his love was less loyal.

How well he had loved her! And then her mind went back to the old days, and lingered there until resentment fled. Ah, if he had momentarily wavered, she would charm him back to his old allegiance!

And so, with almost a smile upon her lips, determined to throw off the dark shadows which all day had oppressed her, she rang for her maid to come to her.

"My prettiest toilet, Marie!" she commanded.

For the first time, Marie found her exacting and hard to please.

"Is madame going to a ball?" she asked; but the answer was a simple negative.

When, at last, the toilet was completed, she could have entered no ball room and not been its acknowledged belle. The beautiful hair was twisted low upon her little head, with here and there a tiny curl escaping from its thraldom, a diamond star scintillating in its gold. She wore a dress of white satin, open at the throat, with sleeves of pearl-dotted tulle, through which shone the white, exquisitely-rounded arms. She stood a moment surveying herself in the long mirror, which so perfectly reflected the lovely and imperial vision.

"Ah!" she said, with a half-sigh to herself, "will he be ashamed to-night to present me to his friends as his wife? What would Dorothy say if she could see me now?"

And the later thought brought an instant tear to her violet eyes, for Dorothy was her twin, the little sister, more gentle, less imperious than she, but so like her in face, in voice, in manner, that her own father scarce could tell them apart. But the difference would be greater now. Dorothy never had worn such a gown as this, nor such jewels about her throat and wrists.

It was strange she should have thought of Dorothy at this moment; but it was her dream which made the home-life come back to her so strangely.

"Madame, dinner is ready," announced her maid.

Ah, dinner was ready! And monsieur, had he returned?

Yes; monsieur had returned during the afternoon; but had made a very hasty toilet, and gone immediately out again.

Florence's heart sank. Some of the old coldness, the old bitterness, returned; but her housemaid must not suspect. In her regal pride and beauty, she sat down alone to her exquisitely-served repast. It dragged itself out to an interminable length.

It was 9 o'clock when she arose; at the same moment a note was handed her in a handwriting unknown to her.

She tore it open. It was unsigned, and that most detestable of all missives—an anonymous communication.

"If Madame Gervase will go to-night to the opera," it ran, "she will see Monsieur Gervase with the lady whom, rumor states, he is soon to lead to the altar. Madame may deem herself a legal impediment to the latter possibility, but she is in error, as the writer fears, the future will prove."

With face blanched to marble, Florence read and re-read the lines of such terrible and portentous import.

What could they mean? What was the fearful implication underlying them?

Her husband's words of the previous night came back to her. He had not acknowledged his marriage—the world did not know her as his wife. But did he imagine she would keep silent, when her honor and her womanhood were at stake?

Pshaw! The whole thing was false—the letter written in gratification of some petty revenge. But the writer told her to see and judge for herself, and to-night was to be her opportunity.

With sudden resolution, she summoned Marie.

"Prepare to accompany me to the opera, and order the horses at once!" she commanded, though her voice sounded, even to herself, like liquid ice. "Go at once to the opera, Jean," she said, to her butler, "and procure me a box, at any price. Meet us at the entrance on our arrival."

The clock had just struck 10 when her carriage stopped before the doors, and she stepped from it with the air and bearing of a queen.

A little murmur of admiration ran through the boxes in the immediate vicinity of that which she had secured, as she took the seat within it, and threw back the elegant wrap she wore. Marie seated herself a little behind her.

The first act was ended—the second had but just begun; but not one single glance did Florence vouchsafe the stage. Slowly she raised her opera glass to her eyes, and slowly scanned the house. A half-sigh of relief parted her lips, when, suddenly, she gave a perceptible start.

In one of the lower stage boxes, to the left, sat a woman toward whom half the glasses in the house, from time to time, like that of Madame Gervase, were leveled.

She was imperiously, consciously beautiful, with hair of ebon blackness and eyes that matched the night.

She was dressed in black velvet, cut low, displaying the rounded shoulders and white arms. On the corsage of her dress was a row of priceless, sparkling gems, the same encircled her throat, her arms, glittered in her ears. A feather made of precious stones was fastened in her hair.

She seemed intent upon the scene before her, and now and then would bend her head, as if listening for some half-uttered whisper from someone seated behind her, or would open her own lips, with a smile, and reply.

Who held that coveted place?

Florence's breath came quickly. Instantly she had recognized her as the woman whom her husband had called the Countess d'Aubigny.

A crimson spot slowly formed itself on her white cheek; her violet eyes dilated and darkened. She leaned forward, her glasses steadily fixed, and, forgetting that her marked gaze was attracting the attention of others about her.

But presently, on the plush curtain which screened the interior of the box from view, a man's hand was carelessly placed, half-holding its heavy folds, as though he wished to gain a certain view of the house.

The hand itself was unmistakable; but, to make certainty more sure, on its third finger was a curious sapphire ring. It was the ring Louis Gervase always wore, and about which he held a strange superstition—that its loss betokened evil to him.

Florence dropped her glass. For a moment a deadly faintness overcame her, but she forced it back. Then the curtain fell upon the second act, and the house broke into wild and tumultuous applause. But of the music the wretched girl had heard no single note. All her senses had been concentrated in one. For a few moments she sat dazed and bewildered.

The people poured from the boxes and seats into the vestibule and foyer beyond. The places about her were almost deserted. Presently she looked toward the spot which fascinated her gaze as a serpent the bird's.

The countess was rising. That invisible presence behind made a tender movement, as if to throw a wrap over the beautiful shoulders, but she negatived it and passed out from the box.

Still a moment longer Florence sat quiet. Then she, too, rose to her feet.

"Come with me, Marie," she said, and swept out into the foyer.

It was densely filled. She scarcely knew why she had come—what she was about to do. But yesterday she had been but a child, wax to mould as he would, in Louis Gervase's hands. To-night she was a wronged and outraged woman, with her love to make the stronger the current in whose cold waters she so suddenly found herself plunged.

With head erect and the carriage of a queen she walked slowly down the passage. Almost at it farthest end, where the crowd was densest, she and her husband met, face to face. She alone, save for the presence and protection of her maid; he, bending with tender devotion over the beautiful woman whose gloved hand rested on his arm, his eyes gazing down into hers, which were upraised to meet them, his whole attitude that of a man loving and beloved.

The blood turned to instant ice in the young wife's veins. Imperiously, she took one step in advance; then stood so directly in front that it was impossible to pass her.

"Louis," she said, in tones so loud, so clear, so distinct, that not only he and, his companion but all around could hear: "Louis, may I ask that you will present your wife to the Countess d'Aubingy? I have long been desirous of the honor; and, at the same time, I shall claim the protection of the other arm."

The little crowd of promenaders stood still. One would have fancied a thunderbolt to have been launched in their midst. On which of that little group of three would it expend itself?

CHAPTER IV.

It was the supreme moment of Florence Gervase's life; but, if she inwardly trembled, she outwardly made no sign. She stood like an empress, demanding recognition of her subjects.

Louis Gervase's face perceptibly paled. The blood slowly receded from his lips; but it was the white heat of an awful anger which left its impress there.

Madame la Comtesse also lost color, and made a half-motion to withdraw her hand from his arm; but his fingers closed meaningly and detainingly upon it with reassuring pressure.

"One of my early follies returned to haunt me," he whispered in her ear, but so distinctly that Florence caught each word.

Then, raising his head, he said aloud:

"Madame, when I have a wife, I will present her to the world. I regret you should imagine your claim warrants such a title or such a scene. Meantime, will you give place to this lady, that she may pass?"

He made a movement, as he finished speaking, to advance; but the young wife motioned him back; and there was something in her gesture which commanded obedience.

"Again I ask you to present me, your wife, to madame, the countess!" she repeated, with slow distinctness; "and since you will not do so, I must present myself. Madame, I am Madame Gervase, the wife of the man on whose arm you lean, whom yesterday I saw driving in your carriage. Whatever his motive may have been in disguising from you the truth, it is your due and mine that we both should recognize it and each other."

For a moment the eyes of the two women met, both beautiful, both highbred, both loving the same man; then the countess turned toward him.

"Is it the truth, Louis, that this woman speaks?" she asked.

"If so, do you think I would allow her to assert her claim thus and here?" he answered. "Let me take you back to your box, Adele. How can I forgive myself for having exposed you to such a scene?"

"Madame—" began Florence.

But, with one withering glance of contempt and scorn the lady turned away, and, with her hand upon her escort's arm, walked slowly on.

Florence stood, turned to stone, with no further word nor making an attempt to follow. Just then someone spoke to her.

"Madame Gervase," said the voice—and it was at once earnest, respectful, but full of strength— avoice accustomed to demand and receive obedience, "take my arm."

A young American—Harry Arkwright—who had spent an evening at her father's house New Year's before, introduced there by a mutual friend, stood close beside her, as if interposing his broad shoulders and athletic frame to shield her from the curious crowd.

Without speaking a word, she hastily obeyed his command, and let him lead her down the stairs and out into the street, Marie following. There was no delay in obtaining her carriage. He followed them both in, and gave the necessary directions to the driver.

Long after Florence remembered this. He must have already known, then, where she lived. At her door he left her.

"I shall call to-morrow, at 1 o'clock, madame. It may be that I may be of service to you, and, if so, I beg that you will command me."

She bowed her head assentingly, but uttered no single word, even of thanks. Mechanically, she ascended the stairs to her apartments. Marie wept and wrung her hands, while she undid the wrap and unfastened the satin robe, but Florence, sat still and tearless, a block of marble or of ice.

At length she motioned that Marie might leave her, and, reluctantly, she was compelled to obey. But, left alone, her position never changed.

If she had been a statue she could not have been more motionless, more lifeless.

Hour after hour struck, but her lids never drooped, nor a single nerve outwardly quivered. Long past midnight a key turned in the outer door. The sound in its effect upon her was like a galvanic shock to a corpse.

Instantly she sprang to her feet and stood in an attitude of rigid expectancy. A minute later the portiere from the room beyond was lifted, and her husband entered her presence.

He started as if surprised. He had meant to assume the part of one injured, to treat her as an erring child, whose will in all things must be molded to his own, and lo! a very Nemesis stood before him.

The task he had set himself, into whose performance, he told himself, her action had forced him, was in no case an easy one; but in this moment he realized it to be more difficult than he had assumed.

Then he remembered all that he had at stake, and a sardonic smile played about his lips.

"Do you know that you disgraced yourself and me to-night in the sight of all Paris? How dared you, how dared you?"

Her eyes unflinchingly met his. slowly she extended one hand, pointing downward to the carpet at her feet.

"Your place is here," she said—"here at my feet, to crave my pardon! If you have in you one spark of generosity, of manhood, of remorse, kneel here and seek the forgiveness alike of the woman and the wife."

A perceptible sneer curled his lips.

"Quite a dramatic scene, ma chere. Really, with such artistic talent, I would advise your turning your attention to the stage; but spare me its rehearsal. I have one or two practical truths to lay before you, and I wish you to listen to them sensibly. You saw fit to-night to force upon me a public scandal. I thought you were a young, retiring girl. I did not dream that you would develop into a bold, audacious woman."

"My wrongs developed me," she answered. "You were looking at that woman, Louis, as you had no right to look at any but your wife. She was leaning on your arm as only I had the right to lean. I was alone and unprotected. Why, when I asked you to present me, did you not do so? There would have been no scene, no scandal, then."

"Because you claimed a title which, while I may humor your whims by giving you it in private, I certainly cannot so far compromise myself as to allow you to assume in public. It is quite time, Florence, that we understood each other. I am not inclined to underrate your claim alike upon my heart, my forbearance and my purse; but my freedom must remain untrammeled—"

"You say I claimed a title to which I had no right!" she interrupted, in a harsh, constrained voice. "What was the title?"

"That of my wife!" he answered, steadily and brutally. "This farce of matrimony must end, Florence. Our marriage—the marriage your whim orrained—was not legal. I took good care that it should not be so. In France, no marriage is legal without full consent of the parents, when the contracting parties are minors. Moreover, a certain residence here is necessary. My name, and position and money, enabled me to fix up a certain civil contract, which would not hold good in any court of law. It satisfied your scruples and my desires. But, Florence," he added, more kindly, as he saw the ashen whiteness which overspread her face, as she extended one hand toward a table near her that she might lean upon it for support, "there is no cause for unhappiness in all this. I am willing to overlook to-night if you promise me such a scene shall never take place again. Now that you understand your position, you will be sensible. Do I not give you all that any woman could desire? Have you not horses, jewels—"

"Hush!" she interrupted, finding her voice at last. "Take all these things, and give to me my due. Louis, you are punishing me; but what you have said is not—cannot be the truth! I am your wedded wife. Oh, Louis, forgive me, if I let my jealous anger master me, as I will forgive your denial of me, but take back the words you have just spoken! I will go away, if you have wearied of me—I will interfere with your actions never again; but tell me that I am an honest woman—tell me that I am a wedded wife!"

And, sinking upon her knees in the spot which, a few moments before, she had designated for him, she clasped her arms entreatingly about him.

"What matters it, Florence?" he replied. "It would do no good to tell you an untruth. Again I say to you, our marriage was not legal!"

"Then you will atone for this monstrous wrong?" she pleaded. She was no longer Nemesis. Her very soul was humbled in the dust. "You will atone, Louis! To-morrow you will make me the wife I have so long believed myself to be. Oh, Louis, swear this to me, if you would not kill me!"

"Be reasonable, Florence. As you are you must remain. Remember how many hundred women envy you, and be content. Call yourself Madame Gervase, if you will, only, my dear, don't obtrude the title in public. It would be better for both of us."

(To be continued.)

Elephants That Play Skittles.

Where will the training of animals stop? If some limit is not soon set to it, we humans will soon find ourselves completely ousted from our seats by our four-footed rivals. At a London variety theater just now three elephants play nightly at skittles, in an astonishing and vastly entertaining fashion. One sets up the pieces, one bowls at them, and the other chalks up the score on a blackboard. Rarely has there been seen anything so exquisitely funny as the long, long aim taken by the bowler, before he finally hurls the ball. Like a golfer "addressing the ball," he swings and swings and hesitates, and finally cocks up one hind leg in the squirming fashion of the amateur billiard player, while the nervous elephant behind the pieces bobs up and down in uncontrollable anxiety. It is a most entertaining and original spectacle .

The Meanest Man.

A mean man on the South Side agreed, early in the week, to meet a girl at luncheon down town Saturday, and after luncheon they were going to the matinee. The girl kept her part of the contract. She dressed in a new silk waist and a velvet bonnet, and was in the lunch room as the clock struck 1. After she had waited about five minutes there came a note from the mean man. It said:

"The inclosed cards will show you why I can't keep my engagement."

The "inclosed cards" announced that he had been married to a chum of hers that morning.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Alike.

"Men are not half as black as they're painted."

"No; and women are not half as blonde as the're bleached, either."—Iowa State Register.

Despite all his refinement, the light and habitual taking of God's name in vain betrays a coarse and brutal will. E. H. Chapin.

"The Prudent Man Setteth His House in Order."

Your human tenement should be given even more careful attention than the house you live in. Set it in order by thoroughly purifying your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Erysipelas—"My little girl is now fat and healthy on account of Hood's Sarsaparilla curing her of erysipelas and eczema." MRS. H. O. WHEATLEY, Port Chester, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Coming End of Leap Year.

Within eight more centuries leap-year will have become a relic of the present time. By that time the extra eleven days lost to make up the change from the old Julian calendar to that of the present day will all have been duly accounted for, and the world will run around in just 365 days, and no more .

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

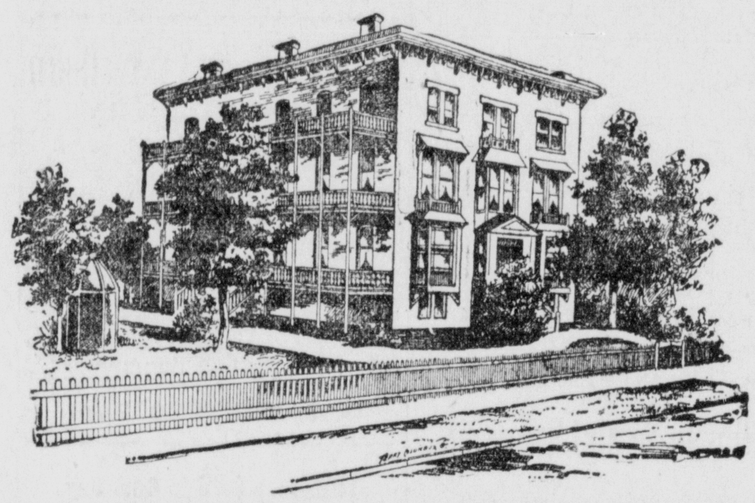
Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The wise man is a fool if he doesn't listen to a woman's proffered counsel.

A woman may cast insinuations, but she can't propel a stone with accuracy.

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USES PE-RU-NA FOR CATARRH OF THE STOMACH.



The Frances Willard Hospital, Chicago, Ill.

Miss Georgiana Dean was for three years missionary in Liberia under the M. E. Church from the training school in Chicago. After her return she studied nursing, graduating from the present Frances E. Willard National Temperance Hospital of Chicago. She is an enthusiastic friend of Pe-ru-na, as is evident from the following letter:

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 20, 1899.

Pe-ru-na Drug Mfg. Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—You will be glad to know of the happy results obtained from the use of Pe-ru-na among the patients under my care whenever prescribed by the physician. I have seen some very remarkable cures of cases of very obstinate catarrh of the stomach, where Pe-ru-na was the only medicine used. I consider it a reliable medicine. GEORGIANA DEAN.

The symptoms of catarrhal dyspepsia are: Coated tongue, pain or heavy feeling in the stomach, belching of gas, dizzy head, sometimes headache, despondent feelings, loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart and irregularity of the bowels.

Send for a free book written by Dr. Hartman, entitled "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

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Morgan & Wright Double Tube Tires, $2.74. Some Special Flyers. 37 packages Fresh Garden Seed for 37c. A Dollar Cattle Knife and 57 packages Fresh Garden Seed (value $2.75) all for 97c; postage paid. WRITE NOW.

T. M. BORERT'S SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

In for It.

Mrs. Chinner—Ernestine, my darling, do you expect Constant to-night?

Ernestine—Of course, mamma. Why do you inquire?

Mrs. Chinner—If he asks you to marry him, tell him to come and speak to me.

Ernestine—And if he does not ask me?

Mrs. Chinner—Tell him I am coming to speak to him.—Brooklyn Life.

Laziness is the decayed fruit of philosophy.

You will never know what
GOOD INK
is unless you use **Carter's.** It costs no more than poor ink.
Funny booklet "How to Make Ink Pictures" free.
CARTER'S INK CO., Boston, Mass.

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160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

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"Nothing but wheat; what you might call a sea of wheat," is what was said by a lecturer speaking of Western Canada. For particulars as to routes, railway fares, etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Department Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to Ben Davies, 154 East Third St., St. Paul, or T. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.

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SLICKER
WILL KEEP YOU DRY.
Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

Trade Mark
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
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$1.00
CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



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is the only genuine National League Ball, and is certified to as such by President N. E. Young.
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If a dealer does not carry Spalding's athletic goods in stock, send your name and address to us (and his, too) for a copy of our handsomely illustrated catalogue.
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N. W. N. U. —No 18— 1899

25 CTS. FISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Frozen Heart,

A THRILLING LOVE STORY.

BY FRANCES WARNER WALKER.

CHAPTER II. (Continued)

Meantime, Madame Gervase's carriage moved on, but her face was white, even to her lips; and when at last it stopped before her own door, she wakened as from a sudden dream.

Hours passed, and her husband did not return. Her dinner was served in usual state, but she sat down to it alone, and made a miserable feint at its enjoyment.

Afterward, followed by the long, unendurable evening, Henri d'Augmont's card was brought in, but she declined to receive him.

She could not bear his hidden inuendoes, now that she knew that they might not be foundationless. There was smouldering within her a fire which must be quenched or fanned into fiercer heat by what Louis might say to her in explanation. It was for this she waited.

Midnight had long struck when he came. A shade of surprise swept over his face, as, opening the door into the library, he found her still in dinner dress, seated before the fireplace, in which a wood fire crackled, sending forth a pleasant warmth through the rooms.

"Still up, Florence?" he questioned, carelessly. "Not yet learned the good lesson I tried to teach you this morning?"

"Who was that woman with whom you were driving this afternoon?"

An older, wiser woman, would have put the question differently—would have approached the subject with greater tact.

But Florence Gervase was but little older and no wiser than had been Florence Vane.

A smile, more galling than a frown, crept about the corners of monsieur's mouth, but the long mustache hid the white teeth which gnawed so savagely at his under lip.

"Rather pretty, you thought her, did you not?" he answered, with a scarcely perceptible pause. "Really, I am not surprised at your inquiry as to her personality. By a strange coincidence, she made the same concerning you. A very pardonable curiosity, ma chere, and I see no reason why you should not be gratified. The lady is no other than the Countess d'Aubigny, said to be—barring yourself, my love—the most beautiful woman in all Paris."

"And the woman whose name all Paris is connecting with yours!" she cried, springing to her feet, for the spark had ignited the fire now, and it was fiercely burning. "Ah, you thought because you had kept me a bird, within a cage, I would not see or know; but you cannot force me back into my old blindness, nor my old ignorance. You say this woman asked who I was? Did she blush when you told her I was your wife—the wife whom little more than a year ago you took from home and friends, swearing to make your love so full, so perfect, that she would never know their need nor miss them? You were looking at her, Louis, as I thought you could look at none but me—looking at her as though you loved her! How could you? How dared you? And I—I, your wife—a witness!"

"You are excited, Florence!" answered the man; but his cheek was pale. "The Countess d'Aubigny is a young widow, rich, titled and beautiful. Besides, ma chere, since you have seen fit to develop a new quality which I did not know you possessed—that of jealousy—I wish to advise you to conquer it at once, and to tell you, moreover, that at the time of making a very rash and foolish marriage I did not think it at all worth while to acquaint my friends with the fact; therefore, really, I believe, I still stand among them in the light of an unmarried man, and as such, if the Countess d'Aubigny honors me with her notice, you must see that it reflects no possible discredit upon her!"

"You mean that when this woman asked you who I was, you did not tell her?" gasped the unhappy girl, tottering a step forward and grasping the back of a chair for support. "You mean that when the world asks the same question there is no answer? And when the question is carried home, and reaches the dear old father's ears, can he, too, find no reply? Louis, what have I done, that you should subject me to this cruel wrong? If I have wronged you by my jealousy, forgive me; but promise me that to-morrow the world—your world—shall know my right to the hold title of wife!"

"To-morrow? Ah, my dear, to-morrow already is to-day, and if you would preserve your beauty, it is quite time you sought your couch. Good-night, ma belle! Happy dreams!"

And he went out, leaving her stunned into silence where she stood.

CHAPTER III.

From how long might she date this change—this conversion of the ardent love of a man, hard, and selfish, and cruel?—though not even yet would she acknowledge that of the idol only the clay remained.

But to-night a burning sense of wrong kindled in her heart—a very storm of indignant anger.

She made no pretense to sleep; she permitted her maid to make her ready for the night, and then, dismissing her, locked herself within her room.

Throwing herself upon a couch, she tried to fathom the terrible meaning of her husband's words. Surely, he could not have meant them—could not have wished her to credit that he would permit any man to doubt her true position toward him.

The next day passed as the night. No one came to disturb her solitude. In the afternoon she sent the carriage away. She feared a repetition of the scene of yesterday. Toward evening her mood changed. Her anger had had time to cool; her love, which was, with this woman stronger and more dominant than any emotion, to reassert its supremacy. She had, doubtless, angered her husband; she should have been more gentle, less imperious. It could not be that any one had supplanted her in his heart, or that his love was less loyal.

How well he had loved her! And then her mind went back to the old days, and lingered there until resentment fled. Ah, if he had momentarily wavered, she would charm him back to his old allegiance!

And so, with almost a smile upon her lips, determined to throw off the dark shadows which all day had oppressed her, she rang for her maid to come to her.

"My prettiest toilet, Marie!" she commanded.

For the first time, Marie found her exacting and hard to please.

"Is madame going to a ball?" she asked; but the answer was a simple negative.

When, at last, the toilet was completed, she could have entered no ball room and not been its acknowledged belle. The beautiful hair was twisted low upon her little head, with here and there a tiny curl escaping from its thraldom, a diamond star scintillating in its gold. She wore a dress of white satin, open at the throat, with sleeves of pearl-dotted tulle, through which shone the white, exquisitely-rounded arms. She stood a moment surveying herself in the long mirror, which so perfectly reflected the lovely and imperial vision.

"Ah!" she said, with a half-sigh to herself, "will he be ashamed to-night to present me to his friends as his wife? What would Dorothy say if she could see me now?"

And the later thought brought an instant tear to her violet eyes, for Dorothy was her twin, the little sister, more gentle, less imperious than she, but so like her in face, in voice, in manner, that her own father scarce could tell them apart. But the difference would be greater now. Dorothy never had worn such a gown as this, nor such jewels about her throat and wrists.

It was strange she should have thought of Dorothy at this moment; but it was her dream which made the home-life come back to her so strangely.

"Madame, dinner is ready," announced her maid.

Ah, dinner was ready! And monsieur, had he returned?

Yes; monsieur had returned during the afternoon; but had made a very hasty toilet, and gone immediately out again.

Florence's heart sank. Some of the old coldness, the old bitterness, returned; but her housemaid must not suspect. In her regal pride and beauty, she sat down alone to her exquisitely-served repast. It dragged itself out to an interminable length.

It was 9 o'clock when she arose; at the same moment a note was handed her in a handwriting unknown to her.

She tore it open. It was unsigned, and that most detestable of all missives—an anonymous communication.

"If Madame Gervase will go to-night to the opera," it ran, "she will see Monsieur Gervase with the lady whom, rumor states, he is soon to lead to the altar. Madame may deem herself a legal impediment to the latter possibility, but she is in error, as the writer fears, the future will prove."

With face blanched to marble, Florence read and re-read the lines of such terrible and portentous import.

What could they mean? What was the fearful implication underlying them?

Her husband's words of the previous night came back to her. He had not acknowledged his marriage—the world did not know her as his wife. But did he imagine she would keep silent, when her honor and her womanhood were at stake?

Pshaw! The whole thing was false—the letter written in gratification of some petty revenge. But the writer told her to see and judge for herself, and to-night was to be her opportunity.

With sudden resolution, she summoned Marie.

"Prepare to accompany me to the opera, and order the horses at once!" she commanded, though her voice sounded, even to herself, like liquid ice. "Go at once to the opera, Jean," she said, to her butler, "and procure me a box, at any price. Meet us at the entrance on our arrival."

The clock had just struck 10 when her carriage stopped before the doors, and she stepped from it with the air and bearing of a queen.

A little murmur of admiration ran through the boxes in the immediate vicinity of that which she had secured, as she took the seat within it, and threw back the elegant wrap she wore. Marie seated herself a little behind her.

The first act was ended—the second had but just begun; but not one single glance did Florence vouchsafe the stage. Slowly she raised her opera glass to her eyes, and slowly scanned the house. A half-sigh of relief parted her lips, when, suddenly, she gave a perceptible start.

In one of the lower stage boxes, to the left, sat a woman toward whom half the glasses in the house, from time to time, like that of Madame Gervase, were leveled.

She was imperiously, consciously beautiful, with hair of ebon blackness and eyes that matched the night.

She was dressed in black velvet, cut low, displaying the rounded shoulders and white arms. On the corsage of her dress was a row of priceless, sparkling gems, the same encircled her throat, her arms, glittered in her ears. A feather made of precious stones was fastened in her hair.

She seemed intent upon the scene before her, and now and then would bend her head, as if listening for some half-uttered whisper from someone seated behind her, or would open her own lips, with a smile, and reply.

Who held that coveted place?

Florence's breath came quickly. Instantly she had recognized her as the woman whom her husband had called the Countess d'Aubigny.

A crimson spot slowly formed itself on her white cheek; her violet eyes dilated and darkened. She leaned forward, her glasses steadily fixed, and, forgetting that her marked gaze was attracting the attention of others about her.

But presently, on the plush curtain which screened the interior of the box from view, a man's hand was carelessly placed, half-holding its heavy folds, as though he wished to gain a certain view of the house.

The hand itself was unmistakable; but, to make certainty more sure, on its third finger was a curious sapphire ring. It was the ring Louis Gervase always wore, and about which he held a strange superstition—that its loss betokened evil to him.

Florence dropped her glass. For a moment a deadly faintness overcame her, but she forced it back. Then the curtain fell upon the second act, and the house broke into wild and tumultuous applause. But of the music the wretched girl had heard no single note. All her senses had been concentrated in one. For a few moments she sat dazed and bewildered.

The people poured from the boxes and seats into the vestibule and foyer beyond. The places about her were almost deserted. Presently she looked toward the spot which fascinated her gaze as a serpent the bird's.

The countess was rising. That invisible presence behind made a tender movement, as if to throw a wrap over the beautiful shoulders, but she negatived it and passed out from the box.

Still a moment longer Florence sat quiet. Then she, too, rose to her feet.

"Come with me, Marie," she said, and swept out into the foyer.

It was densely filled. She scarcely knew why she had come—what she was about to do. But yesterday she had been but a child, wax to mould as he would, in Louis Gervase's hands. To-night she was a wronged and outraged woman, with her love to make the stronger the current in whose cold waters she so suddenly found herself plunged.

With head erect and the carriage of a queen she walked slowly down the passage. Almost at it farthest end, where the crowd was densest, she and her husband met, face to face. She alone, save for the presence and protection of her maid; he, bending with tender devotion over the beautiful woman whose gloved hand rested on his arm, his eyes gazing down into hers, which were upraised to meet them, his whole attitude that of a man loving and beloved.

The blood turned to instant ice in the young wife's veins. Imperiously, she took one step in advance; then stood so directly in front that it was impossible to pass her.

"Louis," she said, in tones so loud, so clear, so distinct, that not only he and, his companion but all around could hear: "Louis, may I ask that you will present your wife to the Countess d'Aubingy? I have long been desirous of the honor; and, at the same time, I shall claim the protection of the other arm."

The little crowd of promenaders stood still. One would have fancied a thunderbolt to have been launched in their midst. On which of that little group of three would it expend itself?

CHAPTER IV.

It was the supreme moment of Florence Gervase's life; but, if she inwardly trembled, she outwardly made no sign. She stood like an empress, demanding recognition of her subjects.

Louis Gervase's face perceptibly paled. The blood slowly receded from his lips; but it was the white heat of an awful anger which left its impress there.

Madame la Comtesse also lost color, and made a half-motion to withdraw her hand from his arm; but his fingers closed meaningly and detainingly upon it with reassuring pressure.

"One of my early follies returned to haunt me," he whispered in her ear, but so distinctly that Florence caught each word.

Then, raising his head, he said aloud: "Madame, when I have a wife, I will present her to the world. I regret you should imagine your claim warrants such a title or such a scene. Meantime, will you give place to this lady, that she may pass?"

He made a movement, as he finished speaking, to advance; but the young wife motioned him back; and there was something in her gesture which commanded obedience.

"Again I ask you to present me, your wife, to madame, the countess!" she repeated, with slow distinctness; "and since you will not do so, I must present myself. Madame, I am Madame Gervase, the wife of the man on whose arm you lean, whom yesterday I saw driving in your carriage. Whatever his motive may have been in disguising from you the truth, it is your due and mine that we both should recognize it and each other."

For a moment the eyes of the two women met, both beautiful, both high-bred, both loving the same man; then the countess turned toward him.

"Is it the truth, Louis, that this woman speaks?" she asked.

"If so, do you think I would allow her to assert her claim thus and here?" he answered. "Let me take you back to your box, Adele. How can I forgive myself for having exposed you to such a scene?"

"Madame—" began Florence.

But, with one withering glance of contempt and scorn the lady turned away, and, with her hand upon her escort's arm, walked slowly on.

Florence stood, turned to stone, with no further word nor making an attempt to follow. Just then someone spoke to her.

"Madame Gervase," said the voice—and it was at once earnest, respectful, but full of strength— avoice accustomed to demand and receive obedience, "take my arm."

A young American—Harry Arkwright—who had spent an evening at her father's house New Year's before, introduced there by a mutual friend, stood close beside her, as if interposing his broad shoulders and athletic frame to shield her from the curious crowd.

Without speaking a word, she hastily obeyed his command, and let him lead her down the stairs and out into the street, Marie following. There was no delay in obtaining her carriage. He followed them both in, and gave the necessary directions to the driver.

Long after Florence remembered this. He must have already known, then, where she lived. At her door he left her.

"I shall call to-morrow, at 1 o'clock, madame. It may be that I may be of service to you, and, if so, I beg that you will command me."

She bowed her head assentingly, but uttered no single word, even of thanks. Mechanically, she ascended the stairs to her apartments. Marie wept and wrung her hands, while she undid the wrap and unfastened the satin robe, but Florence, sat still and tearless, a block of marble or of ice.

At length she motioned that Marie might leave her, and, reluctantly, she was compelled to obey. But, left alone, her position never changed.

If she had been a statue she could not have been more motionless, more lifeless.

Hour after hour struck, but her lids never drooped, nor a single nerve outwardly quivered. Long past midnight a key turned in the outer door. The sound in its effect upon her was like a galvanic shock to a corpse.

Instantly she sprang to her feet and stood in an attitude of rigid expectancy. A minute later the portiere from the room beyond was lifted, and her husband entered her presence.

He started as if surprised. He had meant to assume the part of one injured, to treat her as an erring child, whose will in all things must be molded to his own, and lo! a very Nemesis stood before him.

The task he had set himself, into whose performance, he told himself, her action had forced him, was in no case an easy one; but in this moment he realized it to be more difficult than he had assumed.

Then he remembered all that he had at stake, and a sardonic smile played about his lips.

"Do you know that you disgraced yourself and me to-night in the sight of all Paris? How dared you, how dared you?"

Her eyes unflinchingly met his. slowly she extended one hand, pointing downward to the carpet at her feet.

"Your place is here," she said—"here at my feet, to crave my pardon! If you have in you one spark of generosity, of manhood, of remorse, kneel here and seek the forgiveness alike of the woman and the wife."

A perceptible sneer curled his lips.

"Quite a dramatic scene, ma chere. Really, with such artistic talent, I would advise your turning your attention to the stage; but spare me its rehearsal. I have one or two practical truths to lay before you, and I wish you to listen to them sensibly. You saw fit to-night to force upon me a public scandal. I thought you were a young, retiring girl. I did not dream that you would develop into a bold, audacious woman."

"My wrongs developed me," she answered. "You were looking at that woman, Louis, as you had no right to look at any but your wife. She was leaning on your arm as only I had the right to lean. I was alone and unprotected. Why, when I asked you to present me, did you not do so? There would have been no scene, no scandal, then."

"Because you claimed a title which, while I may humor your whims by giving you it in private, I certainly cannot so far compromise myself as to allow you to assume in public. It is quite time, Florence, that we understood each other. I am not inclined to underrate your claim alike upon my heart, my forbearance and my purse; but my freedom must remain untrammeled—"

"You say I claimed a title to which I had no right!" she interrupted, in a harsh, constrained voice. "What was the title?"

"That of my wife!" he answered, steadily and brutally. "This farce of matrimony must end, Florence. Our marriage—the marriage your whim orrained—was not legal. I took good care that it should not be so. In France, no marriage is legal without full consent of the parents, when the contracting parties are minors. Moreover, a certain residence here is necessary. My name, and position and money, enabled me to fix up a certain civil contract, which would not hold good in any court of law. It satisfied your scruples and my desires. But, Florence," he added, more kindly, as he saw the ashen whiteness which overspread her face, as she extended one hand toward a table near her that she might lean upon it for support, "there is no cause for unhappiness in all this. I am willing to overlook to-night if you promise me such a scene shall never take place again. Now that you understand your position, you will be sensible. Do I not give you all that any woman could desire? Have you not horses, jewels—"

"Hush!" she interrupted, finding her voice at last. "Take all these things, and give to me my due. Louis, you are punishing me; but what you have said is not—cannot be the truth! I am your wedded wife. Oh, Louis, forgive me, if I let my jealous anger master me, as I will forgive your denial of me, but take back the words you have just spoken! I will go away, if you have wearied of me—I will interfere with your actions never again; but tell me that I am an honest woman—tell me that I am a wedded wife!"

And, sinking upon her knees in the spot which, a few moments before, she had designated for him, she clasped her arms entreatingly about him.

"What matters it, Florence?" he replied. "It would do no good to tell you an untruth. Again I say to you, our marriage was not legal!"

"Then you will atone for this monstrous wrong?" she pleaded. She was no longer Nemesis. Her very soul was humbled in the dust. "You will atone, Louis! To-morrow you will make me the wife I have so long believed myself to be. Oh, Louis, swear this to me, if you would not kill me!"

"Be reasonable, Florence. As you are you must remain. Remember how many hundred women envy you, and be content. Call yourself Madame Gervase, if you will, only, my dear, don't obtrude the title in public. It would be better for both of us."

(To be continued.)

Elephants That Play Skittles.

Where will the training of animals stop? If some limit is not soon set to it, we humans will soon find ourselves completely ousted from our seats by our four-footed rivals. At a London variety theater just now three elephants play nightly at skittles, in an astonishing and vastly entertaining fashion. One sets up the pieces, one bowls at them, and the other chalks up the score on a blackboard. Rarely has there been seen anything so exquisitely funny as the long, long aim taken by the bowler, before he finally hurls the ball. Like a golfer "addressing the ball," he swings and swings and hesitates, and finally cocks up one hind leg in the squirming fashion of the amateur billiard player, while the nervous elephant behind the pieces bobs up and down in uncontrollable anxiety. It is a most entertaining and original spectacle .

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Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Coming End of Leap Year.

Within eight more centuries leap-year will have become a relic of the present time. By that time the extra eleven days lost to make up the change from the old Julian calendar to that of the present day will all have been duly accounted for, and the world will run around in just 365 days, and no more .

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

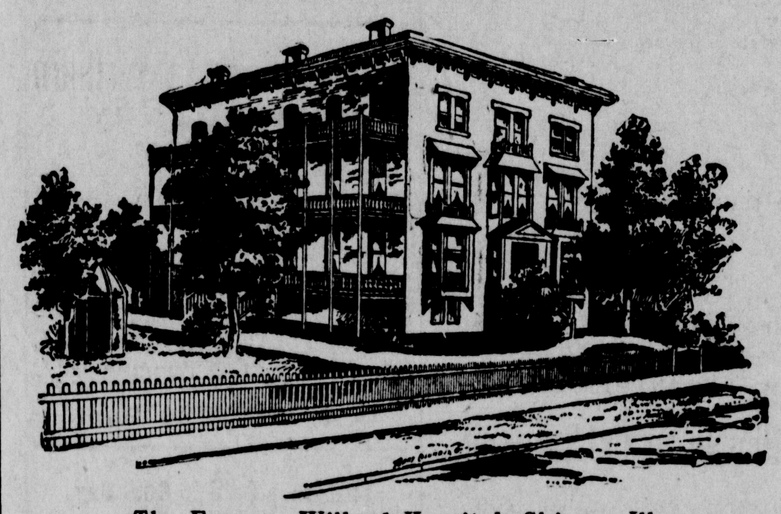
Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The wise man is a fool if he doesn't listen to a woman's proffered counsel.

A woman may cast insinuations, but she can't propel a stone with accuracy.

FRANCES WILLARD HOSPITAL.

USES PE-RU-NA FOR CATARRH OF THE STOMACH.



The Frances Willard Hospital, Chicago, Ill.

Miss Georgiana Dean was for three years missionary in Liberia under the M. E. Church from the training school in Chicago. After her return she studied nursing, graduating from the present Frances E. Willard National Temperance Hospital of Chicago. She is an enthusiastic friend of Pe-ru-na, as is evident from the following letter:

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 20, 1899.

Pe-ru-na Drug Mfg. Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—You will be glad to know of the happy results obtained from the use of Pe-ru-na among the patients under my care whenever prescribed by the physician. I have seen some very remarkable cures of cases of very obstinate catarrh of the stomach, where Pe-ru-na was the only medicine used. I consider it a reliable medicine. GEORGIANA DEAN.

The symptoms of catarrhal dyspepsia are: Coated tongue, pain or heavy feeling in the stomach, belching of gas, dizzy head, sometimes headache, despondent feelings, loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart and irregularity of the bowels.

Send for a free book written by Dr. Hartman, entitled "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

NEW BICYCLES—Gent's from $8.17 up. New 1899 model Bicycles for Lady's from $8.17 up. $17.75 that others ask $40 00 for. We can sell you for $22.47 a bicycle that cannt be beat by any make at any price. Complete with Morgan & Wright tires and all the latest 1899 improvements. Don't fail to send for our 1899 Bicycle Catalogue which will be sent free.

Morgan & Wright Double Tube Tires, $2.74. Some Special Flyers. 37 packages Fresh Garden Seed for 37c. A Dollar Cattle Knife and 57 packages Fresh Garden Seed (value $2.75) all for 97c; postage paid. WRITE NOW.

T. M. BORERT'S SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

In for It.

Mrs. Chinner—Ernestine, my darling, do you expect Constant to-night?

Ernestine—Of course, mamma. Why do you inquire?

Mrs. Chinner—If he asks you to marry him, tell him to come and speak to me.

Ernestine—And if he does not ask me?

Mrs. Chinner—Tell him I am coming to speak to him.—Brooklyn Life.

Laziness is the decayed fruit of philosophy.

TOWER'S TRADE FISH BRAND SLICKER
WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

THE Spalding OFFICIAL League Ball

is the only genuine National League Ball, and is certified to as such by President N. E. Young.

ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTES

If a dealer does not carry Spalding's athletic goods in stock, send your name and address to us (and his, too) for a copy of our handsomely illustrated catalogue.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.
New York Chicago Denver

You will never know what **GOOD INK** is unless you use Carter's. It costs no more than poor ink.

Funny booklet "How to Make Ink Pictures" free.

CARTER'S INK CO., Boston, Mass.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets REGULATE THE LIVER

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

WHEAT WHEAT WHEAT

"Nothing but wheat; what you might call a sea of wheat," is what was said by a lecturer speaking of Western Canada. For particulars as to routes, railway fares, etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Department Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to Ben Davies, 154 East Third St., St. Paul, or T. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.

Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. $1.00

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Notes From Kansas.

Alfalfa vs. Millet for Milk.—Mr. C. Carlson, a patron of the Manhattan Creamery, milks three cows. Up to the 20th of February he had been feeding these cows one ton of alfalfa every 30 days, and had been sending to the creamery an average of 54 lbs of milk per day, besides what was needed at home for the use of a large family. At this time, which was during the severe cold weather of February, his milk was testing 4.6 per cent and butter fat was worth 17 cents a pound, we will estimate the skim-milk at the low price of 15 cents per 100 pounds. For 30 days this would amount to $14.84 or $4.95 per cow per month. Having a chance to sell alfalfa at a good price Mr. Carlson thought he would feed millet. He tried it for two weeks with the result that his cows gave an average of 42½ pounds of 4.1 per cent milk, besides what was needed at home. Had millet been fed a month instead of two weeks the average would doubtless have been lower, but taking the figures at the above rate for 30 days, the income from the three cows would be $10.60 or an average of $3.53 per cow per month. Granting that the cows received no more millet than alfalfa, the results show that the latter is worth $4.24 more per ton than millet for milch cows.

* * *

A Dairy School for Kansas.—On March 4 the Kansas legislature passed a bill making appropriations for the State Agricultural College, in which $25,000 was allowed for a dairy building, $6,000 for equipment of building, and $3,000 for a herd of cows and a place to put them. This is a much needed addition to the equipment of the Agricultural college and will be greatly appreciated by the dairy interests of the state. Beginning January 2, 1900, and lasting for twelve weeks, there will be three courses offered in dairying, a course in creamery buttermaking, a course in cheese making, and a course in private dairying. The latter course might also be called a creamery patron's course. Special attention will be given to the production of milk. For the first time in the history of the state, Kansas young men will have an opportunity to perfect themselves in any branch of dairying they desire. Applications are already coming in for next year and it is to be hoped that a large number of young men will avail themselves of the opportunities at the Kansas Agricultural College.—D. H. Otis.

* * *

Skim Milk Worth 40 Cents Per Hundred.—An experiment at the Kansas station completed Feb. 24, with three lots of pigs of six each, shows excellent returns from feeding skim-milk, as compared with alfalfa and cotton seed meal. They were fed all the ground Kaffir corn they would eat in addition to the other feeds. The skim-milk lot ate 40 per cent more grain and gained 2.43 pounds per day each, against .88 pounds for the alfalfa lot, and .95 pounds for the cotton seed meal lot. In 22 days lot 1 ate 629 pounds ground Kaffir corn and 250 pounds alfalfa; lot 2, 588 pounds Kaffir corn and 93 pounds cotton seed meal; lot 3, 860½ pounds Kaffir corn and 1,685 pounds skim-milk. Placing the cost of alfalfa at $6 per ton, this makes cotton seed meal worth $27.80 per ton and skim-milk 40 per cents per hundred. At the ordinary price of alfalfa, $3 per ton, skim-milk would be worth 20 cents per hundred. This experiment was in progress during the extreme cold weather of February.—Ed. H. Webster.

The Start in Poultry.

The best way to start in the poultry business on a large scale is to start with only a few, learn all you can about chickens, and then try to breed all the good birds you can take care of without crowding, the first year, says Pacific Poultryman. If, at the end of the year, you are satisfied to go ahead, and have enough money on hand to get everything ready for a larger breeding flock, as well as to carry you through the year for the necessaries of life, then you might quit your job and start in; but remember, that this first year is what counts. You learn whether you have a taste for the business, and get a pretty good idea of raising poultry. The second year you should be able to produce a flock large enough to enable you to go into it more heavily, and with ordinary success you should make a good living off of five hundred hens. We should strongly advise you, when starting, to be governed by the following rules: First start with the best to be had; second, decide which you desire to breed for—eggs or meat; third, get one variety, and stay with it.

Dairying in Southern Illinois.

At the Illinois State Dairymen's convention R. G. Welford, speaking on the above subject, said: In my experience of 30 years in Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Missouri, I have been taught that wherever the milk cow is there is prosperity whether the climate be good or bad. A cow will do as much in southern Illinois as she will in northern Illinois. When we first began using milk cows in our part of the state, cows were selling at from $15 to $20 each, but now good cows bring twice that. This is caused by the increased demand and by the better breeding. Dairying has increased the sociability of the farmers, for they meet when they come to the creamery. While they are waiting they discuss how to make good butter and how to keep their cattle. This has done wonders. I know of towns where, in an open winter, it is almost impossible to get to them, and the towns that do not have creameries it is so now. The creameries have improved the towns in which they have been built, and the merchants in the towns favor the creameries because they bring about road improvement and thus make it easier for people to get to the stores. Dairying in southern Illinois has helped in the raising of both pigs and poultry.

Best Age for Brood Sows.

There is one of the vexed questions among swine breeders as well as farmers. Our observation has been that to breed only from young and not fully matured sows is to lose size in the offspring, says Michigan Farmer. If the sow is a good one, the breeder is wise in retaining her so long as she gives him a fair-sized litter of good pigs each year. We believe that many breeders have lost size, bone, and consequently stamina, from relying entirely upon young stock for breeding animals. The farmer who raises hogs for market, however, stands in a different position from the breeder. His business is to furnish hogs for the block in the best finished and cheapest manner possible. Hence he must have large litters of pigs which will mature quickly, and when ready for market will ship well and arrive at their destination in the best condition to meet market requirements. If he has a brood sow that is an extra good breeder, gives large litters and raises them well, then it is good policy to keep her several years—or until she begins to prove less satisfactory, and then market her. We believe a brood sow is always more satisfactory after she has had at least one litter. She takes better care of the young pigs, and as a rule is a better mother in every respect. To market a brood sow after having only one litter, and relying always upon young ones, is not good policy. It will be better to have those a little older, and let the boar be the youngest of the two. But each individual case should be treated by itself. The best policy is to make a careful selection of the sows bred, and then keep the one or more that proves the most satisfactory.

English War on Condensed Milk.

A report from London, England, says:

An attempt has just been made by a deputation consisting of medical representatives of the various local authorities to induce the government practically to boycott condensed milk, the sale of which in this country is enormous. It is asked that a clause be added to the food and drugs bill by which it shall be made imperative that manufacturers label their condensed milk as being unfit for food for children or invalids. Dr. Smith, chairman of the public health committee of camberwell vestry, said that children brought up on condensed milk invariably suffered from rickets. Dr. Stocker said that 40 per cent of the children under 1 year of age that died in the district of Willesden last year died from the effects of condensed milk. Dr. J. Robertson of Sheffield said that as a food for children it was most dangerous.

The president of the board of agriculture said in reply that the government could not undertake to protect the public against itself, or to put shackles on the public to prevent it from purchasing an article it might choose to purchase, but that the government would see that the public was clearly informed what it was buying. Now that the perils of condensed milk have been brought to the attention of the people, action of some sort is likely to be forced on the government.

A Step Toward Improvement.

There are many farmers who would like to take any step they know to be the proper one toward the improvement of the utility fowl, says the Homestead. Poultry shows have for years been giving premiums for the best fowl, pair or pen of a certain breed and a certain feather marking has been the deciding point. Now comes a step in the right direction, and a poultry show management proposes to give a prize to the pen of hens that has laid the most eggs during the year. There is just one point against this feature, and that is the wonderful prolificness of some hens in some hands to lay eggs in incredible numbers. It is a fact that some hens that have disqualifying feathers have laid more eggs in three months than some of the prize takers have in a whole year. The walking horse at county fairs has never been appreciated, and yet a fast walking horse is quite valuable, other things being equal. The production of butter in some breeds of cows has been brought up to a very high standard. A similar improvement in fowls will be a step in the right direction, but it cannot be secured by always showing up the dangerous side of the business.

Aeration of Milk.—There is hardly a place in which milk is used that will not pay to cool and aerate it at the same time. Such milk brought to the creamery or cheese factory, if all the patrons would practice it, would show at once in the increased quality of the product and the price. The difficulty is that there are so many patrons who don't believe in any improvement if it is going to cost something to set it at work. Yet, wherever there is a factory or creamery that has prevailed on the patrons to practice aeration and cooling, that institution stands high in the price received for its product.—Ex.

One Objection to Corn.—One of the reasons why corn is a bad feed for fowl is that the grain is large, and if shelled and thrown out by handfuls the fowl eat much too fast, and secure too much for their good.—Maine Farmer.

IOWA PEOPLE GO TO CANADA

Man Buys a Farm with Proceeds from Two-Thirds of One Crop.

W. R. Milburn, John Holmes, M. R. Dagger, E. L. Stetson, of Buena Vista county, Iowa, report as follows of the Canadian North-West as to its suitability for farming, and the advantages it offers to the agricultural immigrant from the United States: "We came here solely to look up improved farms and, if suitable, to select such as pleased us best. We have not visited the homestead districts at all, though we believe them to be very inviting. Our inquiries have been confined solely to the district around Hartney, Deloraine and towards the Souris River in Manitoba. Our impressions of all that region are in every way satisfactory, and we have decided to go back to Iowa at once, and, having disposed of our several interests there, to return to Manitoba in the month of March next, and, effecting our purchase of improved farms, which we find we can do at reasonable rates, immediately begin farming. We are greatly pleased with all that we have seen in that part of Western Canada. The soil we find to be more than equal to that of our own country for wheat-growing, and the other conditions of climate, schools, markets, etc., are all that we could wish for.

"To show what an energetic man can do we may mention that we found one such at Hartney who had rented a farm on shares, receiving two-thirds of the returns as his share of the crop. When he came to sell his own produce he found that his two-thirds, when converted into cash, was enough to buy the farm he rented out and out, which he accordingly did, and is now its owner. It is our intention to induce as many of our friends as possible, who are practical farmers, to remove from Iowa to this country, where we believe there is a better future for the industrious man than is now to be found anywhere on this continent. We are well known in our part of the state of Iowa, and we invite correspondence from its residents in all parts with regard to this region of Western Canada which we have visited, and to which we intend to return."

Birds That Dance.

There is no longer any doubt that birds are addicted to the dance. The bower bird and the prairie fowls are adepts in the art, while the American grouse is a veritable master of ceremonies. It is the custom for these birds to prepare their ball room by beating down the grass with their wings, and then to dance something suspiciously like the Lancers. By twos and fours they advance, bowing their heads and drooping their wings; then they recede and then advance again, and turn on their toes, swelling their feathers and clucking gently.

Ball Bearings Did It.

Bicycles were invented centuries ago, but it required the magic touch of the Nineteenth century inventor to make the "wheel" a most useful vehicle, instead of a mere toy.

Ball bearings did it. It was a case where the improvement has proved greater than the original invention. The principle that reduces friction to a minimum in a bicycle is applicable to all machinery, and the cost is the only obstacle in the way of what will be known in history as the "Light Draft Era" in mechanics. Millions of dollars have been spent in this direction. The Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, solved the problem, as far as grain binders and mowers are concerned, by equipping their machines with roller and ball bearings in 1891.

Other manufacturers in this line have since followed with several kinds of experimental roller bearings, but the Deering machines are still alone in the field with ball bearings of the bicycle pattern.

The Deering Company's annual catalogue for 1899 contains some very interesting historical matter on this subject, fully illustrated. The book also describes the largest factory in America and gives the latest news on the subject or harvesting machinery. Send for one; it's free.

The Amendment.

"Fools rush in where—" began Mr. Van Braam, who was fond of quoting proverbs.

He was interrupted by Dinwiddie, who offered this amendment:

"Where policemen fear to tread."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Made No Difference.

He (dramatically)—I can't tell you how much I love you.

She—Oh, can't you? Well, I guess it is just as well; I'm already engaged.

A Household Necessity.

Every home should have handy for use a little box of Cascarets Candy Cathartic, as a perfect guardian of the family health. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

It's unwise to trust your life in the hands of any physician who makes a specialty of post-mortems.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Many an orator with anti-trust proclivities would kick like a mule if his tailor held similar views.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When a man puts his foot down on a would-be-borrower's request for a five-spot, he simply V-toes it.

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

Some poets are noted for their veracity and some for the obituary verses they turn out.

Her Defects.

One question which a woman desiring to become a trained nurse must answer is, "What are your physical disabilities?"

In reply to this a girl recently wrote: "I have a cowlick and a corn."

Abolish the Death Penality.

At Albany the law-makers are wrangling over the abolition of the death penalty. The man who succeeds will prove as great a benefactor to the breaker of man's laws as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has to the breaker of nature's laws. If you've neglected your stomach until indigestion and constipation are upon you, try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

A Curious Postal System.

In certain parts of Sweden, where the most absolute confidence is reposed in the honesty of the people, a very informal postal service is in vogue. As the mail steamer reaches a landing place, a man goes ashore with the letters, which he places in an unlocked box on the pier. Then the passer-by who expects a letter opens the box, turns over the letter and selects his own, unquestioned by anybody.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors

John Carlson, Mandan, N. D., Acetylen-gas generator; Harry De Wallace, St. Paul, Minn., Engineer's Alam; Arthur M. Lara, Minneapolis, Minn., Carbureter; George McCadden, St. Cloud, Minn., Label-affixer; Ebenezer Murray, Deadwood, S. D., Breast-shield; August C. Schaefer, St., Paul, Minn. Drive-chain and chain-wheel; John A. Tulloch, Duluth, Minn, Stone-cutter's maul; Lyman H. Zeigler, Milltank, S D., Ilnepen.

Merwin, Lothrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

Manufacture of Glass Eyes.

Germany and Switzerland produce over 2,000,000 glass eyes in a year; and a Paris manufacturer, with a reputation for finer work, some 300,000. They are made in the shape of a hollow hemisphere, and the utmost skill is required in forming the pupil out of the colored glass. The great majority of artificial eyes are used by workmen, especially those in iron foundries, where many eyes are put out by sparks. It is seldom that a woman has a glass eye.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Safest Place in the World.

The president of the London institute of civil engineers reaches the conclusion, in a recent address, that a good seat in a first-class train is about the safest place in the world. In the same period, he says, in which twenty-four persons were killed on the railroads by acidents for which they were not responsible, 1800 people were suffocated in bed; 148 were choked by food in dining rooms and 925 fatalities resulted from falling down stairs.

General Manager Underwood of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, has issued an order that holders of trip passes, desiring to stop off at any station, will be allowed to do so.

Conductors will note on the back of passes the name of the station in ink or indelible pencil, and this endorsement will be honored for passage by conductors of succeeding trains.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Ohio Railroad, as reorganized is to be held in Columbus, Ohio, on Wednesday, April 26th. The directors will also meet on the same day.

An Egg-Storng Experiment.

An experiment in storing eggs was recently tried at Leith, where 50,000 Scotch, Irish and Danish eggs were sealed in an apparatus for four months, after which only a small proportion of them were found addled. The air in the store is cooled and allowed to circulate freely around the eggs, which are turned periodically to keep the yolk surrounded with albumen. This is done by mechanism.

Put Out as a Feeler.

Mr. Willingham—What would you do, Mr. Rockington, if I were to ask for your daughter in marriage?

Mr. Rockington—Well, that is something that I hardly want to answer offhand.

Mr. Wellingham—I'm glad of that. Now, if I could be sure that you would not answer with your foot, I would feel free to go ahead.—Chicago News.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

Not One of the Jays.

"What!" exclaimed the surprised traveler in Florida, "you want me to pay $3 for riding half a mile in your old carriage?"

"Certainly," replied the native, with eyes wide open; "yer don't think I'm like the other jays—down here fer my health, do you?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Poor Boston.

Boston Man awakening suddenly)—Wh-what crash was that?

His Wife—Perhaps the kitchen towel fell down.

"The kitchen novel?

"Yes; that's all the crash we have in the house."—New York World.

A CHARMING grandmother!

What a pleasant influence in the house is a delightful old lady in good health!
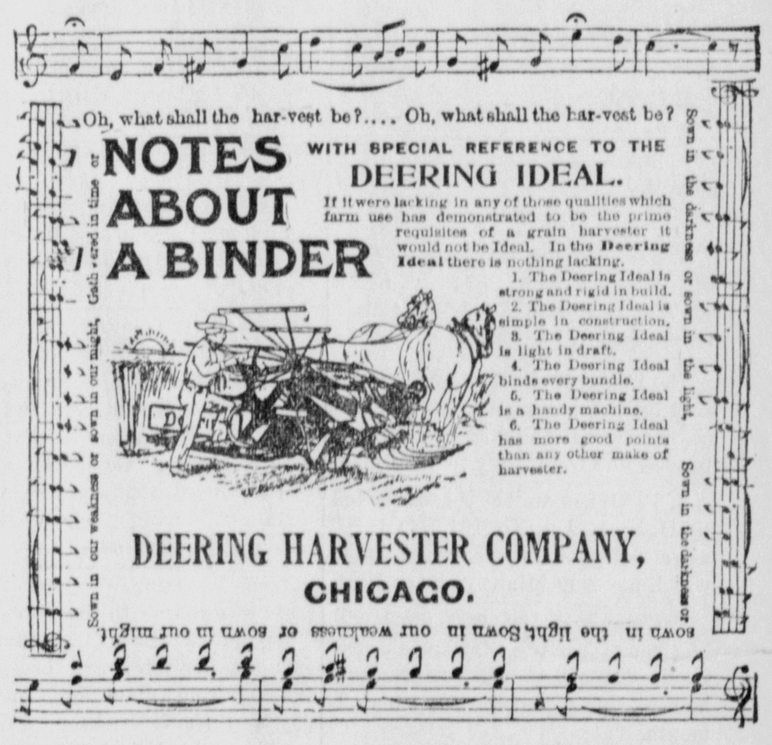
MRS. MOLLIE BARBER, St. James, Mo., writes: "I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during change of life, and have passed through that critical period safely. I suffered for years with falling of the womb and female weakness. At times could hardly stand on my feet, also had leucorrhœa. I tried several good doctors, but instead of getting better, grew worse all the time. A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound. I did so and after taking six bottles, was cured of both leucorrhœa and falling of womb. I am now enjoying good health and feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me. I would recommend it to all women suffering as I was."

HEALTHFUL OLD AGE



MRS. N. E. LACEY, Pearl, La., writes: "I have had leucorrhœa for about twenty years, falling of womb by spells for ten years, and my bladder was affected, had backache a great deal. I tried a number of doctors. They would relieve me for a little while, then I would be worse than ever. I then thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Eleven bottles of Compound and one box of Liver Pills cured me and I am now sound and well. It helped me through the change of life period. I am fifty-five years old."

The women of advanced years who are healthy and happy are invariably those who have known how to secure help when they needed it. Mrs. Pinkham will advise any woman free of charge who writes about her health. Her address is Lynn, Mass.



SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER



Wise Words to Sufferers

From a Woman of Notre Dame, Ind.

I will mail, **free of any charge**, this Home Treatment with full instructions and the history of my own case to any lady suffering from female trouble. You can **cure yourself** at home **without the aid of any physician. It will cost you nothing** to give the treatment a trial, and if you decide to continue it will only cost you about **twelve cents a week**. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. **I have nothing to sell.** Tell other sufferers of it—that is all I ask. It cures all, young and old.

If you feel a bearing-down sensation, sense of impending evil, pain in the back or bowels, creeping feeling up the spine, a desire to cry frequently, hot flashes, weariness, frequent desire to urinate, or if you have Leucorrhœa (Whites), Displacement or Fall ng of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Perious, Tumors or Growths, address MRS. M. SUMMERS, NOTRE DAME, IND., U. S. A., for the FREE TREATMENT and FULL INFORMATION. Thousands besides myself have cured themselves with it. I send it in plain wrappers

TO MOTHERS OF DAUGHTERS I will explain a simple Home Treatment which speedily and effectually cures *Leucorrhea, Green Sickness* and *Painful* or *Irregular Menstruation* in young ladies. It will *save you anxiety* and *expense* and save *your daughter the humiliation* of explaining her troubles to others. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live I can refer you to well-known ladies of your own state or county who **know** and will **gladly tell** any sufferer that this Home Treatment **really cures all diseased conditions** of our delicate female organism, thoroughly **strengthens relaxed muscles and ligaments** which cause displacement, and **makes women well.** Write to-day, as this offer will not be made again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 23, Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

60,000 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LANDS IN WASHBURN AND BARRON COUNTIES, WISCONSIN, to be divided and sold at **$3.00 to $6.00** PER ACRE.

Long time and easy payments to actual settlers.
Come and see us or address,

W. R. BOURNE, Mgr., SHELL LAKE LUMBER CO., SHELL LAKE, WIS.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

ALABASTINE

Alabastine, the only durable wall coating, takes the place of scaling kalsomines, wall paper and paint for walls. It can be used on plaster, brick, wood or canvas.

Alabastine can be used over paint or paper; paint or paper can be used over Alabastine. Buy only in five pound packages, properly labeled; take no substitute.

Every church and schoolhouse should be coated only with Alabastine. Hundreds of tons used yearly for this work. Genuine Alabastine does not rub and scale off.

Alabastine packages have full directions. Anyone can brush it on. Ask paint dealer for tint card. "Alabastine Era" free. Alasbastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Notes From Kansas.

Alfalfa vs. Millet for Milk.—Mr. C. Carlson, a patron of the Manhattan Creamery, milks three cows. Up to the 20th of February he had been feeding these cows one ton of alfalfa every 30 days, and had been sending to the creamery an average of 54 lbs of milk per day, besides what was needed at home for the use of a large family. At this time, which was during the severe cold weather of February, his milk was testing 4.6 per cent and butter fat was worth 17 cents a pound, we will estimate the skim-milk at the low price of 15 cents per 100 pounds. For 30 days this would amount to $14.84 or $4.95 per cow per month. Having a chance to sell alfalfa at a good price Mr. Carlson thought he would feed millet. He tried it for two weeks with the result that his cows gave an average of 42½ pounds of 4.1 per cent milk, besides what was needed at home. Had millet been fed a month instead of two weeks the average would doubtless have been lower, but taking the figures at the above rate for 30 days, the income from the three cows would be $10.60 or an average of $3.53 per cow per month. Granting that the cows received no more millet than alfalfa, the results show that the latter is worth $4.24 more per ton than millet for milch cows.

* * *

A Dairy School for Kansas.—On March 4 the Kansas legislature passed a bill making appropriations for the State Agricultural College, in which $25,000 was allowed for a dairy building, $6,000 for equipment of building, and $3,000 for a herd of cows and a place to put them. This is a much needed addition to the equipment of the Agricultural college and will be greatly appreciated by the dairy interests of the state. Beginning January 2, 1900, and lasting for twelve weeks, there will be three courses offered in dairying, a course in creamery buttermaking, a course in cheese making, and a course in private dairying. The latter course might also be called a creamery patron's course. Special attention will be given to the production of milk. For the first time in the history of the state, Kansas young men will have an opportunity to perfect themselves in any branch of dairying they desire. Applications are already coming in for next year and it is to be hoped that a large number of young men will avail themselves of the opportunities at the Kansas Agricultural College.—D. H. Otis.

* * *

Skim Milk Worth 40 Cents Per Hundred.—An experiment at the Kansas station completed Feb. 24, with three lots of pigs of six each, shows excellent returns from feeding skim-milk, as compared with alfalfa and cotton seed meal. They were fed all the ground Kaffir corn they would eat in addition to the other feeds. The skim-milk lot ate 40 per cent more grain and gained 2.43 pounds per day each, against .88 pounds for the alfalfa lot, and .95 pounds for the cotton seed meal lot. In 22 days lot 1 ate 629 pounds ground Kaffir corn and 250 pounds alfalfa; lot 2, 588 pounds Kaffir corn and 93 pounds cotton seed meal; lot 3, 860½ pounds Kaffir corn and 1,685 pounds skim-milk. Placing the cost of alfalfa at $6 per ton, this makes cotton seed meal worth $27.80 per ton and skim-milk 40 per cents per hundred. At the ordinary price of alfalfa, $3 per ton, skim-milk would be worth 20 cents per hundred. This experiment was in progress during the extreme cold weather of February.—Ed. H. Webster.

The Start in Poultry.

The best way to start in the poultry business on a large scale is to start with only a few, learn all you can about chickens, and then try to breed all the good birds you can take care of without crowding, the first year, says Pacific Poultryman. If, at the end of the year, you are satisfied to go ahead, and have enough money on hand to get everything ready for a larger breeding flock, as well as to carry you through the year for the necessaries of life, then you might quit your job and start in: but remember, that this first year is what counts. You learn whether you have a taste for the business, and get a pretty good idea of raising poultry. The second year you should be able to produce a flock large enough to enable you to go into it more heavily, and with ordinary success you should make a good living off of five hundred hens. We should strongly advise you, when starting, to be governed by the following rules: First start with the best to be had; second, decide which you desire to breed for—eggs or meat; third, get one variety, and stay with it.

Dairying in Southern Illinois.

At the Illinois State Dairymen's convention R. G. Welford, speaking on the above subject, said: In my experience of 30 years in Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Missouri, I have been taught that wherever the milk cow is there is prosperity whether the climate be good or bad. A cow will do as much in southern Illinois as she will in northern Illinois. When we first began using milk cows in our part of the state, cows were selling at from $15 to $20 each, but now good cows bring twice that. This is caused by the increased demand and by the better breeding. Dairying has increased the sociability of the farmers, for they meet when they come to the creamery. While they are waiting they discuss how to make good butter and how to keep their cattle. This has done wonders. I know of towns where, in an open winter, it is almost impossible to get to them, and the towns that do not have creameries it is so now. The creameries have improved the towns in which they have been built, and the merchants in the towns favor the creameries because they bring about road improvement and thus make it easier for people to get to the stores. Dairying in southern Illinois has helped in the raising of both pigs and poultry.

Best Age for Brood Sows.

There is one of the vexed questions among swine breeders as well as farmers. Our observation has been that to breed only from young and not fully matured sows is to lose size in the offspring, says Michigan Farmer. If the sow is a good one, the breeder is wise in retaining her so long as she gives him a fair-sized litter of good pigs each year. We believe that many breeders have lost size, bone, and consequently stamina, from relying entirely upon young stock for breeding animals. The farmer who raises hogs for market, however, stands in a different position from the breeder. His business is to furnish hogs for the block in the best finished and cheapest manner possible. Hence he must have large litters of pigs which will mature quickly, and when ready for market will ship well and arrive at their destination in the best condition to meet market requirements. If he has a brood sow that is an extra good breeder, gives large litters and raises them well, then it is good policy to keep her several years—or until she begins to prove less satisfactory, and then market her. We believe a brood sow is always more satisfactory after she has had at least one litter. She takes better care of the young pigs, and as a rule is a better mother in every respect. To market a brood sow after having only one litter, and relying always upon young ones, is not good policy. It will be better to have those a little older, and let the boar be the youngest of the two. But each individual case should be treated by itself. The best policy is to make a careful selection of the sows bred, and then keep the one or more that proves the most satisfactory.

English War on Condensed Milk.

A report from London, England, says:

An attempt has just been made by a deputation consisting of medical representatives of the various local authorities to induce the government practically to boycott condensed milk, the sale of which in this country is enormous. It is asked that a clause be added to the food and drugs bill by which it shall be made imperative that manufacturers label their condensed milk as being unfit for food for children or invalids. Dr. Smith, chairman of the public health committee of camberwell vestry, said that children brought up on condensed milk invariably suffered from rickets. Dr. Stocker said that 40 per cent of the children under 1 year of age that died in the district of Willesden last year died from the effects of condensed milk. Dr. J. Robertson of Sheffield said that as a food for children it was most dangerous.

The president of the board of agriculture said in reply that the government could not undertake to protect the public against itself, or to put shackles on the public to prevent it from purchasing an article it might choose to purchase, but that the government would see that the public was clearly informed what it was buying. Now that the perils of condensed milk have been brought to the attention of the people, action of some sort is likely to be forced on the government.

A Step Toward Improvement.

There are many farmers who would like to take any step they know to be the proper one toward the improvement of the utility fowl, says the Homestead. Poultry shows have for years been giving premiums for the best fowl, pair or pen of a certain breed and a certain feather marking has been the deciding point. Now comes a step in the right direction, and a poultry show management proposes to give a prize to the pen of hens that has laid the most eggs during the year. There is just one point against this feature, and that is the wonderful prolificness of some hens in some hands to lay eggs in incredible numbers. It is a fact that some hens that have disqualifying feathers have laid more eggs in three months than some of the prize takers have in a whole year. The walking horse at county fairs has never been appreciated, and yet a fast walking horse is quite valuable, other things being equal. The production of butter in some breeds of cows has been brought up to a very high standard. A similar improvement in fowls will be a step in the right direction, but it cannot be secured by always showing up the dangerous side of the business.

Aeration of Milk.—There is hardly a place in which milk is used that will not pay to cool and aerate it at the same time. Such milk brought to the creamery or cheese factory, if all the patrons would practice it, would show at once in the increased quality of the product and the price. The difficulty is that there are so many patrons who don't believe in any improvement if it is going to cost something to set it at work. Yet, wherever there is a factory or creamery that has prevailed on the patrons to practice aeration and cooling, that institution stands high in the price received for its product.—Ex.

One Objection to Corn.—One of the reasons why corn is a bad feed for fowl is that the grain is large, and if shelled and thrown out by handfuls the fowl eat much too fast, and secure too much for their good.—Maine Farmer.

IOWA PEOPLE GO TO CANADA

Man Buys a Farm with Proceeds from Two-Thirds of One Crop.

W. R. Milburn, John Holmes, M. R. Dagger, E. L. Stetson, of Buena Vista county, Iowa, report as follows of the Canadian North-West as to its suitability for farming, and the advantages it offers to the agricultural immigrant from the United States: "We came here solely to look up improved farms and, if suitable, to select such as pleased us best. We have not visited the homestead districts at all, though we believe them to be very inviting. Our inquiries have been confined solely to the district around Hartney, Deloraine and towards the Souris River in Manitoba. Our impressions of all that region are in every way satisfactory, and we have decided to go back to Iowa at once, and, having disposed of our several interests there, to return to Manitoba in the month of March next, and, effecting our purchase of improved farms, which we find we can do at reasonable rates, immediately begin farming. We are greatly pleased with all that we have seen in that part of Western Canada. The soil we find to be more than equal to that of our own country for wheat-growing, and the other conditions of climate, schools, markets, etc., are all that we could wish for.

"To show what an energetic man can do we may mention that we found one such at Hartney who had rented a farm on shares, receiving two-thirds of the returns as his share of the crop. When he came to sell his own produce he found that his two-thirds, when converted into cash, was enough to buy the farm he rented out and out, which he accordingly did, and is now its owner. It is our intention to induce as many of our friends as possible, who are practical farmers, to remove from Iowa to this country, where we believe there is a better future for the industrious man than is now to be found anywhere on this continent. We are well known in our part of the state of Iowa, and we invite correspondence from its residents in all parts with regard to this region of Western Canada which we have visited, and to which we intend to return."

Birds That Dance.

There is no longer any doubt that birds are addicted to the dance. The bower bird and the prairie fowls are adepts in the art, while the American grouse is a veritable master of ceremonies. It is the custom for these birds to prepare their ball room by beating down the grass with their wings, and then to dance something suspiciously like the Lancers. By twos and fours they advance, bowing their heads and drooping their wings; then they recede and then advance again, and turn on their toes, swelling their feathers and clucking gently.

Ball Bearings Did It.

Bicycles were invented centuries ago, but it required the magic touch of the Nineteenth century inventor to make the "wheel" a most useful vehicle, instead of a mere toy.

Ball bearings did it. It was a case where the improvement has proved greater than the original invention. The principle that reduces friction to a minimum in a bicycle is applicable to all machinery, and the cost is the only obstacle in the way of what will be known in history as the "Light Draft Era" in mechanics. Millions of dollars have been spent in this direction. The Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, solved the problem, as far as grain binders and mowers are concerned, by equipping their machines with roller and ball bearings in 1891.

Other manufacturers in this line have since followed with several kinds of experimental roller bearings, but the Deering machines are still alone in the field with ball bearings of the bicycle pattern.

The Deering Company's annual catalogue for 1899 contains some very interesting historical matter on this subject, fully illustrated. The book also describes the largest factory in America and gives the latest news on the subject or harvesting machinery. Send for one; it's free.

The Amendment.

"Fools rush in where—" began Mr. Van Braam, who was fond of quoting proverbs.

He was interrupted by Dinwiddie, who offered this amendment:

"Where policemen fear to tread."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Made No Difference.

He (dramatically)—I can't tell you how much I love you.

She—Oh, can't you? Well, I guess it is just as well; I'm already engaged.

A Household Necessity.

Every home should have handy for use a little box of Cascarets Candy Cathartic, as a perfect guardian of the family health. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

It's unwise to trust your life in the hands of any physician who makes a specialty of post-mortems.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Many an orator with anti-trust proclivities would kick like a mule if his tailor held similar views.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

When a man puts his foot down on a would-be-borrower's request for a five-spot, he simply V-toes it.

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

Some poets are noted for their veracity and some for the obituary verses they turn out.

Her Defects.

One question which a woman desiring to become a trained nurse must answer is, "What are your physical disabilities?"

In reply to this a girl recently wrote: "I have a cowlick and a corn."

Abolish the Death Penality.

At Albany the law-makers are wrangling over the abolition of the death penalty. The man who succeeds will prove as great a benefactor to the breaker of man's laws as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has to the breaker of nature's laws. If you've neglected your stomach until indigestion and constipation are upon you, try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

A Curious Postal System.

In certain parts of Sweden, where the most absolute confidence is reposed in the honesty of the people, a very informal postal service is in vogue. As the mail steamer reaches a landing place, a man goes ashore with the letters, which he places in an unlocked box on the pier. Then the passer-by who expects a letter opens the box, turns over the letter and selects his own, unquestioned by anybody..

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors

John Carlson, Mandan, N. D., Acetylen-gas generator; Harry De Wallace, St. Paul, Minn., Engineer's Alam; Arthur M. Lara, Minneapolis, Minn., Carbureter; George McCadden, St. Cloud, Minn., Label-affixer; Ebenezer Murray, Deadwood, S. D., Breast-shield; August C. Schaefer, St. Paul, Minn. Drive-chain and chain-wheel; John A. Tulloch, Duluth, Minn, Stone-cutter's maul; Lyman H. Zeigler, Millbank, S D.., linepen.

Merwin, Lothrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

Manufacture of Glass Eyes.

Germany and Switzerland produce over 2,000,000 glass eyes in a year; and a Paris manufacturer, with a reputation for finer work, some 300,000. They are made in the shape of a hollow hemisphere, and the utmost skill is required in forming the pupil out of the colored glass. The great majority of artificial eyes are used by workmen, especially those in iron foundries, where many eyes are put out by sparks. It is seldom that a woman has a glass eye.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Safest Place in the World.

The president of the London institute of civil engineers reaches the conclusion, in a recent address, that a good seat in a first-class train is about the safest place in the world. In the same period, he says, in which twenty-four persons were killed on the railroads by acidents for which they were not responsible, 1800 people were suffocated in bed; 148 were choked by food in dining rooms and 925 fatalities resulted from falling down stairs.

General Manager Underwood of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, has issued an order that holders of trip passes, desiring to stop off at any station, will be allowed to do so.

Conductors will note on the back of passes the name of the station in ink or indelible pencil, and this endorsement will be honored for passage by conductors of succeeding trains.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Ohio Railroad, as reorganized is to be held in Columbus, Ohio, on Wednesday, April 26th. The directors will also meet on the same day.

An Egg-Storng Experiment.

An experiment in storing eggs was recently tried at Leith, where 50,000 Scotch, Irish and Danish eggs were sealed in an apparatus for four months, after which only a small proportion of them were found addled. The air in the store is cooled and allowed to circulate freely around the eggs, which are turned periodically to keep the yolk surounded with albumen. This is done by mechanism.

Put Out as a Feeler.

Mr. Willingham—What would you do, Mr. Rockington, if I were to ask for your daughter in marriage?

Mr. Rockington—Well, that is something that I hardly want to answer offhand.

Mr. Wellingham—I'm glad of that. Now, if I could be sure that you would not answer with your foot, I would feel free to go ahead.—Chicago News.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

Not One of the Jays.

"What!" exclaimed the surprised traveler in Florida, "you want me to pay $3 for riding half a mile in your old carriage?"

"Certainly," replied the native, with eyes wide open; "yer don't think I'm like the other jays—down here fer my health, do you?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Poor Boston.

Boston Man awakening suddenly)—Wh-what crash was that?

His Wife—Perhaps the kitchen towel fell down.

"The kitchen novel?

"Yes; that's all the crash we have in the house."—New York World.

A CHARMING grandmother!

What a pleasant influence in the house is a delightful old lady in good health!

MRS. MOLLIE BARBER, St. James, Mo., writes: "I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during change of life, and have passed through that critical period safely. I suffered for years with falling of the womb and female weakness. At times could hardly stand on my feet, also had leucorrhœa. I tried several good doctors, but instead of getting better, grew worse all the time. A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound. I did so and after taking six bottles, was cured of both leucorrhœa and falling of womb. I am now enjoying good health and feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me. I would recommend it to all women suffering as I was."

HEALTHFUL OLD AGE



MRS. N. E. LACEY, Pearl, La., writes: "I have had leucorrhœa for about twenty years, falling of womb by spells for ten years, and my bladder was affected, had backache a great deal. I tried a number of doctors. They would relieve me for a little while, then I would be worse than ever. I then thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Eleven bottles of Compound and one box of Liver Pills cured me and I am now sound and well. It helped me through the change of life period. I am fifty-five years old."

The women of advanced years who are healthy and happy are invariably those who have known how to secure help when they needed it. Mrs. Pinkham will advise any woman free of charge who writes about her health. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Oh, what shall the har-vest be?.... Oh, what shall the har-vest be?

NOTES ABOUT A BINDER

WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE DEERING IDEAL.

If it were lacking in any of those qualities which farm use has demonstrated to be the prime requisites of a grain harvester it would not be Ideal. In the Deering Ideal there is nothing lacking.



1. The Deering Ideal is strong and rigid in build.
2. The Deering Ideal is simple in construction.
3. The Deering Ideal is light in draft.
4. The Deering Ideal binds every bundle.
5. The Deering Ideal is a handy machine.
6. The Deering Ideal has more good points than any other make of harvester.

Sown in the Light, Grain-ripened in time
Sown in the Light, Sown in our weakness or sown in our might,

DEERING HARVESTER COMPANY, CHICAGO.

SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER

Wise Words to Sufferers

From a Woman of Notre Dame, Ind.



I will mail, free of any charge, this Home Treatment with full instructions and the history of my own case to any lady suffering from female trouble. You can cure yourself at home without the aid of any physician. It will cost you nothing to give the treatment a trial, and if you decide to continue it will only cost you about twelve cents a week. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. I have nothing to sell. Tell other sufferers of it—that is all I ask. It cures all, young and old.

☞ If you feel a bearing-down sensation, sense of impending evil, pain in the back or bowels, creeping feeling up the spine, a desire to cry frequently, hot flashes, weariness, frequent desire to urinate, or if you have Leucorrhœa (Whites), Displacement or Fall of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Tumors or Growths, address MRS. M. SUMMERS, NOTRE DAME, IND., U. S. A., for the FREE TREATMENT and FULL INFORMATION. Thousands besides myself have cured themselves with it. I send it in plain wrappers

TO MOTHERS OF DAUGHTERS I will explain a simple Home Treatment which speedily and effectually cures *Leucorrhea, Green Sickness* and *Painful* or *Irregular Menstruation* in young ladies. It will *save you anxiety* and *expense* and save *your daughter the humiliation* of explaining her troubles to others. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live I can refer you to well-known ladies of your own state or county who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all diseased conditions of our delicate female organism, thoroughly strengthens relaxed muscles and ligaments which cause displacement, and makes women well. Write to-day, as this offer will not be made again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 23, Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

60,000 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LANDS IN WASHBURN AND BARRON COUNTIES, WISCONSIN, to be divided and sold at **$3.00 to $6.00** PER ACRE.

Long time and easy payments to actual settlers.
Come and see us or address,

W. R. BOURNE, Mgr., SHELL LAKE LUMBER CO., SHELL LAKE, WIS.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

ALABASTINE

Alabastine, the only durable wall coating, takes the place of scaling kalsomines, wall paper and paint for walls. It can be used on plaster, brick, wood or canvas.

Alabastine can be used over paint or paper; paint or paper can be used over Alabastine. Buy only in five pound packages, properly labeled; take no substitute.

Every church and schoolhouse should be coated only with Alabastine. Hundreds of tons used yearly for this work. Genuine Alabastine does not rub and scale off.

Alabastine packages have full directions. Anyone can brush it on. Ask paint dealer for tint card. "Alabastine Era" free. Alasbastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

The machinery for the new creamery arrived on Saturday last.

Will Bean is temporarily acting as secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

Miller's spears for sale at C. B. White's hardware store on Laurel street. tf.

Get a wheel at D. M. Clark's. Strictly high grade machines at low prices.

Frank E. Long Repertoire Co. will occupy the boards at Gardner Hall during the week of May 15.

F. W. McKay closed his grocery store on Saturday evening, having decided to retire from the business.

Uniform in the excellence of the material used in the Photographs from Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

The clerk of the court yesterday issued a marriage license to Frank Tomlinson and Myrtle Hutchinson of Ft. Ripley.

It is currently reported that the genial Geo. Moody has decided to permanently retire from the strawberry business.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas's Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

FOR SALE—80 acres of good farming land for sale cheap, 1½ miles south of Brainerd, for further particulars apply at this office.

The Brainerd & Northern Minnesota Railroad company have a crew of surveyors at work locating a branch line from Nary to Wolf lake.

J. F. Dykeman has been elected by Unity Lodge, No. 194, I. O. O. F. as a delegate to the grand lodge which meets at Minneapolis in June.

Hoffman's second hand store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

Mr. Geo. Woodling and Miss Polly Wood were united in marriage at Minneapolis on Thursday of last week. Both were former residents of this city.

So true to life! Perfectly natural! These are the comments of the people when looking at our enlarged portraits. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Invitations have been issued by Master Harry Patek to his young friends for a party to take place on on Saturday evening at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Patek.

Hereafter the stores will be closed on Monday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock, and Tuesday and Friday evenings at 6:30. On Saturday evenings and pay nights the stores will remain open.

The firm of Bane & Bane has been dissolved, W. W. Bane retiring. E. C. Bane will continue the business and his patrons will receive the same courteous treatment as heretofore accorded the customers of the old firm.

A party of lady friends numbering about twenty-five surprised Mrs. Chas. Metcalf at her home on 7th street Monday evening, the occasion being the anniversary of the lady's birthday. The visitors brought elegant refreshments and the evening was very pleasantly spent. As a token of their esteem and friendship the hostess was presented with a rare collection of house plants by the ladies present.

On Sunday evening the members of Unity Lodge, No. 194, celebrated the eightieth anniversary of the founding of the order of Odd Fellows by attending services at the First Congregational church, the sermon being delivered by Rev. G. W. Gallagher, who touched on the organization of the order and the advantages it has for the betterment of the lives of its members. The lodges of this order throughout the country celebrate the anniversary each year, the foundation having been laid April 26, 1819, at Baltimore, by Thomas Wildey.

At the next meeting of the city council a street commissioner and pound master will be elected.

The dance given by the Cycle Path Association takes place this evening at Gardner Hall.

On Monday evening May 8th, Rev. W. Burris will entertain an audience at the M. E. church. Views about London will be exhibited by a stereopticon and illustrated recitations will follow. An admission of 20 cents will be charged, children 10 cents.

Richard Schmalz, a brother of the man by the same name who killed his mother at Garrison some time ago, was before the probate court on Tuesday and adjudged insane. Sheriff Errickson and J. M. Crowell took him to Fergus Falls Tuesday night.

The Todd County Argus says Mrs. C. F. Miller, mother of Mrs. F. Abeling, who has been visiting her daughter for some weeks past, returned Thursday afternoon to her home in Brainerd. She will probably purchase a place in Long Prairie and make this her home in the future.

Rev. J. A. Johnson, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church, and his wife, were surprised on Friday evening last at their home by members of Mr. Johnson's congregation. The visitors brought refreshments and during the course of the evening presented their pastor with a purse of money.

Some thirty members of the local lodge of Odd Fellows went to Aitkin on Saturday last in company with the grand lodge officers and instituted an encampment at that place, with a charter membership of 16. The Brainerd boys were royally entertained during their visit, and returned Sunday noon.

Wm. Witham, who was wanted for connection with the robbery at Crawford & Donat's saloon some time ago, was arrested and brought to the city from Little Falls on Tuesday by Sheriff Erickson. Witham was brought before the municipal court this morning and waived examination, his bail being fixed at $500.

W. A. Fleming returned on Monday from his trip west, and has decided that Brainerd is a pretty good place to live in. He met many former Brainerd residents on his trip, and reports a delightful time, but thinks this section presents as many opportunities as the country which he visited, and has decided to remain here.

Geo. Alden, a boy twelve years old, was accidentally shot through the muscles of the right arm on Monday evening by Ray Miller. The boys were shooting at a mark on a telephone pole with a 22 calibre rifle on 8th street north, the Alden boy going to the pole to see where the bullet struck and stepped back away from it when the Miller boy shot again, the bullet going wide of the mark and struck his companion in the arm. The wound is not a serious one, but might have cost the lad his life.

W. H. Erb has received a copy of the Sprague, (Wash.,) Times which contains an announcement from J. E. Ireland, formerly of this city, to the effect that he has connected himself with that paper in the capacity of "printer's devil" and in the course of the article Mr. Ireland says: "It is often remarked blood will tell but I little supposed that assertion would be so truly and quickly verified in my own case, so that I should be known as 'the devil' in a little over one year after my coming among you."

For Memorial Day.

The general Memorial committee of Pap Thomas Post, No. 30, G. A. R., in arranging for the proper observance of Memorial Day, May 30, 1899, desires the co-operation of all civic and military bodies and organizations in the city. We believe that our object is a worthy one and that we have the sympathy of all classes in our effort to keep sacred the memory of our departed comrades and to arouse and strengthen the patriotism of our children, the future defenders of our country's honor. You are cordially invited to assist us by taking part in the parade exercises of that day. Kindly advise M. M. Paine, chief marshal of the day, as soon as possible if you will do so.

A. E. VEON, Commander.

T. E. SMITH, Adjutant.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

A. E. Veon left Monday for Cincinnati.

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The McFadden Drug Co.

Wishes to call the attention of the public to the elegant wall finish which they have in stock called

Cementico

This is without exception the finest wall finish ever put on the market. Is fully guaranteed, and comes in different tints. Can be used by anyone. Put up in 5lb packages, at only 50 cents per package. We also have a fine large Brush, the retail price of which is $1.00. We are selling them at 60 cents to purchasers of CEMENTICO....

McFADDEN DRUG CO.

MISS HULL removes superfluous hair, moles, etc., by electricity; only positive and permanent remedy; references given; 5 years experience; 301 Merrill block, cor. 5th and St. Peter St., St. Paul.

We are the Exclusive Agents for the Celebrated 1899 ...

FEATHERSTONE BICYCLES.



See that your Wheel is marked on the name plate--Model A, B, C, D, E or F.

A. L. Hoffman & Co.

RHODES & PAINE,



Wagon & Carriage Makers

Corner of 8th and Laurel Streets.

First-Class Blacksmith and Paint Shop in Connection.

Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades.

Give us a Call and we will Guarantee Satisfaction as to Price and Work.

HENRY I. COHEN,

WELL!

The New Customers Mixed With Our Regulars This Week, Causes Us To Continue the Special Bargains For.....

Next Week

Next Week, CALICO, per yard..... 3c

Next Week, 500 Yards, yard wide, extra quality. Percales, regular value, 10 and 12½ cents, our special price at, per yard..... 6c

Next Week, A Big Lot of Mill Ends of classic Zephyrs, suitable for Shirt Waists, Boy's Waists, Shirtings, etc., all new goods, regular value, 10 cents, our price, per yard..... 5c

Next Week, A ½ Pound Cake of Guaranteed Pure Glycerine Soap at, per cake..... 10c

Next Week, We will offer is a splendid article of Bleached, yard wide, Lonsdale Cambric, at per yard..... 9c

Next Week, A fine assortment of Ladies' Muslin Underwear, we have the articles brand new, and at closest values.

Next Week, We call your attention to our elegant stock of Boy's Clothing. Suits for Tots, at..... 65c
Suits for Bigger Tots, at..... $1.00
Suits for Sizes, at..... $1.50
Suits at $2.25 and..... $2.00
Fine Suits at $6 and..... $4.00
Long Pant Suits, the best values in the city, $9 to.... $2.50

Next Week, Lace Curtains. Every pair shown this season. NEW in grade, style, pattern and price. Prices range from $13.50 per pair down to..... 75c

Next Week, Ladies' Shirt Waists. Our stock of these useful and beautiful goods is acknowledged to be THE stock of this city.

Next Week, Shoes! Shoes!! Never before in Brainerd's history have GOOD SHOES been offered so cheap as we sell shoes. SHOES for Babies, per pair.... 25c
Shoes for Children, genuine Calfskin, solid, per pair..... $1.00
For Boy's, $1.45, and $1.25..... $1.00
For Ladies, $2.50, $2.00, $1.50 and at, per pair..... $1.25
For Misses', spring heel, at $2.50, $2.00, and..... $1.50
For Men, $2.50, $2, $1.50 and.. $1.00

Next Week, Tapestry Draperies In all the New Patterns.

Next Week, Umbrellas & Parasols. Our stock of Umbrellas and Parasols is the banner line this season. Our GLORIA.. extra value, steel frame, patent rib, new handles, only..... $1.00

Next Week, Dress Skirt. Ladies' Black Dress Skirt, Figured Brilliantine, only.... $1.00

Next Week, The strongest Stocking for Children, all sizes, per pair..... 10c

Next Week, A Big Assortment of Colored Laundried Front Spring and Summer Shirts, your choice for only..... 50c

SHOES! We have in our stock now the Largest, Finest, Best Wearing and Lowest Priced SHOES, and if you don't want to be a clam, open out from your shell of reserve, come in, and see for yourself. Try us. Bother us. Price us. Criticise us. We can stand it. We like it.

HENRY I. COHEN, Sleeper Block.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

The machinery for the new creamery arrived on Saturday last.

Will Bean is temporarily acting as secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

Miller's spears for sale at C. B. White's hardware store on Laurel street. tf.

Get a wheel at D. M. Clark's. Strictly high grade machines at low prices.

Frank E. Long Repertoire Co. will occupy the boards at Gardner Hall during the week of May 15.

F. W. McKay closed his grocery store on Saturday evening, having decided to retire from the business.

Uniform in the excellence of the material used in the Photographs from Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

The clerk of the court yesterday issued a marriage license to Frank Tomlinson and Myrtle Hutchinson of Ft. Ripley.

It is currently reported that the genial Geo. Moody has decided to permanently retire from the strawberry business.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas's Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

FOR SALE—80 acres of good farming land for sale cheap, 1½ miles south of Brainerd, for further particulars apply at this office.

The Brainerd & Northern Minnesota Railroad company have a crew of surveyors at work locating a branch line from Nary to Wolf lake.

J. F. Dykeman has been elected by Unity Lodge, No. 194, I. O. O. F. as a delegate to the grand lodge which meets at Minneapolis in June.

Hoffman's second ☛ store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

Mr. Geo. Woodling and Miss Polly Wood were united in marriage at Minneapolis on Thursday of last week. Both were former residents of this city.

So true to life! Perfectly natural! These are the comments of the people when looking at our enlarged portraits. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Invitations have been issued by Master Harry Patek to his young friends for a party to take place on on Saturday evening at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Patek.

Hereafter the stores will be closed on Monday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock, and Tuesday and Friday evenings at 6:30. On Saturday evenings and pay nights the stores will remain open.

The firm of Bane & Bane has been dissolved, W. W. Bane retiring. E. C. Bane will continue the business and his patrons will receive the same courteous treatment as heretofore accorded the customers of the old firm.

A party of lady friends numbering about twenty-five surprised Mrs. Chas. Metcalf at her home on 7th street Monday evening, the occasion being the anniversary of the lady's birthday. The visitors brought elegant refreshments and the evening was very pleasantly spent. As a token of their esteem and friendship the hostess was presented with a rare collection of house plants by the ladies present.

On Sunday evening the members of Unity Lodge, No. 194, celebrated the eightieth anniversary of the founding of the order of Odd Fellows by attending services at the First Congregational church, the sermon being delivered by Rev. G. W. Gallagher, who touched on the organization of the order and the advantages it has for the betterment of the lives of its members. The lodges of this order throughout the country celebrate the anniversary each year, the foundation having been laid April 26, 1819, at Baltimore, by Thomas Wildey.

At the next meeting of the city council a street commissioner and pound master will be elected.

The dance given by the Cycle Path Association takes place this evening at Gardner Hall.

On Monday evening May 8th, Rev. W. Burris will entertain an audience at the M. E. church. Views about London will be exhibited by a stereopticon and illustrated recitations will follow. An admission of 20 cents will be charged, children 10 cents.

Richard Schmalz, a brother of the man by the same name who killed his mother at Garrison some time ago, was before the probate court on Tuesday and adjudged insane. Sheriff Errickson and J. M. Crowell took him to Fergus Falls Tuesday night.

The Todd County Argus says Mrs. C. F. Miller, mother of Mrs. F. Abeling, who has been visiting her daughter for some weeks past, returned Thursday afternoon to her home in Brainerd. She will probably purchase a place in Long Prairie and make this her home in the future.

Rev. J. A. Johnson, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church, and his wife, were surprised on Friday evening last at their home by members of Mr. Johnson's congregation. The visitors brought refreshments and during the course of the evening presented their pastor with a purse of money.

Some thirty members of the local lodge of Odd Fellows went to Aitkin on Saturday last in company with the grand lodge officers and instituted an encampment at that place, with a charter membership of 16. The Brainerd boys were royally entertained during their visit, and returned Sunday noon.

Wm. Witham, who was wanted for connection with the robbery at Crawford & Donat's saloon some time ago, was arrested and brought to the city from Little Falls on Tuesday by Sheriff Erickson. Witham was brought before the municipal court this morning and waived examination, his bail being fixed at $500.

W. A. Fleming returned on Monday from his trip west, and has decided that Brainerd is a pretty good place to live in. He met many former Brainerd residents on his trip, and reports a delightful time, but thinks this section presents as many opportunities as the country which he visited, and has decided to remain here.

Geo. Alden, a boy twelve years old, was accidentally shot through the muscles of the right arm on Monday evening by Ray Miller. The boys were shooting at a mark on a telephone pole with a 22 calibre rifle on 8th street north, the Alden boy going to the pole to see where the bullet struck and stepped back away from it when the Miller boy shot again, the bullet going wide of the mark and struck his companion in the arm. The wound is not a serious one, but might have cost the lad his life.

W. H. Erb has received a copy of the Sprague, (Wash.,) Times which contains an announcement from J. E. Ireland, formerly of this city, to the effect that he has connected himself with that paper in the capacity of "printer's devil" and in the course of the article Mr. Ireland says: "It is often remarked blood will tell but I little supposed that assertion would be so truly and quickly verified in my own case, so that I should be known as 'the devil' in a little over one year after my coming among you."

For Memorial Day.

The general Memorial committee of Pap Thomas Post, No. 30, G. A. R., in arranging for the proper observance of Memorial Day, May 30, 1899, desires the co-operation of all civic and military bodies and organizations in the city. We believe that our object is a worthy one and that we have the sympathy of all classes in our effort to keep sacred the memory of our departed comrades and to arouse and strengthen the patriotism of our children, the future defenders of our country's honor. You are cordially invited to assist us by taking part in the parade exercises of that day. Kindly advise E. M. Paine, chief marshal of the day, as soon as possible if you will do so.

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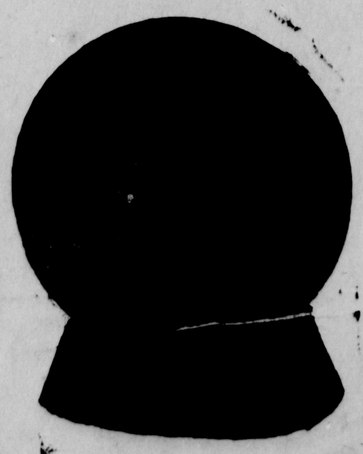
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Suits at $2.25 and..... $2.00
Fine Suits at $6 and..... $4.00
Long Pant Suits, the best values in the city, $9 to.... $2.50

Next Week,
Lace Curtains.
Every pair shown this season. NEW in grade, style, pattern and price. Prices range from $13.50 per pair down to..... 75c

Next Week,
Ladies' Shirt Waists.
Our stock of these useful and beautiful goods is acknowledged to be THE stock of this city.

Next Week,
Shoes! Shoes!!
Never before in Brainerd's history have GOOD SHOES been offered so cheap as we sell shoes. SHOES for Babies, per pair.... 25c
Shoes for Children, genuine Calfskin, solid, per pair..... $1.00
For Boy's, $1.45, and $1.25..... $1.00
For Ladies, $2.50, $2.00, $1.50 and at, per pair..... $1.25
For Misses', spring heel, at $2.50, $2.00, and..... $1.50
For Men, $2.50, $2, $1.50 and.. $1.00

Next Week,
Tapestry Draperies
In all the New Patterns.

Next Week,
Umbrellas & Parasols.
Our stock of Umbrellas and Parasols is the banner line this season. Our GLORIA.. extra value, steel frame, patent rib, new handles, only..... $1.00

Next Week,
Dress Skirt.
Ladies' Black Dress Skirt, Figured Brilliantine, only.... $1.00

Next Week,
The strongest Stocking for Children, all sizes, per pair..... 10c

Next Week,
A Big Assortment of Colored Laundried Front Spring and Summer Shirts, your choice for only..... 50c

SHOES!
We have in our stock now the Largest, Finest, Best Wearing and Lowest Priced SHOES, and if you don't want to be a clam, open out from your shell of reserve, come in, and see for yourself. Try us. Bother us. Price us. Criticise us. We can stand it. We like it.

HENRY I. COHEN,
Sleeper Block.